The Times

XVIITH YEAR. PRICE { SINGLE PART—FOURTEEN PAGES AT THE OFFICE COUNTER..... } 3 CENTS. LOS ANGELES TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 1, 1898. ON STREETS AND TRAINS AT ALL NEWS AGENCIES } 5 CENTS

THEATERS—

With Dates of Events.

LOS ANGELES THEATER— C. M. WOOD, Lessee and Treas. H. C. WYATT, Manager.
TONIGHT and TOMORROW NIGHT—Wednesday Matinee.
MAHARA'S MAMMOTH COLORED MINSTRELS.
A Hot Bunch of Singers, Dancers, Jubilee Singers, Buzzard Dancers, Buck and Wing Dancers. Seats now on Sale.
Big Sensational Street Parade AT 11:30 A.M.
Fun Makers, Cake Walks, Camp Meeting, Concert Orchestra. Telephone Main 70.
Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.

ORPHEUM— Los Angeles' Society Vaudeville Theater.
TONIGHT. TONIGHT.
Paulo and Dika—From the Folies Bergeres, Paris—Eccentric Vocalists. Barney and Russell—Novelty Character Sketch Artists. Maude Beall Price—Double-Voiced Vocalist and Monologue Entertainer. Dan Crimmins and Rosa Gore—"What Are the Wild Waves Saying?" Last week of Rombello, Novelty Sand Painter; Farnum Bros., Acrobats. Big Hit and Last Week of Patrice and Her Company, in "A New Year's Dream." Prices Never Changing—Evening, reserved seats, 25 and 50c; gallery 10c. Regular Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. Tel. Main 1447.

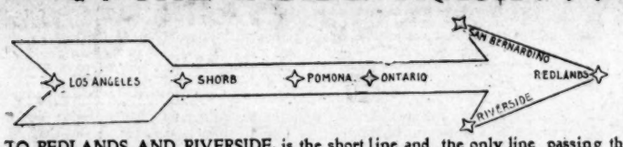
BURBANK THEATER— JOHN C. FISHER, Manager.
(The Only Theater in the city with Heating Facilities.)
Tonight and every night this week
The Ellefords supporting Miss Jessie Norton
In the great nautical melodrama and specialties. "THE STOWAWAY." New company, new play, new scenery, new songs
Prices—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. Telephone Main 1270.

LOS ANGELES THEATER— C. M. WOOD, Lessee and Treas. H. C. WYATT, Manager.
Next Attraction—The Funniest of Them All—Rich & Harris's perfect production of John J. McNally's greatest comedy success,
COURTED INTO COURT.
The perfect cast of farceurs includes MARIE DRESSLER and JOHN C. RICE and a supporting company of comedy players never duplicated.
Seats now on sale. Prices 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.

EXTRA—LOS ANGELES THEATER—EXTRA.
REAPPEARANCE OF THE ORIGINAL BOSTONIANS.
All the Old Favorites—FEBRUARY 7, 8, 9 and 10—Wednesday Matinee.
REPERTOIRE—Monday, Tuesday Nights, Wednesday Matinee and Thursday Night, Victor Hurbert's Light Opera, THE SERENADE. Wednesday Night, ROBIN HOOD
Sale of seats and boxes commences Thursday, February 3. Telephone Main 70.

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THEIR EXCELLENCES ARE KNOWN—
EQUIPMENT UNRIVALLED.
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Leaves Los Angeles 10:30 a.m. Tuesday and Friday. Runs through to St. Louis and Chicago.
Sunset Limited Annex
El Paso to New Orleans, Washington and New York. Tuesday and Friday from Los Angeles, Wednesday and Saturday from El Paso. Continuous dining-car service and through sleeping-cars San Francisco to New Orleans.
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Ticket Office, 229 South Spring Street.

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1 hour 30 minutes—Drive or street-car ride on Magnolia ave.
Lv Riverside 11:45 a.m.
Ar San Bernardino 12:22 p.m.
Ar Redlands 12:30 p.m.
1 hour 45 minutes—Lunch and drive to Smiley Heights.
Lv Redlands 2:35 p.m.
Ar Los Angeles 4:50 p.m.
Or Lv Redlands 6:40 p.m.
Ar Los Angeles 9:20 p.m.

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Ticket Office—229 South Spring Street.

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Runs Every Other Day
Leaves Los Angeles 8:00 a.m. Sunday, Tuesday and Friday.
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Arrive Kansas City.. 6:10 p.m. Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday.
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Arrive Chicago..... 9:43 a.m. Wednesday, Friday and Monday.
This splendid train is for first-class travel only, but there is no extra charge beyond the regular ticket and sleeping-car rate. Dining-cars serve breakfast leaving Los Angeles. Vestibuled and electric lighted. All the luxuries of modern travel.

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In addition to the regular train service the Santa Fe runs on every Tuesday a special express train, taking in Redlands, Riverside and the beauties of Santa Ana Canyon. Leaves Los Angeles at 9 a.m.; leaves Pasadena 9:25 a.m. Returning arrives at Los Angeles at 6:25 p.m., Pasadena 6:50 p.m., giving two hours stop at both Redlands and Riverside.
THE OBSERVATION CAR
On this train affords pleasant opportunity for seeing the sights.

San Diego and Coronado Beach.
The most beautiful spot in the world.
Two daily trains, carrying parlor cars, make the run in about four hours from Los Angeles, and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights the Coronado Special will run. The ride is delightful, carrying you for seventy miles along the Pacific Ocean beach.
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Echo Mountain House, strictly first-class. Guests remaining one week or longer allowed refund of ticket rate and "free" daily transportation between Los Angeles, Pasadena and Echo Mountain.
Office 214 S Spring St. Telephone Main 960.

HAWAII AND JAPAN—Special Select Parties. Leave San Francisco
Feb. 23 and March 23. For Programme address THOS. COOK & SON,
HUGH B. RICE, Agent. 122 W. Second St., Los Angeles.

AMUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS—
With Dates of Events.

MUSIC HALL— Spring St. bet. Second and Third Sts. Next to Los Angeles Theater.
Tuesday Afternoon, Feb. 1, at 3:30, first popular concert given by the LOS ANGELES SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA,
Harley Hamilton, conductor. Tickets 25c., on sale at music stores

OSTRICH FARM—South Pasadena—
Open Daily. NEARLY 100 GIGANTIC BIRDS.
An immense assortment of Tips, Plumes, Boas and Capes for sale direct from the producers. No agency in Los Angeles. Car fare only 10c.

IN JEOPARDY.

Free-Harbor Proposals Tampered With.

Clause Making It Possible to Annul Contracts Inserted.

The Sundry Civil Bill May Not Contain Appropriation.

Congressman Barlow Introduces a Resolution Calling on Secretary Alger for an Explanation—Says It is a Conspiracy.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] In the nick of time what is said to be a conspiracy has been detected, whereby the work on San Pedro Harbor was to be held back a year, giving time for the renewal of efforts to divert the improvement to the wharf at Port Los Angeles (Santa Monica.) The conspiracy was a very cunning one. If it had not been detected for a few days, it would have been successful, and it may yet succeed. The facts are as follows:

In pursuance of the terms of the River and Harbor Bill of 1896, a board of five members was appointed to examine personally Santa Monica and San Pedro and judge between them for a deep-water harbor. The decision of the majority was to be final. The board was to make plans, specifications and estimates covering the cost of $2,902,000. Congress authorized this sum at a rate of not more than $400,000 annually. Secretary Alger, who opposed San Pedro, declared the act was not mandatory, and declined for a time to advertise for bids. Finally he did so. The bids will be opened at San Francisco February 10, 1898. The specifications for bidders, prepared in the usual form by Gen. Wilson, Chief of Engineers, and sent to Secretary Alger, when returned had a clause inserted providing that if no appropriation were made by Congress for work in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1899, the contracts would all be void.

This unprecedented clause slipped notice till Representative Barlow discovered it, and today he went to Representative Cannon, chairman of the Appropriations Committee of the House, which has charge of the Sundry Civil Bill in which the appropriation must be made, asking for the assurance that at least a part of the $400,000 recommended in the treasury estimates be included. Mr. Cannon declared he was unable to give assurance at present, but said the bill would be reported to the House within ten days. But this will be before the bids are opened on February 10, hence it is said the bill naturally will not provide for San Pedro. Once the bill is reported to the House it is impossible to get new legislation on it except by action of the Senate, where the Southern Pacific will bring great influence to bear against it.

Representative Barlow believes the whole thing a deliberate conspiracy. He today introduced the following resolution:

"Whereas, the proposals and specifications of the Secretary of War for bids for the improvement and development of a deep-water harbor at San Pedro, Cal., differ materially from other proposals for bids and specifications prepared by the War Department for work on other public works of like character, in that they provide for the annulment of the contract in said case under conditions that are new and without precedent, therefore be it

"Resolved, that the Secretary of War be and he is hereby directed, to inform the House of the reason for the insertion of paragraph number 72 in said proposals, which reads as follows: 'Annulment of contract. If no appropriation is made by Congress for this work for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1899, any contract entered into under these specifications shall be annulled.'"

Representative Barlow said:

"The whole thing is a deliberate attempt to delay or wreck San Pedro Harbor. We have been working for this for eight years, and have had four commissions inspect the site. All decided in favor of San Pedro. Now the Southern Pacific has influence enough to have somebody in the Secretary of War's office alter the specifications prepared by the Chief of Engineers and endanger the work. Matters are now so arranged that the House committee has a good excuse to leave the project out of the bill, on the ground that the bids are not yet opened.

"If this is done, the whole thing fails for another year, and several thousand dollars for advertising for bids will have to be spent over again. If the House would appropriate even $1 for the purpose, the contracts could be made, but it is just what the Santa Monica people wish prevented."

MARRIOTT.

WANTS ASKIN ARRESTED.

Marion Manola Mason Claims He Abducted Her Daughter.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

ATLANTA (Ga.,) Jan. 31.—A special to the Constitution from Savannah, Ga., says Marion Manola Mason, the operatic star, wired to the police authorities in New York today, asking them to arrest Harry Askin, late manager of the Manola Mason Theatrical Company, and to hold him until she could come on to New York.

Askin and his wife left Savannah Sunday night on the steamer City of Augusta, and should arrive in New York tonight or tomorrow morning. Mrs. Mason claims Askin has abducted her daughter, obtaining her consent to go with him by making her believe that she was a talented actress and promising her he would make a star of her. For the past three years Adeline Mason has been her mother's understudy. She is said to be engaged to Charles Dana Burrows, a nephew of Thomas B. Reed, the Speaker of the House of Representatives. She is 18 years old.

SIGNS OF PROSPERITY.

PETITIONS AGAINST ANY BANKRUPTCY LEGISLATION.

The People Contend That the Country is So Prosperous There is No Need to Interfere With Present Business Arrangements.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] One of the most significant evidences of the era of prosperity is that offered by petitions now being showered upon Congressmen from the Middle States, protesting against the passage of any bankruptcy legislation. The most remarkable phase of the case is that the present petitions are signed by those who put their names to petitions urging action for such a bill last year. Where at that time there was seemingly a universal demand for the passage of the bill, there is now anxiety that nothing be done to alter conditions.

Congressman Broderick of Kansas, member of the House Judiciary Committee, said today that members of the committee had received many petitions against the passage of the bill, but could not satisfactorily explain the cause for the change of popular sentiment. The printed forms being used say there is no call for such legislation, that the country is so prosperous and promises to be so much better that there is no occasion to interfere with any arrangements between debtor and creditor that may be made under present laws. The latter opinion prevails here, but nevertheless the bill will be reported when the appropriation bills shall be out of the way.

OF INTEREST TO US.

Patents to Californians—Pensions and Postmasters.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Patents were granted to California inventors today as follows:

Martin V. Shaff, Los Angeles, photographic background-carrier; Eric A. Starke, San Rafael, purifying and refining California petroleum oils; John S. Ord, Aptos, pitman connection for cutting mechanism for mowers; William B. Heywood, Gualala, safety fender for street cars; William B. Heywood and W. H. Heywood, Gualala, automatic car-fender; Andrew S. Halladie, San Francisco, device for transporting and weighing cane; Harriett J. Delzell, Jackson, miner's lantern.

Lorenzo D. Custer was today commissioned postmaster at Temescal, Cal.

Pensions were granted to Californians today as follows:

(Ten years' service.) Ah Chow, Vallejo, $8; Wilbur M. Sturtevant, Sierra Madre, $8; Abraham H. Miller, Los Angeles, $12; Davis M. Clark, Santa Monica, $11.75; Sarah M. Utt, Pala, $20; Alfred C. Johnson, Cottonwood, $12; William C. Gray, Nevada City, $8 to $12; Cornelius Sullivan, Soldiers' Home, Los Angeles, $6 to $8; Lucy Chandler, North Ontario, $8; Noah M. March, Oakland, $8; Roanna A. Edwards, Pasadena, $8; Annie Lamb, Oakland, $8; Nellie A. Osgood, Oakland, $8.

BLAND-ALLISON ACT.

Friendly Suit at Detroit to Test Its Constitutionality.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

DETROIT (Mich.,) Jan. 31.—A friendly suit in chancery was begun today in the Circuit Court at Pontiac to determine the constitutionality of the Bland-Allison silver act of 1878. Stephen Baldwin, a Detroit capitalist, purchased some land upon which there is a mortgage held by Fred A. Baker, chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee.

Mr. Baldwin tendered 364 silver dollars in payment of the amount due on the mortgage. Mr. Baker declined to accept silver dollars unless enough of them were tendered to equal at the present bullion value of silver 364 gold dollars. Accordingly suit was begun to obtain a decree compelling Chairman Baker to cancel the mortgage and accept the tender made.

Ex-Congressman Timothy E. Tarsney is the complainant's attorney, and all the parties are prominent silver men and will carry the case to the United States Supreme Court in any event.

Moors Defeat Britishers.

TANGIERS, Jan. 31.—The British steamer Tourmalin, it is officially announced, while attempting to land arms and stores on the coast of Morocco, was intercepted by the Hassani, whereupon she opened fire. The Hassani reciprocated and captured one of the ship's boats with three Englishmen. The Moorish troops then demolished the villages favorable to foreigners, killing numbers of the inhabitants.

Combination of Paper Dealers.

ALBANY (N. Y.,) Jan. 31.—The International Paper Company of Corinth, Saratoga county, N. Y., a combination of all the big firms in the country, filed articles of incorporation today with a capital of $45,000,000.

VERY SMOOTH.

Still More of Boyce's Crookedness.

Absconding Lessee of a New York Apartment House.

His Employees and Lessor Out Large Sums.

The Bribery Investigation at Columbus Develops Nothing New. The Committee Expected to Finish Its Work This Week.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

COLUMBUS (O.,) Jan. 31.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Senate committee this evening resumed the investigation of the alleged attempt to bribe Representative J. C. Otis. Col. T. C. Campbell of Cincinnati was on the stand. He merely satisfied the committee as to his relations with Senator Hanna and Mr. Otis, which really proved to be immaterial. No reference was made in the examination to "Gen." Boyce.

An evening paper publishes a story from New York City, which tells of further crookedness by Boyce there as the absconding lessee of the Hoffman apartment house in Twenty-sixth street. It seems that Boyce came directly from the Hoffman to this city to do his work in the Senatorial election. When he left, the employés of the House were all in arrears with their wages and the owner of the building, a Mrs. Todd, is out a considerable sum by his running away. She has taken charge of the place herself and will try to redeem her losses with the property.

C. C. Shane, the wealthy merchant of New York whom Boyce gave here as business reference, knows him only as an occasional customer. He denies that he ever discussed the Ohio Senatorial matter with either Boyce or President McKinley. However, Henry Harris, an author, who knew both Shane and Boyce, says Shane told him several days ago that he had loaned Boyce $100 with which to go to Cincinnati.

DRAWING TO A CLOSE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

COLUMBUS (O.,) Jan. 31.—The investigation into the alleged attempt to bribe Representative Otis to vote for Senator Hanna during the late Senatorial contest is rapidly drawing to an end. The committee held a brief session after the Senate adjourned this evening. Only one witness was examined, and the crowd of spectators who had gathered was somewhat disappointed. It is believed that the committee will complete its work this week.

CONFESSED HIS CRIME.

A Double Murderer in Iowa in Danger of Lynching.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

BURLINGTON (Iowa,) Jan. 31.—Abel Storms has confessed to the murder of Mrs. Fannie Rathburn and her daughter, Mary. The confession was made to Chief of Police Greiner and the County Attorney. Storms says he committed the deed Sunday night, January 25. He killed the mother in the cellar. Then he enticed the little girl into the bedroom above and, after a struggle to outrage her, cut her throat. Storms was taken to the morgue, although he begged not to see the bodies of his victims. He turned sickly pale and trembled violently when he gazed upon his victims.

WILL SHOOT LYNCHERS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

BURLINGTON (Iowa,) Jan. 31.—Storms and Cox, an alleged accomplice, are now locked up in the County Jail and strongly guarded by deputies, armed with Winchesters. Sheriff Smith has issued a proclamation to the effect that any attempt to break into the jail and lynch Storms will be met with summary treatment by the deputies, who will not hesitate to shoot. All is quiet tonight, though threats of lynching were made during the afternoon.

Storm's mother was in Burlington today. She is a fine-looking, intelligent woman, and was much horrified by her son's predicament. She exclaimed, when first hearing of the murder: "The man who did that deed ought to be hanged, no matter if he is my son."

Cox is held as an accessory to the crime, but he has not confessed. His preliminary hearing is set for Wednesday.

BANK FAILS.

Assets Largely in Excess of the Liabilities.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

LARIMORE (N. D.,) Jan. 31.—The First National Bank of this city did not open its doors today. The bank has not been in easy condition for some time, owing to slow collections. During the last sixty days there have been withdrawals of deposits amounting to $60,000. Strenuous efforts have been made to meet the demands, but as there was no prospect of relief the board of directors unanimously agreed to close.

The assets of the bank are said to be largely in excess of the liabilities. The bank has a capital of $50,000, and on December 16 last it owed depositors $71,754. Bank Examiner Enheyser has been placed in charge.

Bismarck's Son Fights a Duel.

BERLIN, Jan. 31.—The Lokal Anzieger confirms the report of a duel between Count William Bismarck, president of East Prussia, and second son of Prince Bismarck, and Herr Maubach, Chief Counsellor. The encounter grew out of a disrespectful allusion by Herr Maucah to Countess William Bismarck.

KILLED DEAD.

Teller's Resolution Flat as a Pancake.

House Republicans Fall Upon It With Violence.

Even Speaker Reed Has His Name Called to Vote.

Many Senators Present to Listen to the Arguments — Mr. Dingley Leads the Opposition—Representative Rhea Hissed—The Senate.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The House today buried the Teller resolution declaring the bonds of the United States payable in silver under an adverse majority of fifty votes. The Republicans were solidly arrayed in opposition, with two exceptions, Mr. Linney of North Carolina, who voted with the Democrats and Populists, and Mr. White of North Carolina, the only colored member of the House, who answered "present" when his name was called. The desertions from the Democratic side were Mr. McAleer of Pennsylvania and Mr. Elliott of South Carolina. Both voted with the Republicans against the proposition.

Speaker Reed, although it is not customary for him to vote, had his name called, and, amid the cheers of his followers, went on record in opposition to the resolution.

The vote was reached, after five hours of debate under a special order adopted at the opening of the session today. The limited time allowed for debate and the pressure of members for an opportunity to be heard was so great that the leaders on both sides were compelled to farm out the time by minutes. This distracted much from the continuity of the discussion, but it also, in a measure, intensified the interest in the galleries, which were crowded all day, and the combatants on the floor were cheered by their respective sympathizers. Many of the Senators from the other end of the Capitol were also present to listen to the arguments.

The majority, under the leadership of Mr. Dingley, who made a carefully-prepared speech sounding the keynote of the opposition, assumed the position that the last clause of the resolution was in reality a disguised declaration for the free coinage of silver, while the assaulting Democrats, under the direction of Mr. Bailey, maintained that the defeat of the resolution was another step in the direction in the establishment of the gold standard, to which they alleged both the President and Secretary Gage had irrevocably committed the Republican party. The debate was at times fast and heated, but there were no sensational incidents beyond the hissing of Mr. Rhea of Kentucky, when he said that, as the author of the "crime of '73" the hottest place in hades would be reserved for the present Secretary of State. The vote on the resolution was: Yeas, 132; nays, 182.

Today's session of the Senate lasted six hours; two of the general appropriation bills, that for the army, carrying $23,243,492, and that for Legislative, Judicial and Executive departments, carrying $21,658,520, were passed, the latter, consisting of 121 pages, occupying the attention of the Senate during the greater part of the session. After a brief executive session, the Senate adjourned.

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

REGULAR SESSION.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—SENATE. John F. McLaurin was sworn in as a Senator from South Carolina, to fill the unexpired term of the late Senator Earle, ending March 4, 1903.

Mr. Turpie of Indiana presented an amendment to the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation Bill, providing that in the proposed reduction of the force of the pension office, honorably-discharged soldiers and sailors, or their widows and daughters, holding positions in that bureau, shall be protected. The amendment was referred to the Appropriations Committee.

Mr. Gallinger of New Hampshire, chairman of the Pension Committee, reported adversely the bill introduced by Mr. Allen of Nebraska, providing that all pensioners now receiving less than $10 a month receive that amount, after the bill's passage. Mr. Gallinger said that the whole number of pensioners affected by the proposed bill was 468,453, and that the total increase in pensions would aggregate $15,286,000. The bill was placed on the calendar.

The Agricultural Appropriation Bill was reported by Mr. Cullom of Illinois and placed on the calendar.

Mr. Foraker secured the adoption of a resolution instructing the Secretary of War to return to the State of Ohio the regimental flags of the Twenty-first, Twenty-eighth and Sixtieth regiments, Ohio Volunteers, under the request of the Governor of Ohio.

Mr. Morgan of Alabama presented a resolution, which he asked should lie on the table, requesting the President, if in his opinion it was not inconsistent with the public service, to send to the Senate the correspondence and notes of diplomatic character relating to the negotiations and to the exchange of ratifications upon a treaty between the United States and Great Britain relating to compensation for the seizure of British ships in the Bering Sea, and also the instructions and advice given by the State Department to the agent or attorney of the United States as to the conduct of the arbitration. At the request of Mr. Carter, chairman of the Census Committee, the pending Census Bill was made the unfinished business.

Mr. Pettigrew of South Dakota gave notice that he would tomorrow speak upon his resolution declaring it to be the policy of the United States not to acquire territory to defend which a navy would be required.

Mr. Hale anticipated, he said, that the proposed speech of the Senator from South Dakota would trench upon

Points of the News in Today's Times.

SUMMARY.

	No. of Words.	No. of Cols.
Associated Press night report, including commercial, 14,800 words; Times exclusive dispatches, 1645 words; day report, 10,500 words—total.	26,945	24

The City—Pages 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 14.

Sudden death of T. D. Stimson....Reinstatement of Miss Owen enrages the whitewashed member of the school board....Important meeting of First Methodist Church....Prof. Rehde fired from Brother Pitman's church....Report of the Water Supply Committee. Annual statement of the water company....New Park Commissioner appointed....Violation of law sanctioned by the Mayor...Merchants' Association appoints committees....Hoodlum drives a stolen horse to death....Man killed by Santa Monica car identified....Witnesses in Bird case purged of contempt. Suit against Southern Pacific....Charles Newlin's futile effort to get out of jail. Hilton's slayers in court....Bill posters throw a boomerang in the Council....More rapid firing at Whittier....Burglars with influential relations let down easy....Complaints against nine saloonkeepers....Three men hurt by falling glass....Juan Orasco arrested for the murder of his wife.

Southern California—Page 13.

Suicide at Santa Monica....Electric-light workman badly beaten at Santa Ana....Tobacco industry in San Diego county....Swindler caught at Santa Barbara....Pasadena City Trustees meet....Serious runaway accident near Ventura....Miner found dead in the Salton district....Copper company files letters of incorporation at San Bernardino.

By Cable—Pages 1, 2, 3.

Russia rushing troops to China..Italy denies that she bribed Dreyfus..Cricket at Melbourne...British engineers working again....Ruiz's body in state...Associated Press wins a victory in London....Moors defeat Britishers...Prince Bismarck improving....Plot to kill the Shah....New cable line to the West Indies....Count Bismarck in a duel. Hurricane in Austria.

Financial and Commercial—Page 12.

Wheat weak at San Francisco—Conditions more favorable for a decline at Chicago....Stock market more active at New York....Americans booming at London....Cattle, oil, copper, silver and lead....Receipts and quotations on San Francisco produce....Mark Lane Express review of European wheat fields. California dried fruits firm.

At Large—Pages 1, 2, 3.

Dispatches were also received from Columbus, O.; New York, Chicago, Omaha, London, Madrid, Manchester, Eng.; Columbus, Ind.; Washington, San Francisco, Denver and other places.

Pacific Coast—Pages 2, 3.

Government relief expedition ready to start for Dawson—More steamers en route—Another rich strike made....Another rainfall begins....Decision at San Francisco affecting a Chinese play. Insurance companies ignore the commission's order....Fatal joke at Mokelumne Hill....Miner killed at Angels Camp....Pegos Valley road extension. Alchemist hunting for the real article in Arizona....Church troubles in court at Stockton....Sacramento Police Court abolished....Efforts of Jews to repossess Palestine....Quick shooting in Oregon....High mass for rain at San José. Sacramento man sent up for false swearing....Quarrel ends in a murder in Washington....Stockton typos declare for Hawaiian annexation....Cattle in Monterey county starving to death....Jury panel exhausted in the Figel case....Chinaman killed at San José....Stockton man mysteriously assaulted....Petaluma woman burned to death....Prof. Jordan reports on the fur seals....Indian question settled at Seattle....Stockton school question decided....Editor Shortridge much improved....Attorney Carpenter held on a second charge of grand larceny. Good racing at Ingleside....American syndicate gets big concessions in Honduras.

General Eastern—Pages 1, 2, 3.

Teller's resolution killed in the House—Senate passes the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation Bill. Striking mill hands leaving New England....Newfoundlanders freezing and starving....Bicyclist Miller's ambition. Cuban sympathizers in France....Prospects for the Nicaraguan Canal....Battleship Indiana again disabled....Warships to be sent to Samoa....Dunkards dying in Palestine....Civil Service Commission deranks Chicago police....Iowa double murderer confesses his crime. Chairman Harrity not removed...North Dakota bank failure....Edison tries his airship....Formal termination of the Union Pacific receivership....New York Assemblyman demands resignation of Senator Murphy....Sales of bonds at New York beat all records. More of Boyce's rascality disclosed. Blizzard in New York....People petition against any bankruptcy legislation....Strong anti-trust bill introduced in the House at Washington....Boston merchant and wife arrested for embezzlement.

a matter properly being considered by the Senate in executive session. If it should so trench, it would be a violation of the Senate rules, and he wanted it understood that an objection would be raised.

Mr. Pettigrew said he thought it would be time enough to object when it became evident that he was violating the Senate rules.

Mr. Chandler gave notice that next Friday, at the conclusion of the morning business, he would move to take up the case relating to the seating of Mr. Corbett as a Senator from Oregon.

Mr. Foraker called up the bill providing under certain conditions for the purchase by the government of the Kansas Pacific branch of the Union Pacific Railroad, and asked that it be considered at once.

Mr. Thurston offered the following amendment to the bill: "In case the Kansas Pacific division of the Union Pacific Railroad shall be purchased for the United States, that the President may in his discretion sell the railroad and property so purchased for a sum not less than the full amount paid out by the United States to purchase the railroad and property.

"The Secretary of the Treasury shall, under the direction of the President, make, execute and deliver to the purchaser or purchasers of said railroad and said property a conveyance in writing, but not under seal, which conveyances shall vest in said purchaser or purchasers all the rights, title and interest of the United States in and to the property therein described."

Mr. Turpie of Indiana offered to the amendment an amendment providing that "in no case shall the sale be made for a less sum than the original claim and interest due thereon." In view of Mr. Turpie's amendment, Mr. Foraker withdrew his request for immediate consideration.

Upon motion of Mr. Quay the Army Appropriation Bill was then laid before the Senate. The bill, after being slightly amended, was passed, carrying $23,143,492.

On motion of Mr. Cullom of Illinois the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation Bill was laid before the Senate. As it came from the House, the bill carried $21,476,245, and as reported to the Senate it carried $21,629,300, an increase of $153,055. The bill carries $713,986 less than the estimates, and $90,266 less than the appropriation for 1898.

During the consideration of the bill Mr. Turpie secured the adoption of an amendment providing that in any reductions made in the force of the pension office, the commissioner shall retain in the service by preference such employés as may be honorably-discharged soldiers and sailors or their widows and daughters.

Mr. Cockrell did not believe the condition of the pension office warranted such a reduction of force as had been suggested, and said that if, after the reduction was made, an effort should be made to increase the force, there would be "some amusement over it."

Mr. Platt of Connecticut commended the work of the Commissioner of Pensions, and thought from his statements before the Committee on Civil Service that retrenchment was made with a sincere desire to better the service of his bureau.

The reading of the bill occupied about three hours, its consideration being concluded at 5:45 p.m. Amendments adding $29,000 to the total amount carried by the measure as reported to the Senate were adopted.

The bill was passed, and at 5:50 p.m., on motion of Mr. Quay, the Senate went into executive session and soon thereafter adjourned.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

HOUSE.—There was a great deal of activity among the leaders on both sides before the House met today, in anticipation of a very exciting debate over the Teller resolution, declaring the bonds of the United States payable in gold or silver, at the option of the government, which those in control had decided to defeat before sundown tonight. The members on both sides were notified in advance, and the attendance was very large. The struggle opened immediately after the reading of the Journal, when Mr. Dingley (Rep.) of Maine, chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, reported back the resolution with the recommendation that it do not pass.

Mr. Henderson of Iowa, one of the leaders of the majority, followed this by presenting the special order agreed on by the Committee on Rules, providing for the immediate consideration of the resolution and a vote without intervening motion at 5 o'clock today. The rule was as follows:

"Resolved, that immediately upon the adoption of this resolution, the House shall proceed to the consideration of the Senate concurrent resolution No. 22, (the Teller resolution;) that general debate shall be had thereon until the hour of 5 o'clock, at which time, without any intervening motion, a vote shall be taken upon the passage of said resolution. General leave to print upon the subject of said resolution for five days from this date is hereby granted."

Mr. Henderson yielded a moment to Mr. Bailey, the Democratic leader, who said that while the minority strenuously opposed the undue limitation of the debate proposed by the rule, still, as his side desired as much time as possible for debate, they would not consume on a roll call any of the time allowed.

Mr. Wheeler (Dem.) of Alabama and Mr. de Armond (Dem.) of Missouri protested vigorously, however, and the latter said that if he had an opportunity he would propose a Cuban belligerency amendment.

To this suggestion, Speaker Reed retorted curtly that it would not be in order, and when Mr. de Armond appealed to him not to decide the question hastily, the Speaker exclaimed: "That is not in order."

During this colloquy there were evidences of disturbances and excitement on the Republican side, Mr. Johnson (Rep.) being the center. At last Mr. Johnson insisted upon asking a question of Mr. Henderson. He wanted to know with emphasis whether it was true that all the time was to be consumed by the members of the Ways and Means Committee.

"Therei s no such proposition," called out Mr. Dalzell (Rep.) of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Johnson did not subside and continued to protest, declaring loudly that he antagonized the rule if such was the intention. He had a wordy war with Mr. Dingley, but in a tone that could not be heard in the confusion. The Speaker cut off further incident by putting the question, and the rule was adopted by 143 to 115, the Democrats refraining from demanding a roll-call.

There followed a controversy over the division of time. To suggestions that time should be divided between Democrats, Populists and Republicans, Mr. Dingley retorted: "I was not aware there was any distinction between the Populists and Democrats as at present constituted." He said time would be equally divided between those for and against the resolution.

Mr. Dingley then opened the debate in opposition to the resolution. The pending resolution, he said, was not one which, if passed by both houses, would have force. If passed, it would only be an expression of the two houses.

"Its importance, therefore," continued Mr. Dingley, "lies in the fact that if concurred in by the House, it would legitimately and inevitably be regarded not only here, but by the world, as the expression of the deliberate majority of the American people to their standard of honor and good faith in the discharge not only of national, but also of private obligations.

"This resolution is presented for the purpose of securing an expression by Congress as to the power of the government, either as to the payment of its obligations or as to what may be declared legal tender. No one denies that this or any other nation has the power to pay in gold or silver or paper or copper, according to their pleasure. Payment cannot be enforced against a sovereign nation. Its obligations are measured by its own sense of honor and good faith. The intelligent selfishness of a nation which is to live not simply for a generation, but for centuries, ought to lead it—and whenever a nation is wisely governed, does lead it—to so scrupulously maintain its pledges in both letter and spirit as to preserve its credit untarnished, and thereby not only make it possible to borrow at the lowest rate of interest, but also to make it easy to obtain loans in exigencies, which are sooner or later to come to every nation. Honor and credit are its title deed to permanence and prosperity.

"The dishonor of the pending resolution is its tail. That sting, well-nigh harmless twenty years ago, under conditions then existing, is doubly harmful under the conditions of today. The tail of this resolution is as follows: 'Silver coins are tenderable in payment of the bonds of the United States, and this is not in violation of our faith or in derogation of the rights of the public creditor.'

The declarations of the movers and supporters of this resolution in the Senate during its recent consideration in that body, throw a flood of light on what is meant now by the 'craze' to restore the free coinage of silver.

"This brings me," proceeded Mr. Dingley, "to the consideration of the vital question as to whether the government has the moral right; in other words, whether it would be an act which the moral sense of the world would regard as in accordance with honor and good faith for the United States to pay its outstanding bonded indebtedness in dollars of so materially less value than the dollar which has been the practical standard of value since 1834, barring the war and reconstruction period, and which has been the legal and practical standard of value since 1879, and the dollar in which our bonded indebtedness has been paid thus far, paid by every administration from Lincoln to McKinley, to-wit, the dollar equal in value to 25.8 grains of standard gold. (Applause.)

"Bear in mind that we are discussing this question from the point of honor and good faith, and not from the point of power or technical legal rights, for I have already said that the government can do as it pleases. More than three-fourths of the outstanding bonds were, as a matter of fact, issued and sold after 1878, when the silver dollar was dropped from the list of coins. Now, in view of these facts, would it be good faith for Congress, now that silver has so greatly depreciated, to restore its free and unlimited coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1, by this country alone, when the market ratio is 33 to 1, and then use such dollars to pay the bonds which we had sold for gold under such circumstances? I do not think it would.

"I fear that many of you are resting on the expectation which you have that nothing of this kind will be done, and are excusing your vote for it on the unworthy idea that you are 'playing politics.' If so, I beg of you not to trifle with the honor and good faith of the nation for any such miserable end; for, rest assured, such an expression of opinion as to the sense of honor of the people of this country, contemplated by this resolution, under existing conditions, would seriously injure the credit of the country and tend to weaken reviving confidence.

"It is, I believe, (as does every scientific bimetallist in the world outside of politics) that 16 to 1, free and unlimited silver, by this country would make the United States a silver monometallic country, like Mexico and China, and would give us a silver basis that would obstruct our trade with gold-standard countries that now take 90 per cent. of our exports, and prove a serious menace to our progress; and because I believe that it would seriously injure our credit and standing as a nation, I appeal to the gentlemen on this side of the House to maintain the pledge which the Republican party made at St. Louis to keep all our currency, whether silver or paper, as good as gold and preserve the public faith and credit; and to the gentlemen on the other side to maintain the standard of value which Jackson's administration gave the country sixty-four years ago, and the honor and good faith of the nation so carefully preserved by the father of the Democratic party, and to take the opportunity offered by the resolution now before the House to show the country and the world that the good name of the nation is safe in our hands." [Prolonged Republican applause.]

After the outburst of applause, which greeted the close of Mr. Dingley's speech, had subsided, Mr. Bailey was recognized for an hour. He first yielded twenty minutes to Mr. Wheeler (Dem.) of Alabama, a member of the Ways and Means Committee, who submitted an argument in support of the resolution. Before closing, Mr. Wheeler yielded a minute each to half a dozen members of the Democratic side, each of whom, as Mr. Cowherd (Dem.) of Missouri said, erected a hook on which to hang a speech in the Congressional Record.

Mr. Dockery (Dem.) of Missouri declared that the efforts of the present Secretary of the Treasury to more firmly establish the gold standard would vacate many seats on the Republican side.

The appearance of Mr. Bland of Bland-dollar fame, to whom Mr. Bailey yielded ten minutes, was greeted with applause. The course of the President and Secretary Gage, Mr. Bland said, in pressing the gold standard upon the country, had driven the bimetallists in Congress to introduce and insist upon the passage of this resolution. Yet, he said, Mr. Dingley charged the minority with playing politics. Every Republican who voted against the resolution voted against the St. Louis platform and voted against the coinage of silver in any form. No one disputed the law, he said. No one denied it. Silver was a full legal-tender. But every Republican vote against the resolution would declare that silver was not fit to pay the public debt with. Silver would then, in truth, become subsidiary coin.

Mr. Bland created great applause on the Democratic side by reading from the record the votes of Messrs. Hopkins, Grosvenor and other prominent Republicans against the bill to pay the bonds of the United States in gold, which was voted upon in the last Congress at the time the last administration negotiated the $260,000,000 loan. Mr. Grosvenor, on that occasion, he said, had stated on the floor that he was glad to pay $16,000,000 for the privilege of paying silver in redemption of the bonds.

Mr. Hopkins (Rep.) of Illinois said this resolution had clearly shown that the Senate was not a Republican body, but was controlled by the free-silver element. By a decisive vote in the last election, the people had spoken against free and unlimited coinage of silver. And yet the Senate, no longer representing the people, passed this resolution in defiance and misrepresentation of the public will. He commented on the unequal influence exerted by the scantily-populated State of Nevada and the great State of Illinois in shaping results in the Senate.

Mr. Clayton (Dem.) of Alabama asserted that the defeat of this resolution was dictated by the masters of the Republican party, who gathered at a New York banquet table the other night, at $100 a plate, which meant in Alabama standards, that every man ate a bale of cotton and a couple of mules.

Mr. Grosvenor (Rep.) of Ohio, in opposition to the resolution, said that throughout all the changes and mutations of the money question in this country, the Republican party had maintained its unvarying devotion to which was denominated "honest money." He reviewed the record and position of the party from the time of the passage of the resumption act in proof of this proposition.

Mr. Wheeler (Dem.) of Kentucky followed with a review of the same history that Mr. Grosvenor had invoked to prove that the Republican party on the money question had "somersaulted like a circus tumbler."

Mr. Pearce (Dem.) of Tennessee declared that the mist had at last cleared away. The Republican party was firmly committed to the gold standard. Nothing could disguise the fact.

Mr. Grow (Rep.) of Pennsylvania contended that the creditor had the right to demand the payment of his debt in whatever legal tender he elected. For the government to exercise the option would be dishonest and in bad faith. Otherwise the government could set its printing presses at work and soon turn out enough "legal tender" to discharge the government debt.

Mr. Brumm (Rep.) of Pennsylvania said he would have voted for the resolution had it not contained the latter clause, declaring that the free coinage of silver was not inconsistent with the public faith.

Mr. Baird (Dem.) of Louisiana asserted that in voting against the pending resolutions, the Republicans would simply obey the commands of their masters in Wall street.

Mr. Bailey yielded fourteen minutes to Mr. Bell (Pop.) of Colorado, and that gentleman parcelled the time out to the Populist members, giving each of them a couple of minutes.

Mr. Johnson (Rep.) of Indiana got ten minutes from Mr. Steele (Rep.) of Indiana with which to oppose the resolution. He said that the resolution was adroitly worded. It was, in his opinion, nothing more nor less than a reaffirmation of the Chicago platform. While the advocates of free silver contended that under free coinage silver would be at a parity with gold, he declared that they knew otherwise and charged that the purpose of this resolution was to enable the government to pay in a depreciated dollar, after gold had been driven out of circulation.

Mr. Evans (Rep.) of Kentucky said he construed the resolution as a declaration for free silver, and as such he opposed it.

Mr. Walker (Rep.) of Massachusetts, chairman of the Banking and Currency Committee, in opposing the resolution, asked if members had ever stopped to calculate the commercial value of undoubted honor, whether among nations or individuals.

Mr. Bartlett (Dem.) of Georgia declared that the present attempt to vitiate the contract between the bondholders and the taxpayers was made in pursuance of the demand of the financial reformers, one of whom, at Indianapolis, declared that the business men would force the gold standard on the country in spite of the law, if necessary.

After some brief remarks in support of the resolution by Messrs. Brucker (Dem.) of Michigan, Norton (Dem.) of Ohio and Cochran (Dem.) of Missouri, Mr. Dolliver (Rep.) of Iowa made a stirring speech of ten minutes against it. Mr. Maguire (Dem.) of California said he agreed with Mr. Dingley that there were two sides of this question—justice and extortion, the creditor and debtor, concentrated wealth and manhood, the bondholder and the people. It was, he said, the old story of Shylock and Antonio over again, with Shylock demanding more than was nominated in the bond.

Mr. Cannon (Rep.) of Illinois, whose record had been attacked during the debate, said in speaking of his former votes for free coinage and for the Matthews resolution that the difference between silver and gold then was but a few cents; it was now 50 cents. The Republican party had always been for honest, sound money; the Democratic party since the war was for cheap, unsound money.

Mr. Hepburn (Rep.) of Iown, in opposing the resolution, which, he said, was equivalent to a free-coinage declaration, referred to ex-Gov. Boies's refusal to longer follow the standard of free silver.

Mr. Rhea (Dem.) of Kentucky created something of a sensation. In the course of his speech, in referring to the "crime of 1873," he declared that if there was any hole in hades hotter than any other it would be reserved especially for John Sherman. Many hisses greeted this statement. Later, speaking of the Republican cry of parity between gold and silver, Mr. Rhea said a man who hugged his chambermaid or cook had as well talk of maintaining the honor of his household as those who debased silver in every way and prated of preserving the parity of the two metals.

After some further brief remarks by Messrs. Lacey and Hepburn of Iowa against the resolution, Mr. Bailey closed for the Democrats in a speech which stirred his followers to a high pitch of enthusiasm. Mr. Bailey, owing to the great pressure for time, had only four minutes in which to close the debate for his side. The resolution under consideration, he said, contained two propositions, one moral and the other legal. One asserts, as a matter of law, that the bonds of the United States are redeemable at the option of the government in silver, and the other, as a matter of morals, that to restore to its coinage such silver coins as a legal tender in payment of the bonds, principal and interest, is not in violation of the public faith nor in derogation of the rights of the public creditors.

He would not dwell, he said, on the legal aspect of the question. There was not a lawyer in the United States or in any other country who would venture on his professional reputation to deny that the bonds could be paid in silver. That went without saying. The Republicans in this matter must justify themselves, if at all, upon the proposition that, in their conscience, they believe that gold was the money of the contract.

Mr. Henderson (Rep.) of Iowa, the one-legged veteran, and Mr. Dalzell (Rep.) of Pennsylvania closed the debate with five-minute speeches in opposition to the resolution. The former created intense enthusiasm as, with the stump of his leg resting on a bench at the right of the Speaker's chair, and his crutches by his side, he rallied his followers. This resolution, he said, reminded him of one of the monograms he used to see on the Bryan banners—.

Mr. Bailey. You will see it again in 1900. [Democratic applause.]

Mr. Henderson. Yes, and we will tear it down again. [Republican applause.]

"It was the three R's," continued Mr. Henderson, "Ralicalism, Rascality and Repudiation." This scene reminds me of a Popocratic convention. It is the old familiar howl against the bondholders. But the gentlemen must remember that they cannot down t he money of the bondholders without cutting in half the money that goes to the old soldier or his widow or orphan; or the money of the men who toil."

Mr. Simpsen (Pop.) of Kansas. How about the taxpayers?

Mr. Henedrson's waived Mr. Simpson's interrogatory aside.

The resolution, he resumed, was, in reality, part of the programme that sought to commit the country to the single silver standard. He recalled the President's declaration in his New York speech.

"God bless Little Mac," he exclaimed, fervently. "His declaration means that the best money in the world shall be paid to the bondholder, the plowholder, the hodholder, the penholder, the pension-holder and all who toil and all who sweat. [Republican applause.] Put that in your pipe and smoke it. On that issue we will meet you next fall, and thrash you as we thrashed you in 1895. [Prolonged Republican cheers.]

Mr. Dalzell (Rep.) of Pennsylvania declared that the resolution was meaningless unless its purpose was to open the mints to the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

Then at 5 o'clock came the vote which was followed with interest, notwithstanding the defeat of the resolution was a foregone conclusion. The Speaker announced that the vote would be directly on the resolution, not on the adverse report. It was soon evident that party ranks were being held intact. There were only three breaks, Messrs. Elliott (Dem.) of South Carolina, and McAleer (Dem.) of Pennsylvania voted against the resolution, and Mr. Linney (Rep.) of North Carolina voted for it. Mr. White (Rep.) of North Carolina did not vote.

After the roll was called, the Speaker asked that his name be called, and on the call he responded with a vigorous "No." He then announced the result: Yeas, 132; nays, 182.

The Republicans cheered long and loud over their victory, and then, at 5:35 p.m., the House adjourned.

BAD FOR TELLER.

House Committee Decides to Report His Resolution Adversely.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The Ways and Means Committee decided this morning, by a vote of 11 to 5, on party lines, to report the Teller resolution for the payment of bonds in silver, with a recommendation that it do not pass.

The committee met on a special call at 10:30 o'clock this morning, there being a full attendance, with the exception of Mr. McMullin (Dem.) of Tennessee. Chairman Dingley at once brought forward the resolution, and without discussion, Mr. Payne of New York moved that it be reported to the House with recommendation that it be not passed. Mr. Bailey of Texas, in behalf of the Democrats, moved to amend that it be reported with a recommendation that it pass. The vote on the Bailey amendment was first taken, resulting in its defeated by 5 to 11, as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Bailey, Wheeler, Robertson, Swanson and McClellan, all Democrats.

Nays—Messrs. Dingley, Dalzell, Hopkins, Grosvenor, Russell, Dolliver, Steele, Johnson, Payne, Evans and Tawney, all Republicans.

On the Payne motion, the previous vote was reversed, all the Republicans voting in the affirmative, and the Democrats in the negative. No amendments were proposed and no discussion indulged in as to the programme, as Chairman Dingley stated that he would depend on the action of the Rules Committee.

Following the session of the Ways and Means Committee, Speaker Reed and his associates on the Committee on Rules assembled to determine on a course of action. The Committee on Rules decided to take the final vote on the Teller resolution at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Mr. Bailey objected to this, but was overruled.

CONFIRMATIONS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The Senate today made the following confirmations:

William J. Mills, to be Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory of New Mexico.

John R. McFie, to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of New Mexico.

Postmasters, California: Theodore W. Leydecker at Alameda; Edward Oakford at Tulare.

SUPREME COURT ADJOURNS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The United States Supreme Court today adjourned until February 21, without deciding any of the important cases before it. The hearing in La Abra Silver Mining Company case was postponed until the second Monday of the next term.

CALIFRNIA PENSIONS.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Issue of January 18, 1898, California—Increase, John McGonegal, Eureka, $8 to $10; original, widow, etc., Lena Muchlig, San Diego, $12.

BATTLESHIP IN TOW.

The Indiana Again Disabled, This Time With a Boiler Tube.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says that there has been received at the Navy Department an official report from Rear Admiral Sicard, concerning the leakage of the boiler tubes of the battleship Indiana, which necessitated the towing of that vessel by the cruiser New York in order that it might keep up with the remainder of the North Atlantic squadron.

That Rear Admiral Sicard did not think the matter was important is shown by the fact that he only mentioned it in one paragraph of a letter headed "Incidents of the cruise from Hampton Roads to Key West."

He stated that one of the Indiana's boilers began to give trouble, and in order not to delay the passage to Key West he ordered the New York to take the Indiana in tow. Hawsers were run to the Indiana, and the New York, aided by some of the boilers that were in good condition on board the Indiana, pulled the battleship along without much difficulty.

MONOPOLY A FELONY.

Strong Anti-Trust Bill Framed by a Nebraska Man.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—An anti-trust bill, explicit in its terms and naming a penalty of $10,000 fine or from two to fifteen years imprisonment, has been introduced in the House by Mr. Greene of Nebraska. It makes it a felony to monopolize or to attempt to monopolize any trade or commerce among the States or with foreign nations, as well as the making of every contract, agreement or combination entered into by any persons, firms, corporations, or combinations of persons as a trust or otherwise, to restrain trade or commerce or limit or control the output or price of any article of commerce.

The bill confers jurisdiction on the several circuit and district courts of the United States, and any State court having common law jurisdiction, and forfeits to the United States property under such contracts, etc., and in course of transit into a State or to a foreign country.

DOWN ON MURPHY.

New York Assemblyman Demands the Senator's Resignation.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

ALBANY (N. Y.,) Jan. 31.—Assemblyman Weeks of New York City startled the Assembly and its 2000 spectators today by the introduction of a resolution censuring and requesting the resignation of Edward Murphy, Jr., senior United States Senator from this State, or voting for the Teller silver resolution. The resolution was a complete surprise. It brought to their feet a number of members of the minority with objections. They could not object to the introduction of the resolution, but they signified their intention to debate the proposition, and under the rules of the House it had to go over to be printed.

Assemblyman Weeks stated that he was willing that it be laid aside, with the understanding that it be made a special order at 8:30 o'clock next Monday evening. That course was pursued.

[SPORTING RECORD.]

LEFT AT THE POST.

KAMSIN WAS A FAVORITE, BUT DID NOT RACE.

A Suspiciously Low Price Laid Against the Horse, But Thousands of Dollars Were Lost.

JOCKEY SHIELDS SUSPENDED.

MEADOW LARK TAKES THE RACE IN A GREAT RUSH.

Cyclist Miller Plans an Ambitious Campaign—Big Poultry Show for New York—Breeding Jack Rabbits in Kentucky.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—In the seven-furlongs race at Ingleside today, Kamsin, ridden by Shields, was left at the post with Walter J., and thousands of dollars were burned up, as Kamsin was the favorite in the betting. The fact that a suspiciously low price was laid against that horse for the place showed a trace of bad flavor.

Polish looked like the winner, but Meadow Lark came with a great rush and nipped him out in the last stride or two. There is absolutely no doubt that Kamsin would have won if he had started, but the fact that 1 to 2 was offered against him for the show gives the race a decidedly ugly look.

The judges suspended Shields indefinitely.

SUMMARIES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—The weather was cloudy and track fast at Ingleside. Results:

Three and one-half furlongs, two-year-olds: Olinthus, 118 (H. Shields,) 9 to 5, won; Gold Scratch, 114 (Thorpe,) 4 to 1, second; Milt Young, 114 (Clawson,) 6 to 1, third; time 0:43. Prince Will, Sir Urian, Cambist, Sevens, Royal Fan, Semicolon and Acoma also ran.

Seven furlongs: George Miller, 105 (Spencer,) 12 to 1, won; Treachery, 108 (H. Shields,) 6 to 1, second; Jack Martin, 105 (Stevens,) 30 to 1, third; time 1:28½. Benamela, R. Q. Ban, Little Cripple, Coupon III, Atticus, Doyle, Charlemagne, Queen Safie and Charmion also ran.

Seven furlongs: Meadow Lark, 105 (Spencer,) 12 to 1, won; Polish, 108 (H. Martin,) 6 to 1, second; Olive, 111 (Jones,) 15 to 1, third; time 1:29½. Mileia Fonso, Kamsin, O'Fleeta, Silver State, Walter J. and Peril also ran.

One mile: Geyser, 109 (W. Martin,) even, won; Libertine, 114 (H. Shields,) 5 to 1, second; Imp. Tripping, 104 (Thorpe,) 9 to 5, third; time 1:41½. Buckwa also ran.

Seven furlongs: Glorian, 102 (Thorpe,) 7 to 2, won; Official, 105 (Gray,) 9 to 1, second; George Lee, 98 (McNichols,) 4 to 1, third; time 1:28½. Marplot, Gotobed, Los Prietos, Blarney Stone and Chihuahua also ran.

One mile and one-sixteenth: Myth, 107 (Spencer,) 7 to 2, won; Hazard, 104 (H. Martin,) 3 to 1, second; Tulare, 104 (Clawson,) 5 to 1, third; time 1:48½. Rey del Terra, Osric II and The Dragon also ran.

BIG POULTRY SHOW.

The New York Society to Begin Its Exhibition Today.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—All of the arrangements for the ninth annual exhibition of the New York Pigeon and Poultry Society, to be held in Madison Square Garden to begin tomorrow, have been completed. According to the report of the secretary, nearly sixty-five hundred birds have been entered in the several classes. Many entries have been received from Canada and the Far West, so that the showing in many classes will be stronger than in former exhibitions. The Plymouth Rocks are especially strong, though Buff Plymouth Rocks will be very much in evidence. Cochins will be shown in large variety. Light and dark Brahmas will also be well represented. There will also be plenty of barred Plymouth Rocks.

Exhibition of breeding yards will be numerous. Each yard, consisting of five birds, will show all of the leading breeds, with bantams crowding the birds for a place.

Prizes to the value of $7000 will be awarded in the several classes.

BREEDING JACK RABBITS.

Coursing Appeals to the Sporting Blood in Kentucky.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—A special to the Chronicle from Lexington, Ky., says that an establishment for the breeding of jack rabbits will be a new enterprise there.

Gen. W. H. Gentry, who bred Rose Turner and a number of other trotting horses, has just traded five head of trotting-bred mares for thirty head of jack rabbits. He is building an inclosure on five acres of ground suitable for breeding rabbits, and proposes to chase them with his hounds for the amusement of himself and friends.

Gen. Gentry is a member of the National Fox Hunters' Association.

The racing will be done over a 500-acre tract of land adjoining the rabbit park.

AN AMBITIOUS CYCLIST.

Miller Will Make Another Attack on All Records.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—C. W. Miller of Chicago, winner of the last six-days' contest in Madison Square Garden, is eager to race Cordang, "The Dutchman," in a two-hours' paced race. Miller arrived in New York today from Pittsburgh and will leave in a few days for Florida, where he will go into training for an attack upon all unpaced records and long-distance paced records up to twenty-four hours. Arrangements are being made, he says, to induce Cordang to come to America, and if he should do so a purse of $5000 is promised for a twenty-four-hour race in Madison Square Garden, of which $3000 will go to the winner. Failing to secure Cordang, a like offer will be made to Hiret, the Frenchman.

Cricket at Milwaukee.

MELBOURNE (Victoria,) Jan. 31.—The Australian cricketers, in the fourth test match with the visiting English eleven, made 323 runs in their first inning. The Englishmen were all out for 174 runs in the first inning, and followed on. At the close of play today the English players had scored seven runs for one wicket down.

New Orleans Races.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 31.—The weather was clear and track fair. Results:

Six and a half furlongs: W. C. T. won, Mazarine second, Eton Jacket third; time 1:24½.

Six furlongs: Crystalline won, Eltholin second, Globe II third; time 1:17½.

Mile and twenty yards: Maggie S. won, Basquil second, Brighton third; time 1:47¼.

Handicap, one mile: David won, Siva second, Royal Choice third; time 1:44¼.

Seven and one-half furlongs: Jude Stedman won, Ellsmere second, Jack of Hearts third; time 1:39¼.

One mile: Blacking Brush won, Arrezzo second, Rhett Goode third; time 1:47.

WORSE THAN ANARCHY.

Fears That Something Dreadful May Occur in Greece.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—A dispatch to the Commercial Advertiser from London says:

"There is an impression here that the Sultan in the end will be compelled to accept Prince George as Governor of Crete. It is strong enough to provoke discussion of the consequences, namely, that the Turks, with Mohammedan feeling aroused, will be less disposed than ever to evacuate Thessaly, and that the Balkan States, already disturbed and restless, will be likely to ask compensation for Greece's virtual gain of Crete.

"The European concert, as to the near East, is temporarily dissolved, with Germany and Austria on one side and the other powers on the other, but it is not beyond reëstablishment.

"The Greeks are likely to be calmer and more content with the dynasty, but there are fears of worse than the existing anarchy for a time in Greece, with the Turks clustered about Canea and jealous Cretan clan chiefs ready to provoke disorder."

SALES OF BONDS.

January Transactions Beat All Previous Records.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—More than $90,000,000 of government, State and railroad bonds have been sold during this month, compared with $38,138,000 for the same month last year. This is the highest monthly record in history. There was much investment in the bonds of the reorganized railroads, such as Union Pacific, Atchison, Northern Pacific, St. Louis and San Francisco, Kansas Pacific consols and Erie. There was also much speculation in the bonds, notably in Union Pacific certificates. This speculation, of course, affects the character of the aggregate bond transactions.

No Relations With Dreyfus.

ROME, Jan. 31.—The Minister for Foreign Affairs, the Marquis Visconti Venosta, replying to the question of a Deputy, announced amid great applause, that he was able to affirm in the most positive manner that neither the Italian military attaché at Paris nor any other Italian agent has ever had direct or indirect relations with Alfred Dreyfus, the former captain of the French artillery, whose alleged unjust court-martial and sentence to imprisonment for life have caused so much agitation in France.

CANAL PROSPECTS.

NICARAGUA MUST KEEP ITS CONTRACTS.

This Government Will not Permit It to Allow Dangerous Competition With the Maritime Canal Company—So Says Senator Morgan.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says that if the Nicaraguan government should contract with a foreign syndicate for the construction of a railroad and steamship line across its territory, such action would, the authorities say, be in violation of the terms of the concession granted to the Maritime Canal Company and would probably be resented by the United States.

Article five of the concession to the Maritime Company provides that "the State binds itself not to make any subsequent concessions for the opening of a canal between the two oceans during the terms of the present concession (ninety-nine years,) and also to abstain from granting a concession for a railroad, such as might compete with the canal for transportation of merchandise, during the same period; but nothing in this article shall prevent the government of Nicaragua from constructing or permitting the constructin of such railways as it may deem advisable for commerce and international traffic."

Friends of the new canal say the first portion of this article shows clearly that Nicaragua has not the right to make any concession, as the Herald reported this morning.

Senator Morgan of Alabama discussed the bid of the Atlas Company. "The government of Nicaragua," he said, "has no legal right to sell any foreign corporation its railways and steamships if their operation shall open a line of communication parallel to the route of the maritime canal. The concession that the Nicaraguan government has made to the canal company explicitly precludes it. President McKinley, I feel sure, may be relied upon to protect the United States in the matter, and there is a majority of both houses in Congress in favor of building the canal with American capital, to stand by him.

"The prospects for the building of the canal on the lines approved by the United States—that is to say, the canal commission—were never brighter than at present, and the construction of the long-desired waterway is not far distant."

Plot to Kill the Shah.

BERLIN, Jan. 31.—The Post says it learns from Russian sources of the discovery of a conspiracy at Teheran, Persia, to murder the Shah and to install a younger brother at the palace. Mousaffer Ed Din, the Shah of Persia, has six younger brothers, of whom the eldest is Massoud Mirza, born in 1850, and the second is Kamran Mirza, born in 1856.

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Refurnished and Rebuilt. Steam Heat in Every Room. American and European Plan. F. O. JOHNSON Prop.

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ALTHOUSE FRUIT CO—
We have demonstrated beyond doubt that we carry the........ BEST ORANGES in the city.
Ripe, sweet and not frozen; also the best varieties of Grape Fruit.
Telephone M. 398. 213-215 W. Second St.

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS— Gold Refiners and Assayers.
Analysis of any material (either organic or inorganic) made with promptness and accuracy, Qualitative or Quantitative. SMITH & IRVING, (formerly W. T. Smith & Co.,) 128 N. Main St., Room 8. Phone, Brown 313.

INGLESIDE FLORAL COMPANY, F. Edward Gray, Proprietor 140 South Spring Street.
Tel. Red 1072. Choice Cut Flowers, Decorative and House Plants, Floral Designs.

Redondo Carnations—AND CHOICE ROSES—CUT FLOWERS AND Floral Designs. Flowers are packed for shipping.
B. F. COLLINS, Tel. 119, 321 S. Spring St.

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COMFORTABLE CORONADO—
STEAM HEATED ROOMS And the best table on the Coast.
AT "HOTEL DEL CORONADO."
RATES $3 PER DAY AND UP.
A. W. BAILEY, Manager, Coronado Beach.
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GRANDEST WINTER RESORT On the Pacific Slope.
...... BEAUTIFUL SANTA BARBARA
...Never Closes... The Arlington Hotel. ...Never Closes...
Ocean bathing every day on the safest beach in California. Fishing, Bicycling and Horseback Riding, with the most perfect winter climate in California.
....E. P. DUNN.

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND—"Where Summer holds full sway."
Three and One-half Hours from Los Angeles, Cal. A summer and winter resort without a counterpart on the American Continent. Grandest Mountain Stage Road In the West; Famous Fishing and Hunting Grounds; Wild Goat, Quail and Doves in Thousands. Glass-Bottom Boat, Revealing the Wonders of Ocean's Depths. HOTEL METROPOLE, Remodeled and Enlarged; Open All the Year; Round trip service daily, except Sunday, leaving So. Pacific and Terminal depots, Los Angeles, for San Pedro at 9 and 9:25 a.m., respectively.
BANNING CO., Agents, 222 South Spring Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

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PASADENA, CAL.—OPEN DEC. 1.
A quiet, elegant and refined Hotel, occupying a commanding situation on the uplands, 1000 feet above sea level, overlooking the entire San Gabriel Valley, foothills and the ocean. Air pure and dry, steam heat in every room, water direct from mountain springs, cuisine and service unsurpassed.
Address M. C. WENTWORTH, Manager, Proprietor of Wentworth Hall, White Mountains, N. H., formerly manager of "The Raymond," Pasadena, Cal.

HOTEL HEMET—Hemet, Riverside Co., Cal., (Formerly Hotel Mayberry,) has changed hands, and is now under entirely new management. The most charming, complete and modern hotel in the county. Everything up to date. Rates from $1.25 to $2.00 per day. Correspondence solicited. MR and MRS. H. C. WENTWORTH, Lessees; formerly of "Alpine Tavern," Mt. Lowe.

ELSINORE HOT SPRINGS
THE LAKE VIEW HOTEL, delightfully situated, overlooking Lake Elsinore. Finest Hot Sulphur Water and Mud Baths. Sure cure for RHEUMATISM. Hotel first-class.
Address E. S. TRAPHAGEN, Mngr.

ABBOTSFORD INN—Eighth and Hope Streets. Tel. Main 1175.
Best Appointed Family Hotel in the City. New Management. Special Rates to Permanent Guests. Steam heat. Electric Cars pass the door.
C. A. TARBLE.

HOTEL LINCOLN—Second and Hill, Family Hotel, Appointments Perfect, Electric cars to all points, THOS. PASCOE, Prop.

CALIFORNIA HOTEL—Corner Second and Hill. High-Class Family and Tourist Hotel. Table of Peculiar Excellence. Special Monthly Rates. F. B. PRUSSIA, Mngr.

CARLTON HOTEL—Pasadena. Best-kept $2-a-day house and up in California. Special weekly rates. GEO. E. WEAVER, Prop.; also Grand View, Catalina.

OAK GLEN COTTAGES—In the beautiful Ojai Valley. Pure air; grand mountain scenery; an ideal home. W. H. TURNER, Proprietor, Nordhoff, Cal.

THE WESTLAKE—New, nicely furnished Family Hotel. Near Westlake Park. 720 Westlake Avenue. J. B. DUKE, Proprietor. Telephoe Main 346.

"THE WOOSTER," Pasadena. The most desirable apartment house in Southern California. Clean, prettily-furnished rooms from $8 a month up. Green and Fair Oaks.

[COAST RECORD.]

STARVING TO DEATH

CATTLE IN MONTEREY COUNTY ARE WANTING FEED.

Lack of Rain Has Caused the Ranges to Refrain from Putting on Their Green Coats.

OAK TREES ARE BEING FELLED.

ANIMALS TOO WEAK TO STAND SHORT RAILROAD JOURNEYS.

Rain Falling at Northern Points. Hallett and the "Celestial Maiden"—Foreign Insurance Companies.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SALINAS, Jan. 31.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Cattle in the southern end of Monterey county are suffering terribly from lack of feed. There has not been enough rain to start green feed, and the result is that many cattle are daily dying from exhaustion.

A few days ago, twelve carloads of cattle belonging to Henry Miller, passed through here en route to Miller's ranch, near Gilroy, where they will be fed on beet pulp. When the train reached Castroville, about twenty were all that were able to stand. The others were all lying on the bottom of the cars. This shipment was all that were able to stand the trip out of a herd of 3000.

In some parts in the lower end of the county, stockmen and farmers have been felling oak trees to enable stock to eat the green leaves. There is now, however, good prospect for rain.

RELIGIOUS DIFFERENCES.

Superior Court Has No Jurisdiction Over Church Squabbles.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

STOCKTON, Jan. 31.—The Superior Court this morning dismissed the case of the Third Baptist Church against F. C. Goodman, pastor of the Second Baptist Church, thereby sustaining the demurrer of the defendant, on the ground that the court had no jurisdiction relating to religious differences between churches.

The action was brought by W. A. Brinkly, pastor of the Third Baptist Church (colored,) and in the complaint he demanded damages and prayed that the rival church be closed up on an order of the court on the grounds of "ecclesiastical outlawry." Pastor Brinkly was the attorney for the plaintiffs, he having recently been granted a license to practice law. All through his complaint, he had cited verses in the Bible in support of his allegations. In his decision, which was quite lengthy, Judge Budd declared that the court had no jurisdiction to either close up the rival church, revoke the clerical license of the pastor, or that it had any jurisdiction whatsoever. Among other things, the decision contained the following:

"The principles stated in the complaint, as those which should govern Christians in their intercourse with each other, and govern the members of one church in their intercourse with the members of another church, are most commendable; but the ordinary court of justice cannot interfere with any deflection from the rules indicated by such principles; that must be heard and determined by ecclesiastical tribunals established by churches or by an association of churches for that purpose, and ultimately by a tribunal much higher than any earthly tribunal."

It was the most novel suit of the kind ever brought in this State.

COAST RAINFALL.

Prospects Good for the Showers Which are Much Needed.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

YUBA CITY, Jan. 31.—Rain began falling here this afternoon at 5 o'clock. The weather is warm, and the prospects are good for continued showers.

CROPS NEED IT.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICO, Jan. 31.—The long-needed rain began falling here at 7 o'clock this evening. The crops were needing rain badly.

SAN JOAQUIN ANXIOUS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

STOCKTON, Jan. 31.—Rain indications were seen early this morning and light sprinkles fell during the day. This evening there was a light sprinkle, but the southeast wind promises a good rain. Farmers are looking anxiously for a soaking downpour, although the young grain can hold out two weeks longer without moisture.

TRACES AT FRESNO.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

FRESNO, Jan. 31.—The indications have been favorable for rain during the day, but only traces have fallen up to 12 o'clock tonight. The outlook is still favorable for badly-needed downpour.

EXPECTING A DOWNPOUR.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN JOSE, Jan. 31.—Rain began falling at 11 o'clock this evening. The weather is warm, the wind is from the south, and a heavy downpour is expected before morning.

LIGHT FALL AT SACRAMENTO.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 31.—Rain began falling lightly here this evening and is still coming down at midnight. Reports from the the country are that the crops are in excellent condition, though a little backward. They could stand two weeks more of dry weather, but fortunately will not have to.

BERING SEA SEAL.

Prof. Jordan Makes Another Report on His Investigation.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Jan. 31.—The second preliminary report of the Bering Sea fur seal investigation, conducted by the commission, of which David Starr Jordan was president, was issued today. In his letter to the Secretary of the Treasury, Dr. Jordan says:

"I have the honor to submit herewith a second brief preliminary report on the work of the Bering Sea fur seal investigation commission for the season of 1897. This will be followed in the course of the coming year by a final report, monographic in character, which will take up in detail all phases of the fur seal question. The most important part of this work of 1897 has been to ascertain by a duplication of the census of 1896, the changes that have taken place on the rookeries of St. Paul and St. George Islands and to trace their causes.

"The sole cause of the decline of the fur seal herd," says the report, "is found in pelagic sealing. This conclusion was reached last year, and a reconsideration of all of the questions involved gives no reason to alter or modify it. The investigation of the season of 1897 only strengthens it. Pelagic sealing involves the indiscriminate killing of males and females, the latter forming at all times the greater part of the plegaric catch. We take into account the loss of the herd through old age and the small percentage of the young that survive to breeding age, we find the margin of increase in the herd to be very small."

BROWN GETS A CHANCE.

He Will Endeavor to Show That Expulsion is Unfair.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—Rev. C. O. Brown will be given an opportunity to show cause why he should not be expelled from the Congregational Association of Chicago at its meeting to be held February 14. The call for the meeting will be issued by Rev. George W. Coleman of Lake Forest Church, the registrar of the association. The following petition has been sent to Rev. Coleman:

"We, the undersigned, call for a special meeting of the Chicago Association for Monday, February 14, at 11 o'clock, to consider the case of the Rev. C. O. Brown, D.D., and for the transaction of such other association items as may be presented.

[Signed]

"REV. J. A. ADAMS,
"REV. W. D. WESTERVELT,
"REV. GEORGE R. WALLACE,
"REV. W. A. WATERMAN,
"REV. W. D. SILCO."

The five clergymen who signed the petition have been friendly to Dr. Brown, but are not so kindly disposed toward him since he acknowledged his offense. The meeting will be held in the rooms of the Ministerial Union, and Mr. Brown desires to confront the members of the association.

MYSTERIOUS ASSAULT.

A Stockton Man is Attacked by Unknown Men.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

STOCKTON, Jan. 31.—It was learned at the police office this afternoon that last night H. E. Finnison was mysteriously assaulted at his residence in the City Homestead, a suburb. Finnison went out into his yard in the darkness, when he was suddenly seized and held by a woman. At the same instant he saw two men in front of him. Then everything became a blank. As discovered afterward, he was struck on the back of the head and rendered unconscious. His wife found him wandering around the premises out of his head. When accosted by her he said, "You want to poison me."

Today the man recovered his reason. He said he could remember now that the remark he made to his wife was a repetition of what the woman said who seized him just before he was struck.

Finnison is the man who swore to the complaint against Charles Burns a few days ago, charging him with disturbing the peace of himself and his wife. He was mixed up in the trouble between Burns and the latter's spouse, a girl of 15 years.

GOING RIGHT ALONG.

Foreign Insurance Companies Ignore Clunie's Order.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—The foreign insurance companies under the ban of State Insurance Commissioner Clunie were transacting business as usual today, and from all indications they purpose to do so right along, leaving the courts to settle the dispute over bonds and taxes.

They are prepared to fight the matter to a final issue and determine the exact position of a law which they claim has already been declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of this State.

The Board of Fire Underwriters met today to discuss matters with their law advisers, but did not stay in session very long. On the advice of their attorneys the managers went back to their desks to await developments. They purpose to see what line of warfare the State Commissioner will adopt before deciding on their defense. All they want, they claim, is fair play. The subject of taxation is the bone of contention. As for the bonds, all of the big companies are prepared to satisfy the Commissioner's desire by filing new ones.

DR. EMMENS'S MOVEMENTS.

Can "Make" Gold, but is Also Trying to Find It.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

PRESCOTT (Ariz.,) Jan. 31.—H. A. Strong, partner of Dr. Emmens of New York, inventor of the alleged process of the transmutation of silver into gold, was a visitor in Prescott today. Emmens, Strong & Co., recently purchased a big gold property in Mohave county, which they are working. When interviewed with regard to manufacture by Dr. Emmens's process, he stated that a company was at present turning out about $2000 in gold per month, which it would sell to the government. He stated that a company with improved machinery can produce daily an amount equal to the present monthly product. He said that the company had no stock to sell, and consequently did not care whether people believed or disbelieved the statement. While the transmutation of silver into gold is in process, the New York firm is engaged in prospecting for native gold in Arizona.

UNDER STATE JURISDICTION.

Colville Indian Reservation Not Subjected to Federal Control.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SEATTLE (Wash.,) Jan. 31.—The doubt hitherto existing as to whether criminal cases arising in what is known as the north half of the Colville Indian Reservation, in this State, came under Federal or State jurisdiction, was settled today by United States District Judge Hanford, who ordered Antone Mishel, an Indian accused of assaulting another Indian, released on a writ of habeas corpus, and turned over to the Sheriff of Stevens county.

The Department of the Interior recently notified the county officers that the north half of the reservation was still a reservation, notwithstanding the fact that it was open to mineral entry and that they had no conrol over it. Judge Hanford holds that the land involved has been restored to the public domain, and that the Federal authorities have no jurisdiction over it.

THE MINING FAIR.

Nearly All Principal Mines of the State Represented.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—Extraordinary efforts have been made by the mining counties of the State to show the mineral wealth within their borders at the exposition now open at the Mechanics' Pavilion. Tons of gold-bearing quartz have been gathered from nearly all the principal mines of the State, and they are shown with all their mineral characterjstics explained.

A strong feature of most of the county exhibits is samples of quartz from many of the partially-developed mines along with the history of the mines, giving an accurate detail of the shafts and tunnels on the claims, and the nature and character of the ore in the ledges that have been opened. The names of the owners of the claims are given, along with their postoffice addresses, so that capitalists or persons controlling capital who are looking for mining properties can be brought into direct communication with those working the mines and those who need assistance. Where such exhibits are shown, care has been taken to get only average samples from the mines that are open to investors.

ONLY A PRESS AGENT.

Hallett Loses His Interest in Charles Ulrich's "Celestial Maiden."

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—Judge Troutt today gave judgment for the plaintiff in the suit of Chardes Ulrich against J. Lon Hallett to rescind a contract by which Hallett secured the Pacific Coast rights to Ulrich's Chinese play, "A Celestial Maiden," now playing in the East and Northwest.

The plaintiff alleges that Hallett secured the rights to the play last June on his representation that he was a man of capital and standing in the theatrical profession. Subsequently Ulrich discovered that instead of being what he claimed, Hallett was in fact only a press agent for the Oakland theater.

The court held that the contract was not only defective by reason of the misrepresentations of the defendant, but because no proper consideration was given. The right to use copyrighted works could only be secured by giving substantial consideration, which was not the case in the action in question.

JOKE WAS NO JOKE.

A Mokelumne Hill Citizen Killed by a Playful Bartender.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

STOCKTON, Jan. 31.—Word was received here this afternoon of the accidental shooting of T. S. Gleason, a well-known citizen, at Mokiumne Hill. The victim had been playing keno at a saloon, and at 11:30 o'clock last night, accompanied by Constable Pelatin, Gleason went to the saloon of Bob Casey.

All were talking about the game of keno, and during the conversation Gleason slapped down a ten-cent piece on the counter and said: "I am this much ahead of the game." The Constable followed suit with a similar remark. The barkeeper, Casey, then playfully pointed an old rusty revolver at Gleason and said: "Well, I am this much ahead of the game." A few seconds after Gleason lay dead on the floor. The bullet penetrated his forehead just above the nose. Casey is almost crazed with grief.

POLICE COURT ABOLISHED.

Sacramento Judge Declares There is No Authority Establishing It.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 31.—Judge E. C. Hart of the Superior Court today rendered a decision in a habeas corpus case, the effect of which is to abolish the Police Court office of Sacramento, the Judge holding that under the law and the new charter there is no warrant for the existence of such court. Therefore, all convictions held in that court, as a Police Court, are void. He says the court has no legal existence whatsoever. The present officials of the court, however, will, it is believed, hold their places by reason of a clause in the charter providing for the creation of a city Justice Court. But the decision promises to give rise to many interesting complications in regard to this matter, as well as to proceedings held in the past few years in the police tribunal.

TO REPOSSESS PALESTINE.

Jews to Begin a Propaganda Defining Their Move.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—At a meeting last night of "Zionists," or orthodox Jews, who are in favor of the occupation of Palestine, the speakers were Rabbi Elias Berman, Rabbi M. A. Markwitz and Rabbi N. Mosessohn, D.D., editor of the Light, from Dallas, Tex. All of these speakers made earnest references to the present feeling against the Jews in France as an occasion for the propagation and the better interpretation to the world of the aims and principles of "Zionism." It was claimed that at least a portion of the agitation in France is due to a misunderstanding of the entirely peaceable and largely spiritual aims of this movement to unite the Jews.

QUICK WITH HIS GUN.

One Man Kills Another Who Had the Drop on Him.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

M'MINNVILLE (Or.,) Jan. 31.—Fred Clemens and Paul Duclo were out hunting and met by accident near the Willamette River. Duclo saw Clemens and changed his course to meet him. When within ten feet Duclo told Clemens he intended to kill him and brought his gun to his shoulder. Clemens warned him to lower the weapon, and as the warning was not heeded, Clemens quickly raised his gun and fired at Duclo's face and killed him instantly. Duclo was found dead with the cocked gun by his side. A Coroner's jury returned a verdict of justifiable homicide. A feud had existed between the men.

OREGON'S REPUBLICAN LEAGUE.

Will Hold a Big Meeting at Portland Today.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

PORTLAND (Or.,) Jan. 31.—The State convention of the Republican League of Oregon, which meets tomorrow in this city, will be the largest political convention ever held in the State. Fourteen hundred delegates have been elected from the various clubs in the State, and more than one thousand will be present tomorrow.

The object of the club is to elect officers and formulate plans for the campaign in June next. The convention will probably pass resolutions indorsing the St. Louis platform and also the speech of President McKinley at the Manufacturers' banquet in New York last week.

CHINAMAN KILLED.

The Usual Trouble to Discover Whether It Was Murder.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN JOSE, Jan. 31.—Lun Chung, a member of the Hip Sing Tong, met his death in Chinatown at 5:30 o'clock this afternoon under circumstances that point to murder. He was found dead in a joint with a bullet hole in his breast. Four other Chinamen who lived in the place told the officers that he was killed by accident a revolver that he carried having exploded as he arose from a bunk.

As no powder marks were found on his clothing, and as the four men belong to an opposition Tong, the Yung Wah, the police believe that he was murdered. An investigation is in progress.

Atty. Carpenter Held to Answer.

STOCKTON, Jan. 31.—Attorney A. H. Carpenter was today held to answer in the Superior Court on a second charge of grand larceny, in that he sold goods which he had no right to touch. This is his second examination. He was jointly charged with his partner, C. L. Mack, and the latter's brother, but the evidence did not connect them with any criminality. An effort is being made to have one of the witnesses against Carpenter arrested for perjury, but the District Attorney has refused to draw the complaint, and Justice Parker will not issue a warrant unless the District Attorney draws up the papers.

OVER THE CANAL ROUTE.

Engineering Party Starts Eastward from Corinto.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—The steamer San Blas, which arrived here today, carried from Panama a party of Chicago and New York engineers sent out in the interest of Chicago capitalists to make an estimate of the cost of completing the Nicaragua Canal. The engineers landed at Corinto, from which place they intended to follow the line of the canal to Greytown.

Coffee shipments by way of Panama to New York began on the down trip of the San Blas, and the steamer carried about 15,000 sacks. Her present cargo consists of 5000 sacks.

While the San Blas was at Panama a rumor was current that the Pacic Steam Navigation Company of Chile was about to extend its operations along the coast to Ensenada, and ultimately to San Francisco. The Chilean line is going into strong competition with the Hamburg-American line, which has long enjoyed most of the passenger and coffee trade.

ANOTHER STATE SCANDAL.

Payment of Bribes to Harbor Commission Alleged.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—The payment of bribes to Harbor Commissioner Colnon was charged today in the Superior Court in the case of Samuel C. Irving against the Board of State Harbor Commissioners. It was alleged that Darby, Laydon & Co., who have received contracts from the board, gave Colnon money. The books of that firm were examined, as it was stated that they would support the assertion. No proof was discovered concerning Colnon, but entries as to the payment of cash to William Patterson, who was the board's superintendent of repairs until last year, were found.

John A. Townley, a former bookkeeper for Darby, Laydon & Co., was the witness who pointed to these entries, and searched for others that might implicate members of the board. He will take the stand again tomorrow.

STUCK TO HIS POST.

Engineer Bradley Brings a Derailed Engine to a Stop.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

OAKLAND, Jan. 31.—The Visalia express, which leaves Oakland at 2:36 o'clock, today was partly wrecked one mile west of Sunol this afternoon. The engine, and tender were badly smashed, and the track torn up. The train had just emerged from the Niles Cañon to the straight piece of track leading into Sunol and was making a high rate of speed. Suddenly the tender left the track and slid along over the ties for 150 feet, tearing up the track and derailing the engine.

Engineer Bradley stuck to his post and brought the train to a stop. The passengers were shaken up by the rough ride and the engine was badly wrecked. No one was injured. The cause of the wreck is not known. A special engine was sent out to take the train on its way.

Heir to Millions.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—A story was published today to the effect that an estate aggregating many millions in value located in the city of Philadelphia and elsewhere in the East, had been awarded to ninety heirs of an English family, among whom were George W. Baker and E. Percival Baker of this city. A Supreme Court decision is said to have established the title of the claimants. No direct information regarding such a decision or such a case has been received, and G. W. Baker, who is a well-known attorney, said tonight that he knew nothing of his reported good fortune. His brother Percival, however, insists that he is one of the heirs.

Sacramento's New Police Chief.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 31.—The City Board of Trustees tonight unanimously confirmed the nomination by Mayor Land of Thomas Dwyer for Chief of Police, vice M. L. Drew, term expired. The confirmation was received with loud applause by the spectators, Dwyer being a very popular young man and it being the generol opinion that he will make a very efficient Chief. The appointment of R. W. Ash for police captain was refused confirmation. James Touhey's nomination for Superintendent of Streets was also unanimously confirmed.

Jury Panel Exhaused.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—Two more jurors were secured today to try Theodore Figel for the murder of Isaac Hoffman, making seven thus far secured. The new jurors are R. V. Groskey, ex-deputy County Clerk, and Henry Larsen, a teacher of music. The regular panel has been exhausted and Judge Cook has ordered a venire of 150 names to be drawn, returnable in court tomorrow morning. Sheriff Whelan detailed twelve deputies to make personal service of the summons and to guard against delay of the trial.

Farmer Dies Suddenly.

STOCKTON, Jan. 31.—U. J. Munsen, a well-known rancher living about five miles this side of Ripon, was found dead in his stable this evening, within ten minutes of the time he was talking to his wife in the house. The body was found in the straw pen, and it was evident that he had been pitching straw from the mow. There was no mark on the body, and his family are of the opinion that death was caused by a stroke of apoplexy.

Burned to Death.

PETALUMA, Jan. 31.—News has just reached here that Mrs. Anna Cahil was burned to death last evening while preparing supper. Her dress caught fire, and in an instant she was enveloped in flames. She ran screaming from the house. Her husband extinguished the fire. She died at midnight, having retained consciousness to the last.

Shortridge Up and Walking.

SAN JOSE, Feb. 1.—At midnight word was received from Gilroy Hot Springs that Charles M. Shortridge was so far improved that he would be able to leave for this city on Thursday. During the day he walked about the hall, and gave evidence of a strength it was not supposed he possessed.

Murder of Look Ah Won.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 31.—A Coroner's jury tonight listened to the evidence in the case of Look Ah Won, who on January 21 was murdered by highbinders, and brought in a verdict that the deceased came to his death at the hands of Sam Ah Goon or Lee Goon Duck. The accused are in jail, and will be tried for murder.

Chiropodist Caused Blood Poisoning

ALAMEDA, Jan. 31.—Theodore Meetz, a prominent pioneer, died today of blood-poisoning, caused by the work of a chiropodist. Meetz was born in Germany in 1823. He came to California on the sailing vessel Reform, arriving in San Francisco October 12, 1849. He worked at his trade as a painter for a time, and then went to the mines and accumulated a snug fortune. He founded the San Francisco stock brewery and built the Oakland and Piedmont Railway.

Strong

Nerves just as surely come from the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla as does the cure of scrofula, salt rheum, or other so-called blood diseases. This is simply because the blood affects the condition of all the

Nerves

bones, muscles and tissues. If it is impure it cannot properly sustain these parts. If made pure, rich, red and vitalized by Hood's Sarsaparilla, it carries health instead of disease, and repairs the worn, nervous system as nothing else can do. Thus nervous prostration, hysteria, neuralgia, heart palpitation, are cured by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Because it is the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

San Joaquin Valley Women.

FRESNO, Jan. 31.—Delegates from the leading women of the San Joaquin Valley met here this evening and organized a Valley Federation, with the following officers: Miss Nellie Boyd, Fresno, president; Miss L. H. Hatch, Fresno, first vice-president; Mrs. Stephens, Fresno, second vice-president; Mrs. George A. Dodge, Hanford, secretary; Mrs. F. E. Cross, Visalia, treasurer. The first annual meeting will be held in this city in May.

Will Arrest H. E. Huntington.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—H. E. Huntington, president of the Market-street Railway Company, will be arrested tomorrow for violating the city ordinance providing for the equipment of cable and trolley cars with proper life-saving fenders. A. M. Lawrence swore to the complaint, and Police Judge C. T. Conlan issued the warrant. It is proposed to make this a test case.

Typos Adopt Resolutions.

STOCKTON, Jan. 31.—The Stockton Typographical Union, at a meeting held yesterday afternoon, passed resolutions to the effect that they were in favor of Hawaiian annexation as being for the best interests of the United States. A copy of the resolutions was ordered forwarded to Congressman de Vries.

Had Borne False Witness.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 31.—Richard Shaw was today sentenced by Judge Hart of the Superior Court to seven years' imprisonment in the penitentiary at Folsom. Shaw had sworn falsely at the trial of Lynch, Howard and Davis, robbers who are now serving time in State's prison.

Lieut. Hughes Married.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 31.—Lieut. Charles F. Hughes, U.S.N., of the Monterey, and Caroline Clark, daughter of Capt. C. E. Clark, commanding the Monterey, were married here at noon today.

High Mass for Rain.

SAN JOSE, Jan. 31.—It is cloudy here this morning, and a few drops have fallen. The clouds are threatening. High mass was said at St. Joseph's Church at 9:15 for rain.

Arizona's Territorial Geologist.

PHOENIX (Ariz.,) Jan. 31.—Prof. W. P. Blake, head of the School of Mines of the Territorial University, has been appointed Territorial Geologist.

NEW BEDFORD STRIKE.

Mill Hands Leaving Town—Will Not Accept a Reduction.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW BEDFORD (Mass.,) Jan. 31.—The third week of the big strike of the New Bedford cotton-mill employés began with affairs in relatively the same position as at the outset. It is thought that the exodus of the mill-hands will continue this week. Hundreds have already left town. The manufacturers have not yet made any statement as to their future policy. It is the general opinion that they will not make any effort to start the mills for some time.

The mill-hands are apparently as determined as ever to resist the reduction, and some of them predict that the strike will last well into the summer. Contributions from cities and towns throughout New England and New York State have come forward freely during the last week, and the union officials assert that if there is no serious disturbance in other big mill centers, the strikers will be enabled to hold out indefinitely.

HARRITY NOT REMOVED.

Jones, of the Democratic National Committee, Corrects a Statement.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Chairman Jones of the Democratic National Committee says there is no truth in the statement that he removed William F. Harrity and substituted the man designated by the Pennsylvania Democratic State Committee as his successor. Mr. Jones says that Chairman Garman of the Pennsylvania committee and a number of Pennsylvania Democrats called upon him last week, and after Garman informed the Senator of the action of the Democratic Commitee of Pennsylvania, and said that the matter would be presented to Senator Jones in an official manner and all of the papers and correspondence laid before him, Senator Jones informed Mr. Garman that the power of removal of a member of the national committee rested wholly with the committee itself, and that he would take the papers submitted to him and send a copy to Mr. Harrity to give him an opportunity to make a reply. After both sides should have been heard, he would take the papers in the case and send a copy to each member of the committee for an expression of opinion. The committee might then be called together, if the members so determined, when the case can be discussed and decided.

Union Pacific Title.

COUNCIL BLUFFS (Iowa,) Jan. 31.—Today there were offered for record in the office of the Pottawattomie County Register of Deeds the instruments covering the title to the Union Pacific road to its new owners. The first deed conveys the government's interest, the consideration being $50,367,435. This makes the total cost of the road to the new company $104,165,997.56. Along with the deeds a gold mortgage bearing 4 per cent. interest for $100,000,000 in favor of the Mercantile Trust Company of New York was filed.

Trade Marks Not Decorations.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The United States Board of General Appraisers decided today that a trade mark is not a decoration, and must not be considered as such in the imposition of duties.

Let's Go to Hale's.

News for Shoppers Today.

For those whose economical instincts are keen and appetites whetted for real, up-to-date bargains.

Hosiery.

Ladies'—
20c—Of cotton, double soles, spliced heels and toes.
22c—Of fine unbleached lisle, colored silk heels and toes.
25c—Of wool, double soles, plain or narrow ribbed.

Children—
10c—Cotton, well spliced, midnight black.
25c—All-wool, fast black, wide or narrow ribbed.

Infants—
12½c—Fine lisle-ribbed, seamless, stainless.
15c—All wool, with seams, warranted fast black.

Boys—
Heavy weight, wide ribbed and spliced, absolutely fast dye.

Boys' Blouse Waists.

They are getting their first showing this week. They are nobby, dressy garments, such style as you never saw coupled with such small prices.
25c—Of fancy percale, large cuffs, sailor collar, ruffles.
40c—Of percale, too, with fancy ruffle trimmings.
50c—Of linen, embroidery trimmed, handsome collars, cuffs.
85c—Of lawn, braid finishings, double flounce.
$1.00—Of lawn, also, but more stylish.

Underwear.

10c — Children's heavy, fleeced vests, the remainder of the 25c lot.
20c—Ladies' pants, were 35c, are heavy fleeced.
25c—Ladies' vests of lisle or merino, 50c sort.

Ladies' Union Suits.

Of natural wool, elaborately trimmed in ribbon and embroidery, glove-fitting. For riddance now—they're marked ⅓, some

⅓ Off.

J. M. Hale Co.
107-109 N. SPRING ST.

OUR LARGE PRACTICE
Is not entirely a result of advertising, but is on account of the high degree of excellence attained in our work. We do exactly as we advertise.
Schiffman Dental Co. Rooms 20 to 26, Schumacher Block, 107 North Spring St.
Open Evenings and Sunday Forenoons.

IN ICE KING'S CLUTCH.

PROVISIONS FOR STARVING NEWFOUNDLANDERS TIED UP.

Hundreds of Men, Women and Children Perishing from Starvation While Vessels Remain Tied Up in Sight of Shore.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The Red Cross-line steamship Portia arrived today, four days overdue, from St. Johns, N. F., and Halifax, after a desperate encounter with pack ice off the Newfoundland coast and with a harrowing tale of blizzards and destitution in the coast section of that country. Hundreds of men, women and children, dead or dying from exposure and starvation, with abundance close by, and hundreds more threatened with a like fate, are the conditions reported by the Portia.

The Portia was penned in a huge Arctic floe in plain sight of St. John's, unable to move. She managed to escape by the merest accident. Many other craft, several of them relief vessels sent by the Canadian government to succor destitute fishermen, had to abandon their errands of mercy and return to St. John's, where they were still in the ice when the Portia struggled into clear water.

Close to where the Portia lay, the big steamship Virginia was locked tight. She had been sent north by the Canadian government with food for the starving fishermen, but a short distance up the coast she found the route securely blocked and was forced to return to port to prevent being ice-bound all winter. Before her departure, news had reached St. John's that unless assistance was promptly dispatched, the unfortunate inhabitants would be beyond relief. Among the detained fleet at St. John's were a dozen or more sailing vessels, loaded with codfish for England and Brazil.

The city of St. John's was in a terrible condition on account of the blizzard. The streets were rendered impassable, the railroads suspended work and the poor were suffering through hunger and cold. Prices of food had advanced until they were beyond the reach of the poor.

When the Portia was working her way out to sea, she was closely followed by the bark Flora, and these two vessels were the only ones that succeeded in leaving St. John's. Several miles off shore, the Portia passed the steamer Grandland, fast in the ice and in a perilous condition.

The steamer Virginia was released from her perilous position after the departure of the Portia from St. John's, and the position of the rest of the distressed fleet has been reported by telegraph to be relieved.

Judge

The advisability of having your eyes examined by a thoroughly competent optician as compared with having them ruined by one of inexperience. Our opticians are capable and careful. Optical prescriptions filled at moderate charges.

LISSNER & CO.,
Goldsmiths, Silversmiths, Opticians,
235 S. Spring Street.

INTERNATIONAL CASE.

Foreign Governments May Ask Damages if Martin is Convicted.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WILKESBARRE (Pa.,) Jan. 31.—Hon. Henry M. Hoyt, Deputy Attorney-General of the United States, arrived here from Harrisburg today to be in attendance at the trial of Sheriff Martin and his deputies, which begins tomorrow. In sending Hoyt to attend the trial, the United States government has only one object in view, namely, to protect itself in case a foreign government file claims for damage for the killing of their subjects at Latimer.

Austria has already made a move in that direction, and it is understood that if the verdict is against Sheriff Martin and his deputies, Germany and Italy will file claims at once. It is reported that each of these governments will have a representative from their legations at Washington at the trial.

Secretary Sherman having received notice of this, decided to have the national government represented at the trial. It is expected that the whole of tomorrow will be consumed in selecting a jury.

SNOW AT NEW YORK.

Trains Delayed—Predictions of a Regular Blizzard.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Since 3 o'clock this morning snow has been falling in this city and vicinity, and tonight a west wind and falling temperature call forth many predictions of a blizzard.

Trains and railways terminating in Greater New York and Jersey City were delayed by the storm, but not to any great extent. The storm started like the blizzard of March 12, 1888, that tied up traffic in this city for several days.

Excluded from School.

STOCKTON, Jan. 31.—Judge Budd this morning gave a decision in the case of J. N. Southrey against the city, which partially decides the school question here. Four or five hundred children from the outlying districts have been attending school in the city from time to time for the past twenty-five years by virtue of contracts which a former school board had no right to make. The city board last fall shut down on the practice, and suit was brought to compel them to admit the children. Judge Budd holds to the opinoin of the City Attorney, and after the close of the present year all will be excluded. They are now attending pending the decision today rendered.

NO FALSE PRETENSES.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS WINS A VICTORY IN LONDON.

News Concerns Perpetually Enjoined from Using That Title in Their Operations—Relic of the Days of the United Press.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Jan. 31.—[By Atlantic Cable.] About one year ago the United Press, a news organization which has since discontinued business and gone into the hands of an assignee, placed signs upon its quarters in London, using the name "Associated Press" in a manner calculated to convey the impression that it was the headquarters of the Associated Press. One of the signs was the "United Associated Press." At the same time companies were incorporated in England under the title of "The Associated Press of America," and "The Western Associated Press." Since the collapse of the United Press, another news concern has retained the quarters and signs formerly used by the United Press. This created confusion in the public mind, and the Associated Press filed a bill for an injunction to restrain all parties from using the name of "Associated Press."

Justice Sterling, Saturday last, framed an injunction perpetually restraining the United Press, either alone or in combination, from using any name calculated to lead to the belief that the United Press was the same as the Associated Press. The concern is likewise restrained from in any manner representing itself as being in any way connected with the Associated Press, and from promoting any company in which the words "The Associated Press" form a distinct part.

The court also assessed the costs against the United Press. The effect of the decision is that no one other than the Associated Press can use the name of the Associated Press in Great Britain, or any name that could be mistaken for it.

Mark Twain's Yell.

[Nashville Banner:] Mark Twain, when starring on a tour round the world, told an interviewer at Winnipeg how he often felt a desire to "cut loose" from civilization and to get away by himself, where he could run and yell to his heart's content. In this connection there is a story about the humorist and Canon Kingsley. Walking along the streets one day Mark felt the impulse to yell coming on him with irresistible force, and said to Kingsley: "I want to yell; I must yell." The canon said: "All right; yell away; I don't mind." "And with that," said Mark, "I stepped back a few steps, and, throwing my arms above my head, let out a war whoop that could be heard for miles, and in less time than you could count ten Canon Kingsley and myself were surrounded by a multitude of anxious citizens, who wanted to know what was the matter. I told them nothing was the matter; I just wanted to yell, and had yelled."

A Healthy Place.

[Puck:] City Man. This must be a very healthy place, judging from the number of people I have seen here! Native. Healthy? It's so blamed healthy that I guess a good many of 'em will have to be shot on the judgment day.

THE TIMES—
Weekly Circulation Statement.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, SS.

Personally appeared before me, Harry Chandler, superintendent of circulation for the Times-Mirror Company, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the daily bona fide editions of The Times for each day of the week ended January 29, 1898, were as follows:

Sunday,	January 23	28,000
Monday,	" 24	19,950
Tuesday,	" 25	20,120
Wednesday,	" 26	20,200
Thursday,	" 27	20,200
Friday,	" 28	20,310
Saturday,	" 29	20,380
Total for the week		149,160
Daily average for the week		21,308

[Signed] HARRY CHANDLER.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of January, 1898.

[Seal] THOMAS L. CHAPIN, Notary Public in and for the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

NOTE.—THE TIMES is a seven-day paper. The above aggregate, viz., 149,160 copies, issued by us during the seven days of the past week, would, if apportioned on the basis of a six-day evening paper, give a daily average circulation for each week-day of 24,860 copies.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation, both gross and net, weekly, monthly and yearly, during the past several years. Advertisers have the right to know the NET CIRCULATION of the medium which seeks their business, and this THE TIMES gives them correctly, from time to time; and it furthermore guarantees that the circulation of THE TIMES regularly exceeds the combined circulation of all other Los Angeles daily newspapers.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

Liners

SPECIAL NOTICES—

NOTICE TO PURCHASERS OF LOTS IN the Alexandre Weill tract:

Owing to my departure for San Francisco, the agency of the Alexandre Weill tract in this city will be discontinued.

All lots remaining unsold have been placed for sale with Mr. J. W. Hinton, of the firm of Hinton & Whitaker, 140 S. Broadway, who is also authorized to collect all payments due on outstanding agreements of sale. RICHARD ALTSCHAL, General Agent, Alexandre Weill Tract. Los Angeles, Jan. 31, 1898.

WE DO IT— Make rugs from worn-out carpets, any size from a door mat to a dining-room rug; cheaper and more durable than any other rugs made; all old carpet goes. PACIFIC RUG FACTORY, 1-2-4 Tel. red 805. 654 S. Broadway.

AN EXPERT HYPNOTIST CURES BY means of Hypnotism, mental and nervous disorders, paralysis, etc.; lack of memory or attention; also alcoholism and other bad habits; consultation free. PROF. WOODS, 431½ S. Spring. 1

THE LIFE OF SHIRTS, COLLARS AND cuffs depends on the way they are laundered. Pieces intrusted to our care live long. THE EXCELSIOR LAUNDRY, 'Phone main 367.

NEW CORPORATIONS ORGANIZING CAN curtail expense by employing me to draw their papers and open corporation books. F. H. POINDEXTER, expert accountant, 316 Wilcox Block. 3

WANTED—MONEY TO GO TO THE GOLD fields of the North; and will give ½ of the proceeds, and can furnish the best of references. Address C, box 94, TIMES OFFICE.

THOMAS FITCH, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, will practice in all the courts of California and Arizona. Offices, 513, 514 STIMSON BLOCK, Los Angeles.

WEDDING ANNOUNCEMENTS, ETC., NEW typo-gravure process; equals engraved; half cost. JONES BOOK STORE, 226 W. First.

CEYLON TEAS, 35c, 50c, 75c; GENUINE Mocha and Java, 35c. J. D. LEE & CO., 130 W. Fifth, between Spring and Main.

HYPNOTISM TAUGHT, DISEASES TREATed; highest references. J. B. EARLEY, 422½ S. Spring st. Free clinic tonight. 1

WANTED—TO SELL A ½ INTEREST IN an old real estate office. Address C, box 94, TIMES OFFICE.

MANUSCRIPT REVISED, TYPEWRITTEN and sale negotiated. Address M, box 2, TIMES OFFICE. 1

MAIN-ST. BICYCLE ACADEMY, OPP. BURbank Theater. Instruction. Renting and repairing.

CHINESE AND JAPANESE HELP FURnished. GEO. LEM, 240½ E. 1st. Tel. G. 403.

B. W. DAY, M.D., DENTIST, REMOVED TO 142 S. BROADWAY, room 127 Hellman Bldg.

TRAINED NURSES' EXCHANGE, MALE and female, 651 S. HILL ST. Tel. green 711.

WALLPAPER FOR 12-FT. ROOM, $1; BORder included. WALTER, 627 S. Spring.

SHOES REPAIRED — MEN'S SOLES, 35c; ladies' soles, 30c. 405 S. SPRING.

WANTED—
Help, Male.

HUMMEL BROS. & CO. EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.

A strictly first-class, reliable agency. All kinds of help promptly furnished. Your orders solicited.

300-302 W. Second st., basement California Bank Building. Telephone 509.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sunday.)

MEN'S HOTEL DEPARTMENT.

First-class broiler, country, $60 month; second baker, $4.50 week; pot washer, $20 month; second cook, restaurant, $10 week; house boy, $20 month; lunch counter man, $20 month; porter, $20 month.

MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

Two boys, country, one $8, one $10 etc.; orchard hand, $20 etc.; boy, feed press, $8 week; upholsterer; cabinet maker, $2; milk delivery, $30 etc.; ranch carpenter, $55 etc.; vineyard hand, $20 etc.; man and wife, gardener and housekeeper, good cook, $10 etc.

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.

Housegirls, Long Beach, Tropico, $15; Perris, $18; 3 housegirls, $25; housekeepers, country, $12; German girl, learn second work, Pasadena, $12; cook, $30; 3 housegirls, $20; 6 housegirls, $15; 2 nurses, $12 and $20; girls, assist, $10 to $12.

LADIES' HOTEL DEPARTMENT.

Waitresses, city and country, waitress, do chamberwork, city and country, do chamberwork, $22.50; cook, country hotel, $25; laundress, $12.

HUMMEL BROS. & CO.

WANTED—25 MEN TO PICK AND WASH oranges; good pay for good work. Apply Wednesday morning, bet. 7 and 9, to JAMES B. BREWER, S.W. corner of Alameda st. and Vernon ave. 1

WANTED—FOR SHORTHAND AND TYPEwriting, a young man willing to work for small wages; can have board and lodging in home of employer. Address R, box 31, TIMES OFFICE. 2

WANTED — A SALESMAN, CROCKERY; steward, delivery man, rock men, man and wife, apprentice, rancher, assorted, skilled, clerical, unskilled situations. NITTINGER, 226 S. Spring. 2

WANTED—TRAVELING SOLICITORS; good pay and steady work for men who can make money for their employers; reference required. Address S. S. H., care TIMES OFFICE. 3

WANTED — DRAUGHTSMAN, PERSPECTIVE, water-color; competitive work; contingent pay; give references. Address R, box 32, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED—MAN TO WORK AROUND YARD and care of poultry, half interest; good place for invalid. Address R, box 34, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED — GENTLEMAN OF GOOD ADdress, wide acquaintanceship and good solicitor. Call after 1 p.m. today, 107 S. MAIN. 1

WANTED — AT ONCE, FIRST-CLASS pressman and finishers on pants. JOS. J. LANG, 714 E. Pico st., rear. 2

WANTED—PRINTER FOR NEAR-BY town; board and small wages. Apply before 8:30 at 111 S. BROADWAY. 1

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED BUILDING and loan solicitor. Address, with reference, O, box 70, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — A BOY THAT CAN MILK TO work for board and small wages. Apply 116 W. SEVENTH ST. 1

WANTED — MAN AND WIFE, PRIVATE place, country, $40. REID'S AGENCY, 126 W. First st. 1

WANTED — PORTER, GOOD SHINER. 252 E. FIFTH ST. 1

WANTED—
Help, Female.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, UP-TO-DATE saleslady; must be thoroughly business, good talker and good figure; to right party, steady position and good salary. Ask for M. GAIR, 344 S. Hill st. 1

WANTED — WOMAN COOK FOR FAMILY, $25; nursegirl, $20, call early; housekeeper for widower; waitresses, $5 per week; chambermaids, $15 to $20. REID'S AGENCY, 126 W. First st. 1

WANTED — A TRAVELING SALESLADY, general housework, factory help, chambermaid, laundress, second work, 5 waitresses. EDWARD NITTINGER, 226 S. Spring. 2

WANTED—SUNSET EMPLOYMENT AG'CY, 128 N. Main st., early this morning, 12 waitresses, 4 housegirls, and other positions for reliable help. Tel. red 1441. 1

WANTED — LADY HAVING WIDE ACquaintanceship and good solicitor; work is respectable; good pay. Call after 1 p.m. today, 107 S. MAIN. 1

WANTED — YOUNG LADY OF GOOD ADdress to play piano. Call KOHLER & CHASE, bet. 3 and 4 today, 437 S. Broadway. 1

WANTED—GOOD STRONG MIDDLE-AGED woman to assist lady with rheumatism. Apply after 10 o'clock, 819 S. FLOWER ST. 1

WANTED—GOOD COOKS AND GIRLS FOR general housework. EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, Tuttle Block, Redlands, box 739

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; work light; wages small. Apply to box 9, SUNLAND, Cal. 1

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST IN GENERAL housework; no cooking. Apply 316 CALIFORNIA ST., today. 1

WANTED—A GERMAN GIRL FOR COOKing and general housework; 2 in family. 709 W. TENTH ST. 1

WANTED—A YOUNG, EFFICIENT GIRL TO assist in housekeeping, forenoons. 1641 ORANGE ST. 1

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK IN PRIVATE family; must be experienced. Apply 1217 W. 23D ST. 2

WANTED—GOOD WOMAN DISHWASHER, $5 a week; no others need call. 410 W. SECOND. 1

WANTED—
Situations, Male.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED BOOK-KEEPER and office manager, accurate, thoroughly reliable, desires position where correct habits and merit will secure advancement and permanency. Address M, box 52, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED—ALMOST ANY KIND OF A REspectable position by a young man of 18, of education and good family; wages less consideration than position under good business man. Address M, box 65, TIMES OFFICE. 2

WANTED—BY COUPLE (JAPANESE,) SITuations; man excellent cook; wife to do waiting table, cleaning house, in private family; good home preferred. Address M, box 1, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED — POSITION BY ASSAYER, OR can take partial or full charge of mine or mill; references and qualification strictly first-class. Address R, box 30, TIMES OFFICE. 3

WANTED — SITUATION AS COACHMAN, gardener and general work; best of references. Address A. AKKERMANN, P. O. box 581 city. 6

WANTED—BY GOOD JAPANESE POSITION to do cooking and housework; city or country. 232 E. FIRST ST. 1

WANTED — SITUATION BY MAN AND wife, country or city. Call or address 213 E. SECOND ST. 1

WANTED—BY JAPANESE, GOOD COOK, A place to do housework in city or country. 728 PEARL ST. 1

WANTED — SITUATION BY JAPANESE, good cook. Address N, box 1, TIMES OFFICE. 2

WANTED—
Situations, Female.

WANTED — A PRACTICAL, FIRST-CLASS cutter and fitter from San Francisco, desires position with large dressmaking establishment, or will take charge of the same. MRS. M., 234 S. Workman st. 5

WANTED — BY A RELIABLE EXPERIenced person, a position as attendant to an elderly or invalid lady or gentleman; good references. Call or address E. P., 437 S. Los Angeles st., city. 1

WANTED — EXPERIENCED OPERATORS on shirts, overalls and pants; inexperienced hands taught. BROWNSTEIN, NEWMARK & LOUIS, 346 N. Main st.

WANTED — BY LADY GRADUATE OF State Normal school, private pupils, coaching or otherwise; best of references. Address LOCK BOX 582, city. 1

WANTED—POSITION AS COMPANION TO widow lady or housekeeper for small family; best of references. Address R, box 29, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED—MIDDLE-AGED LADY WOULD like position as housekeeper for widower or family. Call or address 735 BANNING ST. 4

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY 2 COMPETENT German girls with good references; one reliable cook. Inquire at 838 SAN JULIAN. 1

WANTED—SITUATION AS COOK IN PRIvate family by competent person. Address 213 W. SEVENTH ST. 1

WANTED—SITUATION BY SWEDISH GIRL, cook or general housework, $25. 501 W. EIGHTH, room 2. 1

WANTED—
Partners.

WANTED — $1800; YOUNG MAN OF GOOD address and reference to take charge of a very desirable business; clean, light work; $1600 to $1800 required; $125 per month guaranteed for first 6 months, with increase thereafter; 4 months' trial and full amount secured; man between 20 and 30 preferred. Address S., BOX 873, Los Angeles. 4

WANTED — PARTNER IN LARGE AND long-established real-estate business; no money needed. Address R, box 33, TIMES OFFICE. 2

WANTED—PARTY FOR HALF INTEREST; absolutely best invention for selling on the market; this is a snap. 642 S. SPRING. 1

WANTED—
To Purchase.

WANTED — GOOD BUSINESS INCOME property from $50,000 to $125,000; will pay part cash, balance clear Southern California income property. CORTELYOU & GIFFEN, 404 S. Broadway. 1

WANTED—WE HAVE A PARTY WHO HAS about $2000 to invest in a well-located grocery, or would take ½ interest in same. J. C. OLIVER, 214 S. Broadway. 1

WANTED—HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID for furniture, carpets, trunks, books and miscellaneous articles. MATTHEW'S, 454 S. Main. Phone Green 524.

WANTED — 5000 EMPTY SACKS, 10,000 sacks barley, 1000 sacks corn, 1000 sacks wheat, at 846 S. MAIN. 5

WANTED—TO PURCHASE 2 DOZEN GOOD laying hens; common stock. Address M, box 60, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED—
Agents and Solicitors.

WANTED — YOU CAN EARN $20 TO $30 A week; we make best-selling goods in the United States for agents; write today for particulars. CROFTS & REED, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—
To Rent.

WANTED — 5, 10, 20 AND 30-ACRE IMproved fruit and alfalfa ranches to rent. We have had over 30 calls in the last 30 days for such ranches. M. L. SAMSON & CO., 128 W. Fourth st. 1

WANTED—TO RENT 6-ROOM HOUSE AND barn, walking distance from Normal School; steady tenant if cheap. Address O, box 74, TIMES OFFICE. 2

WANTED—A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE or 2 or 3 furnished rooms for housekeeping. Address O, box 72, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED—
Miscellaneous.

WANTED — GRUBSTAKE FOR STEWART River; $250 short; best of references; special opportunity. Address 5 days, 248 E. FIFTH ST. 1

WANTED — FURNITURE, SAFES, PIANOS, carpets, etc.; highest cash price paid. 521 S. BROADWAY.

WANTED—A CHILD TO BOARD. 423 WALL ST. 2

MINING—
And Assaying.

SEE MORGAN & CO. FOR GOOD ASSAYing, etc.; 25 years' experience. 260-263 WILSON BLOCK, cor. First and Spring sts.

FOR SALE—
City Lots and Lands.

FOR SALE — CHEAP LOTS ON BOYLE Heights; 2 lots, Clifton tract, 45x121 feet, corner Savannah and Brooklyn aves.; street graded; $275 each. Two lots fronting on Michigan ave., in Evergreen tract, 50x121 feet, $275 each; lot 25x121 in same tract, $150. Lot on St. John st., 50x120 feet to allow; $300. These are bargains. Address owner, MRS. CHARLES STEELE, W. Palmdale, Los Angeles county, Cal. 5

FOR SALE—THE CHEAPEST LOT IN THE city is on San Pedro near 11th., on west side of street; no small, half-sized lot, but 50x150 to 20-foot alley; 100-foot street, and the electric car line will be running by the time you've built. G. C. EDWARDS, 239 W. First st. 1

FOR SALE—HALF-ACRE LOTS AT GARvanza and Highland Park, $150 each, large lots on car line in Park Bluff and Garvanza, $300, on easy terms; a fine place for a home. I. H. PRESTON, trustee, 217 New High st.

FOR SALE — FINE PROPERTY FOR chicken ranches in Arroyo bottom at Garvanza, covered with sycamores and oaks; large lots in blocks of 12 or less, $30 per lot; easy terms. I. H. PRESTON, 217 New High st.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, 106 FEET ON Flower near Pico; the finest home site in this city; look at this and make us an offer; large sign on property. E. C. CRIBB, 218 S. Broadway. 1

FOR SALE—A HOME FOR $5 A MONTH; take Central-ave. car to White st., and see those 40-foot lots for $150. WIESENDANGER, 427 S. Broadway. 10

FOR SALE — 54 FEET OR MORE ON ARnold st., bet. Bixel st. and Lucas ave., at a sacrifice for cash. S. R. HENDERSON, 324 Stimson Block.

FOR SALE—A FEW CHOICE IMPROVED acres, irrigated garden, in city near electric cars, cheap. M, box 49, TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—LOT ON 25th st., with barn, worth $600, for $300. Money talks loud here. SNOVER & MYERS, 508 S. Broadway. 1

FOR SALE—25 LOTS THIS SIDE WESTlake Park, for $3000; cheap enough. 203 S. BROADWAY, room 18.

FOR SALE—CHEAP; GOOD LOT, CLOSE in; inquire or address G. F. T., 131 N. Broadway. 5

FOR SALE—BEFORE INVESTING IN REAL property, see I. H. PRESTON, 217 New High st.

FOR SALE—W. H. HOLABIRD, CITY AND country real estate. 308-310 BYRNE BLDG.

FOR SALE—
Country Property.

$4600—FOR SALE—10 ACRES AT COVINA in 7-year-old navels, in good condition and bearing heavily; price $4600, which will include ½ of crop now on the trees; this is located where oranges do not freeze. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$15,000—FOR SALE—32 ACRES BETWEEN Rivera and Whittier, 25 acres of which are in softshell walnuts from 6 to 20 years old and in prime condition; balance alfalfa; price $15,000; this is one of the most productive orchards in the county. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$12,500—FOR SALE—THE VERY BEST 20-acre, 7-year-old navel orange orchard in Southern California; place produced over $4000 worth of choice fruit this year; located where no frost interferes and all the conditions are favorable; this is absolutely the best buy in the State, as it will now produce a good income on $40,000, and can be bought for the next few days for $12,500. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$6000 — FOR SALE — 20 ACRES IN THE frostless belt, and where all the conditions are the very best for oranges; 16 acres in navels, 4 years old, and in prime condition, and balance in olives, same age; nice modern residence and good surroundings; this is a great snap for $6000; owner going East, and must sell. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$2800—FOR SALE—43 ACRES OF CHOICE land, all under cultivation, a little south of the city, on Vermont ave.; $1600 can remain on land, but balance must be cash, as the owner is leaving the country; land adjoining is held at $150 per acre. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$1600 — FOR SALE — 20 ACRES GOOD ALfalfa land, with 18 acres planted to alfalfa; price only $1600. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second. 3

FOR SALE—DO YOU WANT A HOME? Then buy land on the Alamitos; a small ranch will give you a good income; lemon, olive, deciduous and small fruits grow to perfection; water, markets, schools, churches, stores, railroads and an ocean pier make Alamitos the best investment. 5, 10 and 20-acre tracts, only $150 per acre; ¼ cash. Address G. C. FLINT, secretary, Long Beach, or E. B. Cushman, agent, 129 S. Broadway, Los Angeles.

FOR SALE— A beautiful home ½ mile from Downey; a fine location; cost $2500 one year ago; 6½ acres set to young navel oranges and softshell walnuts; 7-room, 2-story, hard-finished new house; 3-inch well, tank and windmill; barn, crib and stable; the owner has the Klondike fever and will sell and give possession at once for $1800. 3 B. M. BLYTHE, Downey, Cal.

FOR SALE—FRUIT LANDS IN RIVERSIDE county and at Redlands; bearing orange and deciduous fruit orchards; also choicest unimproved lands; watered by the great Lake Hemet water system. Good paying income can be derived from these lands the first year. Address HEMET LAND CO., Hemet, or 241 S. Broadway, Los Angeles.

FOR SALE—WILL ACCEPT BEST OFFER made until February 15, for choice 20-acre lemon ranch, clear, near San Diego; good house, barn, windmill, reservoir. Close to two motor line stations, postoffice, schools, churches, groceries, etc. Immense water system under construction. Address O, box 71, TIMES OFFICE. 7

FOR SALE—BEET-SUGAR-FACTORY SITE. 6000 acres and upward; large tracts for colony subdivision; splendid opening for investment of capital. W. H. HOLABIRD, 308-310 Byrne Bldg. Los Angeles.

FOR SALE—$1100; 2½ ACRES BETWEEN Washington and Adams sts., short distance west of city; near Traction line extension. CONLEY, GUTHRIE & KEMPER, 107½ S. Broadway. 8

FOR SALE—$3500; 10 ACRES OF 3-YEAR soft-shell walnuts; deciduous trees between; in Vernon. CONLEY, GUTHRIE & KEMPER, 107½ S. Broadway. 8

FOR SALE—GRAIN, BEET AND CITRUS land; large or small tracts; easy terms. WILLARD M. SHELDON, 209 Stimson Block.

FOR SALE—W. H. HOLABIRD, CITY AND country real estate. 308-310 BYRNE BLDG.

FOR SALE—
Business Property.

$28,000 — FOR SALE — A 3-STORY BRICK building on Spring st., with lot 50x165; price $28,000, on easy terms. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$36,000—FOR SALE — BUSINESS LOT ON Spring near Fifth, 60x165; price $36,000. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$8500—FOR SALE—GOOD BUSINESS PROPerty, very close in on Main st., and a corner, renting for $100 per month; price for a few days, $8500. NOLAN & MITH, 228 W. Second.

$28,000 — FOR SALE — BRICK BLOCK IN this city, centrally located, renting for $215 per month; price $28,000. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$36,000 — FOR SALE — A LOT 60x165 ON Broadway, close in; price $36,000. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$1500 — FOR SALE — LOT 60x145 IN THE Harper tract, with beautiful surroundings; price only $1500. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second. 3

FOR SALE — SALOON DOING GOOD business, reasonable rent, very cheap. Inquire at MEIER & ZOBELEIN BREWERY, 440 Aliso st.

FOR SALE—NICE BUSINESS CORNER ON E. Fifth st., only $2600. See OWNER at 323 W. FOURTH ST., 9 to 11 o'clock. 30

MACHINERY—
And Mechanical Arts.

CHARLES B. BOOTHE & CO. — ENGINES, boilers, pumps and general machinery and engineers' supplies, belting, pulleys, shafting, mining and concentrating machinery, ore crushers, hand and power hoists, freight and passenger elevators; general agents "Imperial" automatic engines, Smith-Vaille steam and power pumps, electric generators and motors. 126-128 S. LOS ANGELES ST.

FOR SALE — SECOND-HAND ENGINES; hoisting and portable; Pelton water wheel; set pipe; machinery, steel ropes, blocks and cables. E. L. MAYBERRY, 244 S. Broadway.

THOMPSON & BOYLE PIPE CO.—RIVETED steel water pipe and well casing, oil and water tanks, ore buckets, ore cars, general sheet-iron work. 310-314 Requena st., L. A.

FRANK R. HOWE — BOILERS, ENGINES, and general machinery. Complete steam and irrigating plants; Miller pumps. 137 W. SECOND ST., Los Angeles.

FULTON ENGINE WORKS, FOUNDERS and machinists, cor. Chavez and Ash sts.

IRON WORKS—BAKER IRON WORKS, 950 to 966 BUENA VISTA ST.

FOR SALE—
Houses.

$2500 — FOR SALE — NEW 8-ROOM MODern residence, 2-story, with large lot, in southwest part of the city, close to 2 electric lines; price for a few days, only $2500. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$10,000 — FOR SALE — IN THE BONNIE Brae tract, a beautiful 10-room residence on highly-improved corner lot, 75x150; house is of very modern design and has all the necessary conveniences for a comfortable and elegant home; price $10,000. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$3500—FOR SALE—NEW 8-ROOM, 2-STORY residence, on S. Flower; lot 50x180; house has all modern improvements, and is a decided bargain at $3500. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$3500 — FOR SALE — A VERY FINE NEW modern 2-story, 9-room residence, in southwest part of the city, on electric line and very near Adams st.; price $3500. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$12,000—FOR SALE—A VERY FINE TEN-room residence in the Harper tract, with a very highly-improved lot, 120x150; price $12,000. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$1000 — FOR SALE — 5-ROOM COTTAGE, with lot 40x162, on 14th st.; price $1000—½ cash, balance any time. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$2900—FOR SALE—A MODERN-BUILT 8-room residence, on 23d st. and University electric line; price for a few days, only $2900, on easy terms. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$1500—FOR SALE—HOUSE 6 ROOMS, NEW and modern, with lot 50x150, in south part of city near 15th st.; price $1500. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$1600 — FOR SALE — 5-ROOM COTTAGE, with lot 48x165, in southwest part of the city, near electric line; price $1600—$100 cash, balance $15 per month. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$1250 — FOR SALE — ON W. 17TH ST., house 5 rooms, with lot 52½x175; price $1250; part on time if required. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$3850—FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL NEW 9-room residence in south part of the city near Adams and Figueroa; all elegantly hand decorated; expensive combination gas and electric fixtures, and all the modern conveniences; cement walks, gravel driveway, shed, and absolutely the finest place in the city for the price. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$1750 — FOR SALE — MODERN 8-ROOM house and barn on 27th near Central ave.; $250 down, $300 1 year, balance 5 years; this is a snap. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$800—FOR SALE—NICE 4-ROOM COTTAGE on Ninth st., with lot 42x150; price only $800; owner going to Alaska and will sacrifice. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$500—FOR SALE — 4-ROOM HOUSE WITH good-size lot, on Ninth st., east of Main; price only $500. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second. 3

FOR SALE— That elegant 9-roomed residence, new and modern, with polished floors, porcelain bath, etc., on a good corner, lot nicely fenced, near Eighth and Alvarado sts.; will be sold for less than you can build the house for. See D. A. MEEKINS, 1-3-5 406 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—HIGH-GRADE RESIDENCE, 7 large rooms and reception hall, situated on Ocean View ave., between Sherman and Park sts.; this is a thoroughly well-built and sanitary house. For terms and price apply to owners, ADAMS-PHILLIPS CO., Pasadena.

FOR SALE—9-ROOM MODERN HOUSE IN aristocratic neighborhood, southwest, large lot, gas, electric lights; $3000. We can guarantee this as the cheapest and nicest property for price in city. SNOVER & MYERS, 508 S. Broadway. 20

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE FINEST COTtage homes in Los Angeles, 7-room modern house, corner lot, 65½x150, on 100-foot street; lawn; fruit trees and flowers, $2400; $900 cash, terms for balance. Inquire at house 800 E. 28TH ST. 3

FOR SALE — $1950; $25 MONTHLY, NOTHing down, new 8-room residence, all modern improvements, barn, lawn, cement walks, electric wired, etc., 1025 E. 33d st. OWNER, 341½ S. Spring st., room 1. Tel. blue 311. 7

FOR SALE — DESIRABLE NEW DWELLing-house, 8 rooms, extra finished in every particular; plate glass, electric wiring; in fact, all modern improvements; owner at house from 3 to 5 daily, 153 W. 22D. 17

FOR SALE—HOUSES ON INSTALLMENTS, same as rent; lots on 50 years' time; will loan money for building; lots on 15th st., ½ mile from Main, only $500. ARTHUR NEWTON, 216 Bradbury Bldg.

FOR SALE — BY OWNER, AT A BARgain on very easy terms, that handsome new 6-room modern cottage, 229 W. 31st, large lot. Call or address OWNER, 214 W. 25th st. 1

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL 8-ROOM MODERN house in Wilshire tract, near Westlake Park, the greatest bargain in the city; payments to suit. W. H. LYON, 218 S. Broadway. 1

FOR SALE — NEW 8-ROOM HOUSE, GAS, electricity, porcelain bath, cement walks, full 2 story, near Bonnie Brae, $1800. Snap! OWNER, O, box 73, Times office. 1

FOR SALE — CHEAP LITTLE HOUSE, 4 rooms; hard finished; Mateo st. near Fifth; price $650; $150 cash, balance monthly. G. C. EDWARDS, 230 W. First st. 2

FOR SALE—FINE RESIDENCE, MARENGO ave., Pasadena, at a bargain. Call at NATURAL HISTORY STORE, Pasadena. 2

FOR SALE—HOPE ST. HOUSES PAYING 12½ per cent. net interest. 203 S. BROADWAY, room 18.

FOR SALE—A 5-ROOM COTTAGE, CHEAP; by owner. Call 831 E. 29TH ST. 3

FOR SALE—CHEAP 5-ROOM COTTAGE. OWNER, 629 MIMOSA ST. 5

FOR SALE—
Suburban Property.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST PERFECT, beautiful and conveniently-located 10-acre suburban homes in Southern California; all kinds fruit in abundance; grand pepper and ornamental trees, flowers, etc.; fine new modern 8-room house, halls, bath; large closets, storeroom, porches, water piped, etc.; large barn, henhouse, sheds, etc.; conveniently located to 2 lines of street car; electric lights, etc.; terms your own. W. W. HOWARD, 308 W. First st.

FOR SALE—
Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—MY UPRIGHT PIANO; AM about to start for Klondike and need the money; write quick, as first man will get a great bargain; is nearly new. Address D, box 4, TIMES OFFICE. 1

FOR SALE—GREATEST BARGAIN IN city; part or all of furniture, third floor Wells-Fargo; must be sold before February 10; rent $50. Inquire before 12 o'clock. 2

FOR SALE—AT A SACRIFICE; MUST BE sold at once; elegant upright piano, full size; walnut case, three pedals. Call WESTERN, 327 S. Main st. 2

FOR SALE — NEW SET PAINTER FALLS step and extension ladders; also lot of paint, cheap for cash; must sell this week. 2303 GRAND AVE. 1

FOR SALE—90 VARIETIES ROSE PLANTS, clematis, ornamental shrubs, vines, etc. Write for price list to W. W. PERKINS, Orange, Cal.

FOR SALE—ONE DOZ. OAK BARRELS, with head; can be made perfectly clean; price 50 cents. TIMES BUSINESS OFFICE.

FOR SALE—WE BUY AND SELL SECONDhand store and office fixtures of all kinds; showcases, doors and windows. 216 E. 4TH. 6

FOR SALE—TYPEWRITERS; BUY, SELL; rent; repair all kinds. TYPEWRITER EXchange, 319 Wilcox Block. Write us.

FOR SALE — 2-SEATED OPEN CARRIAGE, with pole and shafts, $35; or will trade for groceries. 2303 GRAND AVE. 1

FOR SALE—HUBBARD PORTABLE OVEN, $150, in good repair; capacity 200 loaves. T. A. MOODY, Santa Monica.

FOR SALE—NO. 1 SEED BARLEY, NO. 1 seed oats, No. 1 seed wheat, No. 1 rolled barley at 846 S. MAIN. 5

FOR SALE—FIREPROOF SAFE. ACME STATIONERY AND ADVERTISING CO., 259 S. Spring st. 1

FOR SALE—FINE NEW CARRIAGE, BEST bargain in the city; must, a snap. 2323 GRAND AVE.

FOR SALE—2D-HAND COUNTERS, SHOWcases, carpenter work. 827½ E. SECOND ST.

FOR SALE—BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, monthly payments. 208 E. 4TH ST.

FOR SALE—FINE BRUNSWICK BILLIARD and pool table. 208 E. FOURTH ST. 3

FOR SALE—3-H.P. OTTO GAS ENGINE. M'BRIDE, printer, 316 W. Second. 7

FOR SALE — ROLL-TOP DESK, AT 106 S. BROADWAY. 3

CHIROPODISTS—

VACY STEER REMOVES CORNS AND bunions without pain. 124 W. FOURTH.

MISS STAPFER, WILSON BLK., COR. FIRST and Spring; chiropody, massage. Est. 1885.

FOR SALE—
Hotels, Lodging Houses.

$1500 — FOR SALE — ONE OF THE MOST popular and best-paying lodging-houses in the city; pays a net profit of over $100 per month the year round; owner is obliged to move away, and will sell at a sacrifice. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$2500—FOR SALE—FURNITURE OF A 40-room family hotel, close in on Spring st.; rent only $3 a room; price $2500; house always full and making money. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$1500 — FOR SALE — FURNITURE OF 36-room lodging-house on Broadway; price only $1500—½ cash, balance on time. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second. 3

FOR SALE—BEST LODGING-HOUSE EVER offered in Los Angeles, containing 24 rooms; rent only $50; near Hill st., and very central; price $1500; part cash. Apply to I. D. BARNARD, 103 S. Broadway. 1

FOR SALE — GREATEST BARGAIN IN city; part or all of furniture, third floor Wells-Fargo; must be sold before February 10; rent $50. Inquire before 12 o'clock. 2

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST MODERN rooming-houses in the city; parties going north; bargain for some one. See E. L. HOPPER & SON, 338 S. Broadway. 1

FOR SALE — BEST 9-ROOM LODGING-house in the city; nice clean furniture and large, sunny rooms; close in. J. C. OLIVER, 421 S. Broadway. 1

FOR SALE — DESIRABLE ROOMING house, choicest location on Hill st., price very reasonable. Address M, box 77, TIMES OFFICE. 2

FOR SALE—$900; 48-ROOM HOUSE, 32 nicely furnished, 16 unfurnished; rent $75; all full; good location, at 513½ S. SPRING. 1

FOR SALE — FIRST-CLASS LODGING-house, 60 rooms, good business. Apply room 12, FREEMAN BLOCK.

FOR EXCHANGE—
Real Estate.

$12,000—FOR EXCHANGE—30 ACRES OF the finest 5-year-old softshell walnuts in the county; cash value, $12,000, and clear of incumbrance; will trade for fine residence in southwest part of the city. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$8000 — FOR EXCHANGE — 10 ACRES AT Ontario, all in navel oranges 8 years old, and in fine condition; price $8000; will take residence in the city up to $5000 or $6000, and cash or mortgage back for balance. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$4000—FOR EXCHANGE — NICE 10-ROOM residence on Adams st., with large lot, all valued at $4000; mortgage $1600; will trade equity for house and lot in the city or Pasadena, clear. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$1600 — FOR EXCHANGE — A LODGING-house of 47 rooms; 22 rooms furnished; rent $100 per month; price of furniture, $1600; will exchange for house and lot or vacant lots. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$6500 — FOR EXCHANGE — 20 ACRES AT Glendale, all in bearing fruit; good 9-room house, barn, etc.; price $6500; will trade for a piece of business property in the city and put in $5000 or $6000 cash. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$1100—FOR EXCHANGE — COTTAGE OF 4 rooms, with lot 37x125, on Fremont st.; will trade for house and lot in the Wolfskill tract, and pay cash difference up to $1000 or $1200. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$12,000—FOR EXCHANGE—FORTY ACRES next the foothills, west of Glendale, all in bearing fruit; good water-right; good buildings, and cash value $12,000; will take in exchange a building in the city, suitable for rooming-house. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$5000—FOR EXCHANGE—GOOD BUSINESS lot on Fifth st.; cash value, $5000; will take vacant lots or house and lot, southwest, up to $3000, and balance cash or mortgage. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$6500 — FOR EXCHANGE — 10 ACRES AT Highland, mostly in navels in bearing; balance lemons; price $6500; will trade for good residence up to $4500, and balance cash or mortgage; this place is absolutely frostless. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$1500—FOR EXCHANGE—4 GOOD VACANT lots, valued at $1500, and clear of incumbrance; will trade for house and lot and assume. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$25,000 — FOR EXCHANGE — A 3-STORY brick block near the corner of Second and Broadway, valued at $25,000, and renting now for $150 per month; will take part cash and balance city or country property. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$5500 — FOR EXCHANGE — NEW 9-ROOM residence in southwest part of the city, with lot 126x318; value $5500, clear; will exchange for smaller house, closer in. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$32,000—FOR EXCHANGE—BUSINESS LOT on Main near Third st.; price $32,000; will take about $12,000 in good city or country property, and balance on easy terms. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$1100 — FOR EXCHANGE — 4-ROOM COTtage, with lot 50x125, on W. 12th st.; will trade for furniture of rooming-house. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$16,000 — FOR EXCHANGE — A FINE 12-room residence, with lot 75x150, on Figueroa st., valued at $16,000; will take one-half or two-thirds in good orange grove, and balance cash or mortgage. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$16,000—FOR EXCHANGE—A 20-ACRE NAvel orange orchard, in prime condition, in best orange section in the county; 7 years old; crop this year about $2000; good 8-room house and other buildings; price $16,000; will exchange for good Chicago property. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second. 3

FOR EXCHANGE—HANDSOME TEN-ROOM house in the Wilshire Boulevard tract; brand new and modern in all respects; price $6500.

Also an elegant 8-room residence, adjoining the above; price $5000; will take one-half in city or country property, balance on long time.

See the owner, F. J. GILLMORE, 452 S. Spring st.

FOR EXCHANGE—16-ROOM HOUSE ON Florence Heights, San Diego; large lot, south and east front; grand view of harbor; value $5000; will exchange for Los Angeles. 454 S. MAIN.

FOR EXCHANGE — FINE OAK CASE Decker Bros. piano, almost new, and two lots, all clear and a little cash, for good lot, southwest. CHAS. W. ALLEN, room 117-115 Hellman Block.

FOR EXCHANGE — EQUITY IN 4-ROOM modern house in city, and 5 acres of land 6 miles from city, equity $900; fine-improved country place; will assume. Address N, box 15, TIMES OFFICE. 5

FOR EXCHANGE — RENT OR SALE; 160-acre farm in Southeastern Kansas for property in Southern California. Address W. HOBSON, 313 Mary st., Pasadena, Cal. 1

FOR EXCHANGE—$5600; 15-ROOM HOUSE, large lot; well rented; will take vacant lots or alfalfa land. W. H. LYON, 218 S. Broadway. 1

FOR EXCHANGE—HUNDREDS OF PROPerties. Go to BEN WHITE, 235 W. First.

FOR EXCHANGE—I MAKE A SPECIALTY of exchange. R. D. LIST, 226 Wilcox Block.

SWAPS—
All Sorts, Big and Little.

FOR EXCHANGE—A FIRST-CLASS PIANO teacher will give music lessons in exchange for horse or buggy. Address R, box 18, TIMES OFFICE. 2

FOR EXCHANGE — NICE LOT AT THE Palms, for a good buggy horse. Apply 821 E. 27TH ST. 1

TO LET—
Rooms and Board.

TO LET — THE ORIGINAL AND FAMED Casa de Rosas, W. Adams and Hoover sts.; a beautiful and ideal home in the center of the most aristocratic neighborhood; table very fine; terms reasonable; tourists' patronage desired; University cars pass the door. MME. C. M. N. CLAVERIE, proprietor. Tel. west 83. 5

TO LET — NEW SUNNY ROOMS, SOUTHeast alcove suite and others; modern conveniences, private family; home cooking, healthy location and nice neighborhood. NO. 2019 GRAND AVE., cor. 21st st. 30-31-1-2

TO LET—EXCELLENT TABLE, PLEASANT rooms and beautiful grounds; also table board. 627 S. GRAND.

TO LET—WANT AN ELDERLY GENTLEman to room and board in private family. Call 837 BOSTON ST. 1

TO LET—WITH BOARD, LARGE, FINELY furnished rooms; also table board. THE ABBEY, 252 S. Hill.

TO LET—LARGE SUNNY ROOM, FIRST floor, private family. 940 S. BROADWAY. 2

TO LET — ROOMS AND BOARD, COMfortable, close in. 622 S. HOPE ST.

TO LET — A FEW FIRST-CLASS ROOMS, with board, at 1517 S. GRAND AVE. 8

TO LET—
Farming Lands.

TO LET—20 ACRES GOOD LAND, PARTLY improved, with small house, 12 miles south of city, on railroad. WRIGHT & CALLENDER, 235 W. Third st. 1

TO LET—GRAIN AND FRUIT LAND; FINE location, near city; good buildings. 915 HAWKINS ST. 1

BUSINESS CHANCES—
Miscellaneous.

$20,000—FOR SALE—A STRICTLY FIRST-class, long-established business, in this city, paying a net profit of about $5000 a year. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$1000 — FOR SALE — A WELL-ESTABlished business, and clearing $300 per month above expenses; party owns the building and has 5 years' lease at very low rent, in very center of business; price for all, only $1000; this is a snap. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$3000—FOR SALE—AN OLD AND WELL-established stationery business on Spring near Second st.; rent very reasonable and long lease; business clearing $3000 a year; best of reasons for selling. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$600—FOR SALE—A WELL-ESTABLISHED saloon, very centrally located and doing good business; rent only $50; owner selling on account of an immediate departure from city; fixtures alone could not be replaced for less than $2000. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$500 — FOR SALE — FRUIT AND CIGAR business near Fourth st.; price only $500; will invoice; this place is making money and is a good buy. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$2200 — FOR SALE — A CORNER DRUG store in this city, well established and making money; price $2200. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$14,000—FOR SALE — AN ESTABLISHED business in this city, clearing above all expenses nearly $1000 per month; price of business, including the building and lot, $14,000. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$1000 — FOR SALE — AN ESTABLISHED grocery business on Main st., close in; price about $1000. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$6000—FOR SALE—½ INTEREST IN AN old-established and thoroughly first-class business on Spring st., clearing above all expenses over $600 per month; price of the half interest, $6000. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second. 3

FOR SALE—GOLD, SILVER AND NICKEL-plating business, established five years in Los Angeles; profits exceed $100 per month; foreman thoroughly understands and manages the business; so experience or owner's time not required; present owner has "Klondike fever" and must have cash; don't answer unless you have at least $1000 cash and want a clean, legitimate, paying business; address R, box 100, TIMES OFFICE.

BIG SNAP FOR BUTCHERS; WILL SELL you one of the finest and best-located meat markets in the city, doing a large business; I am obliged to go abroad for a number of years; will therefore give an excellent bargain to quick customer. Address M, box 55, TIMES OFFICE. 3

FOR SALE — A HALF-INTEREST IN AN old established and well-paying hotel; situated on a good mining district, and railroads junction; remaining partner well known. Address N, box 74, TIMES OFFICE. 1

BARBERS— And old-established barber shop, doing good business; owner going away and will sell cheap. Inquire BOOK STORE, 515 S. Spring st. 2

FOR SALE — NEW AND SECOND-HAND store; 25x65-foot storeroom; 4 rooms in rear for living-rooms; connected with closets and kitchen sinks. Address 25 UNION ST., Pasadena, Cal.

FOR SALE—PROSPEROUS AND GROWING country store business, and delightful home, in good neighborhood; a big chance for party with $300. Address Z, box 414, SANTA ANA, Cal.

$75 TO $100 A MONTH, INCOME-PAYING business; also will include in the deal attractive surburban residence place; terms easy. OWNER, 124 S. Main, room 11. 1

FOR SALE—BLACKSMITH SHOP, STOCK, tools, etc. Address J. O. ECKLES, Montecito, Cal., or PERCIVAL & CHAMBERS, Los Angeles, Cal. 18

DELICACY AND BAKERY BUSINESS; ESTablished trade; living rooms; below invoice; $400. SNOVER & MYERS, 508 S. Broadway. 1

FOR SALE—CASH GROCERY AND FRUIT store; very central; big sacrifice, $500. 1 I. D. BARNARD, 103 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—$75 WILL BUY CIGAR STAND well worth $125; come quick on Monday. 1 I. D. BARNARD, 103 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—A CHOICE MEAT MARKET, big cash trade and very cheap rent, $450. 1 I. D. BARNARD, 103 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—NICEST DELICACY STORE IN Los Angeles; big trade, a sacrifice, $200. 1 I. D. BARNARD, 103 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE — CORNER GROCERY, GREAT bargain; trade $40 day; off to Alaska; $1500. 1 I. D. BARNARD, 103 S. Broadway.

$400—½ INTEREST IN OLD-ESTABLISHED paying delicacy business; parties wishing to retire. ERNST & CO., 130 S. Broadway. 2

BIG SNAP — NATURAL HISTORY STORE, Pasadena. A fine established business at a sacrifice. Inspection will convince you. 1

GROCERY, CENTRAL LOCATION; ESTABlished long time; below invoice; $650. SNOVER & MYERS, 508 S. Broadway. 1

FOR SALE — GROCERY STORE, LIVING-rooms; rent $7.50; horse and wagon; a bargain. Call at 439 E. THIRD.

FOR SALE—BAKERY SOUTHWEST, SNAP; or will trade for real estate. Address M, box 81, TIMES OFFICE. 2

FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST IN A GOOD business; small capital. Inquire 1317 S. GRAND AVE. 1

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS SHOE STOCK. Address Z, box 83, TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—MEAT MARKET AND RESIdence, $25; Clearwater; paying well. 6

I SELL OUT ALL KINDS OF BUSINESS. I. D. BARNARD, 103 S. Broadway. 1

TO LET—
Rooms.

TO LET — SUNNY, WELL FURNISHED rooms; hot air, baths free, telephone; no children or consumptives; first-class appointments. THE CARLING, 422 W. Second st. 6

TO LET — VERY PLEASANT FURNISHed rooms, single or en suite; modern conveniences. THE STANFORD, 350 S. HILL. 30-31-1-2-3

TO LET — NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, lowest rates; public parlor; piano, gas, etc. THE VERMONT, 138 N. SPRING. 16

TO LET — HOW'S THIS? SUNNY ROOMS from 75c week; cheapest in city. THE "ROCHESTER," 1012 Temple st. 1

TO LET — NICE, FURNISHED ROOMS, housekeeping privileges; MACKENZIE HOUSE, 827½ S. Spring st.

TO LET—NEW FURNISHED ROOMS, PRIvate family, 806 S. HILL; gas, bath, heat, etc. Call Tel. green 604.

TO LET — LARGE, FURNISHED ROOM; grate, light housekeeping privileges, close in. 724 S. SPRING. 1

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS; GAS, grates and halls heated; free baths. 520 S. BROADWAY.

TO LET—PLEASANT, SUNNY FRONT suite; also sunny single room, furnished. 247 S. HILL. 4

TO LET — NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS; gas, bath; good home cooking. 845 S. OLIVE ST. 3

TO LET — NICELY-FURNISHED 4-ROOM sunny flat, near in. Inquire 553 S. HOPE ST. 1

TO LET — SUNNY ROOM WITH EXCELlent table board. 723 W. SEVENTH ST. 30-1-3-6

TO LET—FURNISHED SUNNY ROOMS; new, clean; best in city. 595 S. SPRING ST.

TO LET — THE DRESDEN; FURNISHED and unfurnished rooms, offices. 224 S. MAIN.

TO LET — FURNISHED ROOMS; HOUSEkeeping privileges. 637½ S. BROADWAY. 1

TO LET—ELEGANT FRONT ROOM; PRIvate residence. 859 S. FIGUEROA ST. 1

TO LET—"HOTEL FLORENCE;" ROOMS with private baths. 308 S. MAIN.

TO LET—3 LARGE UNFURNISHED ROOMS, very desirable, $8. 120 W. 15TH. 2

TO LET—UNFURNISHED ROOMS; PRICES reasonable. 513½ S. SPRING ST. 1

TO LET—4 NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS, housekeeping. 529 W. SECOND. 1

TO LET—ROOMS, SINGLE OR EN SUITE. OLIVE INN, 337 S. Olive. 3

BATHS—
Vapor, Electrical and Massage.

HYGIENIC INSTITUTE, 254 S. BROADWAY, rooms 5 and 6. Tel. main 739. Best scientific massage; steam baths superior to any other; chronic diseases successfully treated; references. DR. L. GOSSMANN.

THE ONLY HAMMAM TURKISH BATHS IN Los Angeles; entirely separate departments; ladies' hours, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.; gents day and night. 210 S. BROADWAY.

MRS. L. SCHMIDT-EDDY, LADIES EXCLUsively; all kinds baths, massage and electric treatment. Rooms 306-307, 226 S. SPRING.

MRS. STAHMER, 131 N. SPRING, ROOMS 103-104. Massage, vapor baths. Tel. green 12.

JULES HEUGEN, HOTEL DELAWARE— Finest-equipped institution in city.

TO LET—
Houses.

TO LET—THE VAN & STORAGE PADDED vans at 75c, $1 and $1.25 per hour; the only safe, quick and economical way to move; we have expert piano-movers; our warehouse is the best, with lowest rates of insurance. Cut rates to the East on household goods. Office removed to 436 S. SPRING ST. Office Tel. main 1140. Res., Tel. black 1221.

TO LET—1 6-ROOM HOUSE WITH BATH and large cellar, elegant view, fine garden, $12 per month with water; only ½ block from Temple-st. car; also 6-room house on Bunker Hill, $15 per month with water, ½ block from Temple. Inquire at 250 S. MAIN. 1

TO LET—CLOSE IN, INGRAHAM ST., 9-room house, modern conveniences, shades, big yard; all sunny rooms; high and dry; only $25 to right parties by the year; prefer adults. Owner, G. P. THOMPSON, 1235 W. Seventh. 2

TO LET — CHEAP; A LOVELY 7-ROOM cottage at N.E. cor. 12th and Westlake ave., with barn, lawn, fruit trees, etc. Call at house or at 125 W. First st. A. J. PARTRIDGE. 2

TO LET — NICE SUNNY, FURNISHED 4-room flat, first floor; electric lights, gas, for housekeeping; adults only. 525 CALIFORNIA ST., near Courthouse. 1

TO LET—NEW 2-STORY, 8-ROOM, CLOSE in; furnace, kitchen range, gas and electric fixtures and shades hung; rent $25. Key 740 S. BROADWAY.

TO LET—AN ACCESSIBLE, CONVENIENT suburban residence; pure air, good water; low rent. Apply to DR. SEYMOUR, 307 S. Broadway. 1

TO LET—ORDER A VAN FOR MOVING from BEKINS, 102 S. Broadway. Office telephone m. 10; res. tel. blk. 1221.

TO LET—LIST YOUR HOUSES WITH US, we can rent them. JOHNSON & KEENEY, 204 S. Broadway. Tel. main 152. 30-4-5

TO LET — SAVE TIME BY CONSULTING my list of furnished and unfurnished houses. BRANDIS, 203 S. Broadway.

TO LET—NICE 4-ROOM COTTAGE AT 1218 W. Second, st. Call on H. CHANDLER, Times office.

TO LET—7-ROOM COTTAGE, WITH BATH, close in; rent $17. Apply at 314 CALIFORNIA ST. 1

TO LET—8-ROOM HOUSE, CORNER; BARN, shed; close in. 522 E. FOURTH, key next door. 1

TO LET—FIRST-FLOOR FLAT; 6 SUNNY rooms; close in. 115 S. OLIVE ST. 1

TO LET—
Furnished Houses.

TO LET—FURNISHED, FOR BRIEF PEriod, very handsome residence, select location; 11 rooms; only small family, with no children accepted. Inquire at room 225, WILCOX BLDG. 1

TO LET — 12 FURNISHED HOUSES, ALL sizes and prices; some of these are most elegantly equipped and scrupulously clean. J. C. OLIVER, 214 S. Broadway. 1

TO LET — 7-ROOM FURNISHED HOUSE, with attic, close in; terms moderate. Apply mornings after 10 o'clock, 704 CALIFORNIA ST., city. 1

TO LET — LARGE, WELL-FURNISHED rooming-house; rent applied upon purchase price. Address R, box 20, TIMES OFFICE. 1

TO LET—A SUNNY, NEATLY-FURNISHED modern 4-room flat. Call between 11 and 1 p.m., 495½ TEMPLE ST. 1

TO LET—
Stores, Offices, Lodging-houses.

TO LET—PRIVATE OFFICE AND DESK room for rent with free telephone; electric light and heater; very reasonable at 103 S. Broadway, by A. C. GOLSH.

TO LET—STORES ON SPRING ST.; ALSO Second and Main sts. JOHNSON & KEENEY, 204 S. Broadway. Tel. main 152. 30-1-3

MONEY TO LOAN—

UNION LOAN COMPANY, STIMSON BLK., cor. Third and Spring, loans money on all kinds of collateral security, watches, diamonds, furniture and pianos without removal, low interest; money at once; business confidential; private office for ladies. CLARK A. SHAW, manager, rooms 114 and 115, first floor. Tel. 1651. References, Citizens' Bank; Security Savings Bank.

TO LOAN — MONEY LOANED ON DIAmonds, jewelry, pianos, carriages, bicycles, and all kinds of collateral security; we will loan you more money, less interest, and hold your goods longer than any one; no commissions, appraisers, middlemen or bill of sale; tickets issued; storage free in our warehouse. LEE BROS., 402 S. Spring.

MONEY TO LOAN ON ALL KINDS OF personal security, diamonds, watches, pianos, furniture, life insurance, or collaterals of any kind. We loan our own money and can make quick loans; private room for ladies; business confidential. CHARLES W. ALLEN, rooms 115 and 117, Hellman Block, corner of Second and Broadway.

TO LOAN—MONEY IN LARGE OR SMALL amounts at lower rates of interest than others charge, on all kinds of collateral security, diamonds, watches, jewelry, pianos, furniture; life insurance and all good collateral; partial payments received; money quick; private office for ladies. G. M. JONES, rooms 12-14, 254 S. Broadway.

TO LOAN—$250,000, AT 5 PER CENT., NET, on close inside income business property. Apply to R. G. LUNT, 140 S. Broadway, Hellman Block.

A BARREL OF MONEY TO LOAN on diamonds, watches, pianos, furniture, etc.; all first-class collateral security. S. P. CREASINGER, 247 S. Broadway, Business confidential. Rooms 1 and 2.

MONEY TO LOAN FOR BUILDING PURposes, or on improved city property; montly repayments same as rent; low rate of interest. METROPOLITAN BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, 107 E. Second.

THE GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOciety of San Francisco will make loans on improved city property; building loans a specialty; expenses light. R. G. LUNT, agent, 140 S. Broadway, Hellman Block.

TO LOAN—$100 TO $500,000, OR I WILL BUY your equity or the mortgage on your property. ROSENSTEEL, dealer in bonds, mortgages and real estate, 218 S. Broadway.

TO LOAN—$9000 AT MODERATE INTEREST on well-improved real estate security; principals only. Address N, box 37, TIMES OFFICE, describing security and location. 1

POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, ROOM 308, Wilcox Bldg., lend money on any good real estate; building loans made; if you wish to lend or borrow, call on us.

TO LOAN—$500 TO $25,000 PRIVATE MONEY 6 per cent. net, on first-class residence property. LOCKHART & SON, 316 Wilcox Block.

TO LOAN — $200 TO $95,000 ON CITY OR country real estate. LEE A. M'CONNELL & CO., real estate and loans, 218 S. Broadway.

TO LOAN — LOANS ON BUSINESS PROPerty, 5 per cent.; no commissions. WILLARD M. SHELDON, 209 Stimson Block.

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TO LOAN — MONEY QUICKLY, QUIETLY, reasonably. R. D. LIST, 226 Wilcox Block.

$100,000 — ANY AMOUNT; ALSO SHORT loans. EDW. C. CRIBB, 218 S. Broadway.

TO LOAN — 6 TO 8 PER CENT. MONEY. BRADSHAW BROS., 202 Bradbury Block.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE. MORTIMER & HARRIS, 78 Temple Block.

MONEY WANTED—

WANTED — $1000, $2200, $2500, ON NEW houses in choice locations; ample security; 8 per cent. net; also will sell one mortgage, $2500, on city property worth $5000, at a small discount if taken now; principals only. AMERICAN BUILDING AND MORTGAGE CO., 808 Henne Bldg.

WANTED — $1000, ALASKA; GOOD REAL and personal security; interest in result. Address O, box 41, TIMES OFFICE. 1

WANTED—PARTY WANTS $1300 AT ONCE on beautiful cottage worth $2600. L. H. MITCHEL, 136 S. Broadway. 1

WANTED—MONEY, $900; $1000, $1250, $3500; good city loans. W. H. LYON, 218 S. Broadway. 1

Liners

LOST, STRAYED—
And Found.

LOST—A BLACK COCKER AND WATER spaniel bitch, with a very short tail; nickel collar. Liberal reward if returned to MRS. CHANCY WRIGHT, Rival Restaurant, 115 W. Second st. 1

LOST—MONDAY MORNING, IN BROADway Department store, a pair of gold glasses; finder please return to MRS. MYERS, 439 S. Hill st., and get reward. 1

LOST—SATURDAY NIGHT ON BROADWAY between First and Temple; seal shoulder cape; finder return to 323 TEMPLE and receive liberal reward. 2

LOST—SATURDAY, JAN. 29, FUR BOA ON road to Devil's Gate. Liberal reward if returned to 25 S. ORANGE GROVE AVE., Pasadena. 2

LOST — PACKET CONTAINING MASONIC papers; finder will receive reward by returning same to cigar store, 304 S. SPRING ST. 1

LOST—POCKETBOOK CONTAINING money and ring. Generous reward offered for return. H. H. FISH, 106 Hewitt st. 1

LOST — ON SUNDAY, BOY'S LIGHT-COLored overcoat; leave at DELAWARE RESTAURANT and receive reward. 2

LOST—LADIES' GOLD WATCH; LOST ON Temple st.; return to HOTEL WESTMINSTER and receive reward, $5. 6

PERSONAL—
Business.

PERSONAL—GEO. A. RALPHS—GOLD BAR Flour, $1.25; City Flour, $1.00; Arbuckle's or Lyon Coffee, 10c per package; granulated Sugar, 18 lbs., $1.00; 5 lbs. Rice, 25c; 9 bars German Family or 14 bars Rex Soap, 25c; 1 lb. Battle Ax Tobacco, 25c; 5 G. Medal Borax Soap, 25c; 10 lbs. Rolled Wheat, 25c; 10 lbs. Rolled Oats, 25c; 3 cans Salmon, 25c; 4 cans Corn or Tomatoes, 25c; 7 boxes Sardines, 25c; 5 gallons Gasoline, 55c; Coal Oil, 45c; 3 cans Oysters, 25c; Lard, 10 lbs., 65c; 12 lbs. Beans, 25c; sugar-cured Hams, 9c per lb. 601 S. SPRING ST., cor. Sixth. Tel. 516.

PERSONAL — REMOVED — MRS. PARKER, palmist, life-reading, health, ailments, business, travels, lawsuits, mineral locations, children's disposition and capabilities; property, speculations, all affairs of life. 236½ S. SPRING ST., room 4. Fee 50c and $1.

PERSONAL — COMB HONEY, 5c; 6 LBS. crackers, 25c; butter, 20c; 10 lbs. cornmeal, 15c; 16 lbs. beans, 25c; 10 lbs. peaches, 25c; 2 lbs. mixed tea, 25c; cereal coffee, 10c; bacon, 9c. ECONOMIC, 267 S. Los Angeles st. 1

PERSONAL—MME. LEO'S LIFE READINGS are acknowledged to be of the highest order; she advises with certainty as to the proper course to pursue in love, business and family affairs. At 125 W. FOURTH.

PERSONAL—A. PAISNER PAYS HIGHEST prices for old clothing. 111½ Commercial st.

PERSONAL—SCREEN DOORS, 90c. ADAMS MFG. CO., 742 Main. Tel. main 966.

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Schools, Colleges, Private Tuition

LOS ANGELES BUSINESS COLLEGE, 212 W. Third st., offers advantages unsurpassed by any similar school in the land. The new Budget System, as taught by this college, combines theory and business practice. Complete courses in book-keeping, shorthand, telegraphy, assaying. New rooms, cool and well lighted. Day and night sessions. Students may enter any time. Catalogue free.

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BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS—LOS Angeles Academy (military,) west of Westlake Park. Our boys are busy, work or play, every hour of the day. Catalogue gives particulars. W. R. WHEAT, Mgr. Emery and Brown, principals.

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LIVE STOCK FOR SALE—
And Pastures to Let.

FOR SALE — 1100-LB. HORSE AND GOOD wagon, suitable for express or delivery; will sell cheap for cash or trade for groceries; must sell this week. 2303 GRAND AVE. 1

WANTED—TO RENT HORSE AND BUGGY for 30 days, with privilege of buying, guarantee first-class care. Address R, box 27, TIMES OFFICE. 1

FOR SALE—MULES AND HORSES, STYLish, gentle, speedy; also good work mules. E. L. MAYBERRY, 244 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE — GENTLE 1100-LB. HORSE, suitable for surrey, $50; will trade for groceries. 2303 GRAND AVE. 1

FOR SALE — OR RENT; FAMILY COWS; bulls for service. NILES, 456 E. Washington st.

FOR SALE—FRESH COW, SECOND CALF; Jersey and Holstein. 1624 E. EIGHTH ST. 1

FOR SALE—GENTLE FAMILY HORSE, $65, worth $100. R. D. LIST, 226 Wilcox Block.

FOR SALE — FRESH, GENTLE JERSEY cow and calf. 1015 W. EIGHTH ST. 1

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DR. MINNIE WELLS, 316 W. 17TH ST., COR. Grand ave. Hrs. 10 to 4, 7 to 9. Consult free experienced doctor; can give prompt relief in all female troubles; 15 years in city. "Dr. Minnie Wells is well known to me. She is a critical and careful physician, having large and successful experience in private practice."—J. McIntyre, M.D., State Prof. Clin. Surg., St. Louis. Many private indorsements.

LOS ANGELES ELECTRO-THERAPEUTIC Sanitarium. W. J. DAWSON, M.E., V.D. Static, galvanic and Faradic electricity, massage, medicated vapor baths of every kind, fumigating baths a specialty; X-rays diagnosis. Office hours, 9-6. Tel. red 1735. 733 S. Broadway, bet. Seventh and Eighth.

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DR. WONG HIM, PHYSICIAN AND SURgeon, 831 S. Hope st. P. O. box 227, Station C, Los Angeles.

DR. UNGER, CURES CANCERS AND TUmors without knife. 107½ N. MAIN ST. 6

DR. F. E. STEVENS—OPEN SUNDAYS AND evenings (electric light.) 324½ S. SPRING.

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And Dental Rooms.

SCHIFFMAN METHOD DENTAL CO., rooms 20 to 26, 107 N. Spring st. Painless extracting, filling, crown and bridge-work; flexible rubber plates. Pure gold fillings, $1 up; all other fillings, 50c up; cleaning teeth, 50c up; solid 22-k. gold crowns and bridgework, $4 up; a full set of teeth, $5. Open evenings and Sunday forenoons.

ADAMS BROS.' DENTAL PARLORS, 239½ S. Spring. Plates from $4; painless extracting, 50c; all work guaranteed; established 12 years. Sunday, 10 to 12. Tel. black 1273.

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DR. F. E. STEVENS—OPEN SUNDAYS AND evenings (electric light.) 324½ S. SPRING.

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PATENTS FOR INVENTIONS OBTAINED, bought and sold by DAY & DAY, 233-234 Stimson Block. Established 1849.

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Reliable Business Houses
Of Los Angeles.

ADVERTISERS ATTENTION!
We are now prepared to place 3-inch advertisements in 30 So Cal. Newspapers for $4.50 per week. NEWITT ADVERTISING CONCERN, 324-325 Stimson Building. Phone Main 1584.

AKRON FURNITURE CO.,
Phone Main 1146. 441 South Main St., opp. Postoffice. Jan. 25 to Jan 28, goods marked down 25 per cent. during our Rag Tag Sale.

ANITA BICYCLES $35.
Milwaukee Bicycles $25. Every wheel fully guaranteed. Honest wheels at Cut Rates.
A. R. MAINES, 435 South Spring St.

BEST $2 MEN'S SHOES
On earth. Rubber Boots for $2 that beat the town. Everything else in proportion. Lubin's Clothing and Shoe House. 110-114 N. Main Street.

COAL IS SCARCE
But we have still a supply. Dry Live Oak either split or in chunks for grate or furnace, at lowest prices.
C. E. PRICE & CO., 807 S. Olive, 'Phone M. 573.

CUTS FOR ADVERTISERS 25C
Plenty of cuts for any business at this price. Engraving by every process. Illustrate your ads. J. C. NEWITT, 324-325 Stimson Building.

DON'T WORRY
About the coal famine, but order your wood from the SHATTUCK & DESMOND, 1227 Figueroa street. Tel. West 211.

EYES EXAMINED FREE.
A perfect scientific test by an expert. Only a small profit charged for actual material used. GENEVA WATCH AND OPTICAL CO., 353 South Spring street.

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413 S. BROADWAY.
Furniture moving, packing and storing done by expert workmen. Padded vans and prompt work. Phone M. 872.

RESTAURANTS—HOTELS
And other large consumers of fuel will save some money by giving us a chance to figure.
W. E. CLARK, 1249 S. Pearl St., Phone West 69

WHOLESALE HAY ALL KINDS
Lowest prices. Buy from us by the ton and save money. L. A. HAY STORAGE & MILLING CO., Third and Central Ave. Telephone M. 1596.

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Rates and information can be had of
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Eye Glasses

Will do you more harm than good if they do not fit. We can fit you, it is our exclusive business.
BOSTON OPTICAL CO.,
228 W. Second St.
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LINES OF TRAVEL.

LOS ANGELES TERMINAL RAILWAY—NOVEMBER 22, 1897.
PASADENA:
Leave Los Angeles—8:20 a.m., 9:30 a.m., 12:15 p.m., 3:25 p.m., 5:10 p.m.
Arrive Los Angeles—9:22 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 1:42 p.m., 5:05 p.m., 6:20 p.m.
MT. LOWE AND ALTADENA:
Leave Los Angeles—9:30 a.m., 3:25 p.m.
Arrive Los Angeles—11:10 a.m., 5:05 p.m.
The only line from Los Angeles making connections with Mt. Lowe Railway without change of cars.
GLENDALE:
Leave Los Angeles—7:00 a.m., 12:30 p.m., 5:15 p.m.
Arrive Los Angeles—8:12 a.m., 1:35 p.m., 6:30 p.m.
LONG BEACH AND SAN PEDRO:
Leave Los Angeles—9:25 a.m., 1:45 p.m., **5:15 p.m., *5:30 p.m.
Arrive Los Angeles—**8:15 a.m., *9:00 a.m., *1:25 p.m., **4:50 p.m., *5:10 p.m.
CATALINA ISLAND:
Leave—**9:25 a.m. Arrive—**1:25 p.m.
*Sundays only. **Sundays excepted.
Boyle Heights cars pass Terminal station.
S. B. HYNES, General Manager.

LOS ANGELES AND REDONDO RAILWAY COMPANY.
Los Angeles Depot, corner Grand avenue and Jefferson street.
EFFECTIVE WEDNESDAY, OCT. 27, 1897.
LEAVE REDONDO—
8 a.m., 11 a.m., 3:15 p.m
Saturdays only, 6:30 p.m.
LEAVE LOS ANGELES—
9:30 a.m., 1:30 p.m., 4:30 p.m.
Saturdays only, 11:30 p.m.
Take Grand-avenue electric or Main-street and Agricultural Park cars.
L. J. PERRY, Superintendent.

Pacific Coast Steamship Company.
The Company's elegant steamers Santa Rosa and Pomona leave Redondo 11 A.M. and Port Los Angeles 2:30 P.M. for San Francisco via Santa Barbara and Port Harford, Feb. 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28. Mar. 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28. Apr. 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, 29. Leave Port Los Angeles 6 A.M. Redondo 11 A.M. for San Diego, via Newport, Feb. 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, 22, 26. Mar. 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, 22, 26, 30. Apr. 3, 7, 11, 15, 19, 23, 27. The Santa Rosa will not stop at Newport. Cars connect via Redondo leave Santa Fe depot 9:45 A.M. or from Redondo Ry depot 9:30 A.M. Cars connect via Port Los Angeles leave S.P.R.R. depot 1:35 P.M. for steamers north bound. The steamers Homer and Coos Bay leave San Pedro and East San Pedro for San Francisco via Ventura, Carpinteria, Santa Barbara, Gaviota, Port Harford, Cayucos, San Simeon, Monterey and Santa Cruz, 6:30 P.M., Feb. 1, 5, 7, 13, 17, 21, 25. Mar. 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, 29. Apr. 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, 22, 26, 30. Cars connect with steamers via San Pedro leave S.P.R.R. (Arcade Depot) 5:03 P.M. and Ter. Ry. depot 5:15 P.M.
The Company reserves right to change, without previous notice, steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing.
W. PARRIS, Agt., 124 W. Second St., Los Angeles. GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Gen. Agts., S. F.


OceanicS.S.Co.
S. S. ALAMEDA sails Feb. 3 for Honolulu, Samoa, New Zealand, Australia.
S. S. AUSTRALIA sails Feb. 17 for Honolulu only.
HUGH B. RICE, Agent,
122 W. Second st.

EXCURSIONS—
With Dates and Departures.

ROCK ISLAND PERSONALLY-CONDUCTED tourist excursions, every Tuesday, via the Denver and Rio Grande "Scenic Line," and by the Popular Southern Route every Wednesday. Low rates; quick time; competent managers; Union Depot, Chicago. Our cars are attached to Boston and New York Special, over the Lake Shore, New York Central and Boston and Albany Railways, arriving Boston 3 p.m., New York 3:25. Vestibule train, through dining car; unequaled service. Office, 214 S. SPRING.

PHILLIPS-JUDSON CONSOLIDATED EXcursions, personally conducted, via the Denver and Rio Grande route, leave Los Angeles every Monday, and via the "True Southern Route" every Tuesday. Office, 130 W. SECOND ST. (Wilcox Building.)

BURSTS THE BUBBLE

CAPT. RAY MAKES REPORT FROM THE KLONDIKE.

Recommends That No One Be Allowed to Go There Except With Two Years' Food.

NO NEW PLACER DISCOVERIES.

RELIEF EXPEDITION TO LEAVE FOR THE YUKON TODAY.

Canadian Pacific Will Not Assist to Make Rates—Sixty Men to Go Direct from New York—Another Big Strike Reported.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Capt. P. H. Ray, the Eighth Infantry army officer sent to the Yukon region to investigate the condition of the miners there, has at last been heard from.

His official reports, a synopsis of which was received by telegraph tonight by Adjt.-Gen. Samuel Breck from Gen. Merriam, commanding the Department of the Columbia, confirm the stories of robbery of food caches and the complete bursting of the gold bubble. To intending gold-seekers who are making preparations to go to the Klondike, the most important statement made by Capt. Ray in his report is that no new gold placers have been discovered in eight months. To the humanitarian, interest and sympathy will be felt for the improvident miners who are starving in the Yukon region.

Capt. Ray's reports are dated November 2 and 3. They were brought to Seattle by special courier E. H. Wells, who started for Washington this morning to deliver them in person to the Secretary of War. The department, upon being informed by Wells that he was en route to this city, telegraphed to Gen. Merriam to catch Wells and telegraph a synopsis of Capt. Ray's reports. Gen. Merriam was successful in obeying orders sent him, as shown by his telegram sent to Gen. Breck tonight.

Courier Wells brought several packages and letters from Capt. P. H. Ray. The latest are dated November 2 and 3. He recommends that steps be taken to check the immigration of persons not supplied with food sufficient to last at least two years. There is no way for a man to earn a living in the Yukon region. No new placers have been discovered in eight months. There is no employment for any large number of people. Capt. Ray thinks that only a small percentage of all people who have entered the new country during the past year have earned their living. Hundreds are scattered along the Yukon without money, food or clothing. Any steps which may be taken to prevent people from going to Alaska, Capt. Ray thinks, will be an act of charity. The lawless element is banding together along the river for robbery. Capt. Ray reports the attempted robbery of food caches. He recommends a survey by Cook's Inlet to the interior for an American road.

The action of the department in telegraphing to Gen. Merriam to learn the contents of Capt. Ray's reports was based upon its desire to have that officer inform himself as to whether there is any special need for haste on the part of the relief expedition which will leave Seattle for Alaska tomorrow. One of the department officials strongly recommended that the relief expeditions be abandoned, his recommendation being based upon letters received from private individuals who represented that they had just come from the Yukon region, and that there was ample food for all miners there.

When the recommendation was brought to the attention of Secretary Alger at his home, that official expressed the conviction that the reports were untrue, and gave orders that the work of expediting the departure of the relief expedition should proceed without delay. His orders have been obeyed, and the expedition which will lave tomorrow will be well-equipped to provide relief. It will be in command of Gen. Merriam, who will accompany it as far as Lynn Canal. The expedition will convey 150 tons of supplies to the Yukon region, pack animals being employed to carry the food. It is expected that Chilcoot Pass will be the route taken by the party. Later in the winter, when the five hundred reindeer which have been purchased in Norway have arrived at Seattle, it is probable a second expedition will be formed.

The officials of the department are inclined to believe that the reports stating that sufficient food is in possession of the miners have been started by merchants desirous of getting their goods into the Yukon region and selling them to the miners at an enormous profit.

CANADIAN PACIFIC SCORES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—After all the talk that has been made over the meeting of the western roads to be held tomorrow for the purpose of considering rates and arrangements for Alaska business, the Canadian Pacific has announced that it will not be represented at the meeting. It declared today that all the demoralization that exists in the Klondike business is the fault of the large and unauthorized commissions that are being paid by the western roads, and the low rates made by those lines and their eastern connections. There is no necessity for a meeting, according to the Canadian Pacific, and it declared plainly that if the western roads would change their tactics there would be no trouble over the rates to Alaska.

The transcontinental passenger officers report the heaviest business they have known for many years in the absence of any special attraction on the Pacific Coast, to draw the crowds.

Some of the roads report that all their sleeping-car space has been engaged until the middle of March. The southern roads are naturally getting the larger share of the business, but the northern roads have the Klondike business to offset it, and they have, they say, all they could expect at this time of the year.

MAJ. RUCKER'S PLANS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The War Department has received advices from its agent at Dyea, Maj. L. H. Rucker, Fourth Cavalry. He reports at length upon the plans he has prepared for the relief parties to be sent out by the government. He says that it will require 115 mules and 130 Juneau sleds to transport 120 tons of supplies into Lake Lebarge ready to send down the Yukon River to Dawson when the ice will permit. He proposes to divide the route into three sections. The major has worked out all of the details of the expedition, but while submitting them according to his instructions he adds that he recommends strongly that the government contract with one of the railway companies to take in the supplies. One at least of these roads will be open by the time supplies reach Dawson City, he says, and he incloses an offer from one crossing the Chilcoot Pass to take in 150 tons of supplies or more for 16½ cents per pound, delivered at Lake Lindeman.

CAPT. RAY REPORTS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—A telegram was received at the War Department today from E. H. Welis, a newspaper man who has just arrived at Seattle from the Klondike, saying that he has with him the long-expected report from Capt. Ray to the Secretary of War, which he was charged to place in the hands of the Secretary himself. Capt. Ray was at Fort Yukon when he sent his report December 20 last.

Inasmuch as the department officials who are charged with the preparations for the government relief expeditions are very anxious to secure such information as Capt. Ray has, without waiting for Mr. Wells to make the trip across the continent, he was telegraphed by Acting Secretary Meiklejohn to place all of the dispatches for the War Department in the hands of Gen. Merriam, commanding at Vancouver Barracks. The general has been instructed to open the report and telegraph such points as may be necessary for the information of the department.

ONE GOOD NEW STRIKE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

PORT TOWNSEND (Wash.,) Jan. 31.—The only story of a new strike of gold in Alaska brought down on the Al-Ki was to the effect that prospectors on the Big Salmon were enthusiastic over what they are taking out, but no definite statement could be had. Hunker Creek continues good, every claim that has been prospected proving very rich.

TWO STEAMERS LEAVE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SEATTLE (Wash.,) Jan. 31.—Two steamers sailed tonight for Alaska, the Protection and the Rosalie. The former had thirty-two passengers and the Rosalie 175. Of the total number of passengers for the latter vessel 124 were booked in this city and the remainder in Tacoma and Port Townsend, at which places the Rosalie called before leaving here.

PARTY OF SIXTY.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Sixty men, with $500 each and provisions enough to last them for nine months, will leave this city Thursday for the Klondike. They will travel by rail as far as Seattle, and then take a ship for Juneau. The party is composed of Germans and is known as the Peter Schrammen Klondike party.

ROSALIE HAS A LOAD.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

TACOMA (Wash.,) Jan. 31.—The steamer Rosalie cleared tonight for Dyea and Skaguay with 185 passengers and 200 tons of freight.

CHILCOOT ON THE WAY.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

PORT TOWNSEND (Wash.,) Jan. 31.—The steamer Chilcoot, en route from Portland to Alaska, arrived here today.

OGILVIE'S ADVICE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

BUFFALO (N. Y.,) Jan. 31.—William Ogilvie, the Canadian surveyor, was in Buffalo today. Being asked as to when he would advise Americans to get out of the Klondike, Ogilvie said: "Parties starting March 1 to 20 will get to the diggings about as soon as those starting now. The middle of May is the earliest time they can reach Dawson City. I would advise them to go by the Dyea or White Pass route at present. That route takes them there in the shortest time, and at the least expense of physical force and money."

CHICAGO PROSPECTORS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Thirty-one prospectors, under the direction of the Yukon Valley Prospecting and Mining Company, left for the Klondike last night.

A KLONDIKE KING.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW CARLISLE (Ind.,) Feb. 1.—Frank Phiscator, the Klondike King of Baroda, near this city, who sold his claim for $1,000,000, has left for Alaska with a company of prospectors.

EL DORADO TO EL DORADO.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

EL DORADO (Iowa,) Feb. 1.—The first party of El Dorado men to go to Alankan gold fields left here last evening, headed by William Holley, a veteran miner.

PARTIES FROM IOWA.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

DUBUQUE (Iowa,) Feb. 1.—Between forty and fifty gold-seekers will leave here for Alaska within the next two weeks. Two parties will leave tomorrow.

RETALIATION AGAINST CANADA.

Object of an Amendment to a Pending Alaskan Bill.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Senator Carter has offered to the bill granting right-of-way in Alaska an amendment which reaffirms and continues the present mining regulations, and also adds the following provision:

"Provided, that native-born citizens of the Dominion of Canada shall be accorded in said Territory of Alaska the same mining rights and privileges accorded to citizens of the United States in British Columbia and the Northwest Territory by the laws of the Dominion of Canada, or the local laws and regulations, and the Secretary of the Interior shall strive to inforce rules and regulations to carry this provision into effect."

Murdered for Their Money.

GRAYSON (Ky.,) Jan. 31.—"Virginia" Bill F. Riley, an old citizen of Elliott county, aged 80, and his wife, aged 70, were murdered tonight and robbed of from $800 to $1200. There is no clew to the murderers. A maul was the instrument used.

British Engineers Working Again.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The engineering works throughout the country reopened today, owing to the settlement of the great strike. About 25 per cent. of the men were employed. The others will be given work gradually.

RUSSIA MEANS WAR.

STARTLING ADVICES TO A LONDON NEWSPAPER.

Unless England Acquiesces in the Far Eastern Policy Outbreak of Hostilities is Imminent.

REVOLT IN INDIA PROMISED.

CZAR WOULD MASS FORCES ON THE AFGHAN FRONTIER.

Interviews With an Admiral and a Diplomat—Powers Said to Be Unanimous in Keeping Chinese Ports Closed.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—A dispatch to the Herald from London says:

"There is a startling dispatch in the Daily Telegraph today from St. Petersburg. This paper's correspondent there has interviews with a Russian admiral, now chief of a squadron, and with an eminent Russian diplomatist. Their declarations, therefore, if true, have semi-official weight. Practically, the declarations the dispatch contains amount to a menace on the part of Russia toward England, and unless England chooses to acquiesce in the policy being pursued by Russia in the Far East, war is inevitable. If this dispatch is not a fake, Russia has thrown down the gage. The dispatch is:

"'ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 29.—I have had a conversation with a Russian admiral, who has been appointed to the post of chief of a squadron, concerning the situation in the Far East. This officer, in the course of his remarks, said: "Nearly the whole of the marine forces of Russia will be dispatched to the Far East, for it is necessary for Russia to place herself in a position of naval strength in Chinese waters equal to that of Great Britain. Russia will not permit the opening of a new port, either at Port Arthur or at Talien. We shall soon see that Germany will say the same thing with regard to Kiaochau and the Bay of Samsah, while France will prevent the opening of the Siam Gulf and Nankin as free ports. Russia, France and Germany will permit no European power to carry out any such attempt against their interests, upon the pretext of encouraging Chino-European trade, for under that condition the power in question would become the real mistress of China, directing both her politics and her finances.

"'I also called upon a celebrated Russian diplomatist who said: "The conditions of the loan of £12,000,000 which Great Britain has offered to the Chinese government, are directed principally against the interests of Russia and France, and for this reason our Ambassador at Peking will, together with his French colleague, struggle to prevent China from accepting the British overtures. By the opening of Talien-Wan as a free port, the value of Port Arthur as a naval station would be diminished. In the spring Great Britain will no longer occupy herself with the Chinese question, and will certainly not take the offensive, finding, as she will, the necessity of devoting her strength and her energy to India, where a revolt infinitely more serious than the Sepoy mutiny is about to break out. There Russia will be able without difficulty to penetrate through Afghanistan and the Pamirs to the Indian possessions of Great Britain, to whom she will dictate terms. We have enough troops and well-fortified frontiers, with outposts well connected in the rear with our reserves by railways and telegraphs, and we could, in the course of a few days, place upon the Afghan frontier an army of 100,000 men. You perceive that all the chances are on our side, and we do not fear the threats of England."'"

NO ANGLO-JAP ALLIANCE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Jan. 31.—[By Atlantic Cable.] It is announced on the best authority that the talk of an Anglo-Japanese plan of campaign in certain eventualities is unfounded. No such matter has occupied the attention of statesmen of the two countries, and no agreement exists between England and Japan except the common desire to secure the free development of trade in China.

As regards Port Arthur, the Russian fleet, according to the same authority, is only there for winter quarters, and the statements as to a Russian occupation are unfounded. China is willing that the English warships should anchor there if required.

PORT ARTHUR DESERTED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Mail says a dispatch has been received there from Port Arthur asserting that no British vessels remain in the harbor and that the Iphigenia and the Daphne left a week ago.

RUSSIA RUSHING TROOPS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 31.—The Russian military cruiser Saratoff, belonging to the volunteer fleet, with twelve quick-firing guns and 1600 troops on board, passed the Bosphorus yesterday on her way to Vladivostock.

According to a dispatch to the London Times from Odessa, cabled to the Associated Press last night, the Russian volunteer fleet will convey in the quickest time practicable more than 10,000 Russian troops to the Far East. It was added that the first cruiser, with 2000 men, would leave within a few days. It is probable that the first cruiser was the Saratoff.

ON THE SAME TERMS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

MANCHESTER (Eng.,) Jan. 31.—The Manchester Guardian hears that the difficulty in the Far East has been solved by the opening of Port Arthur to trade on the same terms as Kiaochau, Great Britain withdrawing her demand for the opening of Talien Wan.

A SECRET TREATY.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

PEKING, Jan. 31.—It is supposed that Great Britain's withdrawal from Port Arthur and her ceasing to exert pressure for the opening of the port of Talien-Wan, which actions are regarded as incredible and suicidal to British interests and prestige, were owing to her disbelief in the existence of a secret treaty between Russia and China. The Chinese government, however, quotes this treaty as the reason for Russia's presence at Port Arthur, and Russian dispatches to the Tsung-Li-Yamen allege that the occupation of Port Arthur is in accordance with the treaty.

BOSTON PEOPLE ARRESTED.

A Merchant and Wife Charged With Embezzlement.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—Chief Inspector Watts today received a telegram from the police at Regina, N. W. T., who have in custody Abraham Tebbit, a leather commission merchant of this city, who is charged with embezzlement, and his wife, stating that bonds, money and jewelry, amounting to nearly $25,000, have been recovered.

When the officers searched Mrs. Tebbits, $5000 in United States bonds and $1300 in cash and several diamond rings and other jewelry were found. About $1000 in cash was found on Tebbit, together with a gold watch, a diamond and other jewelry, and two tickets for Vancouver. Both prisoners will be held until Boston officers arrive.

WARSHIP FOR SAMOA.

NATIVES TO BE TAUGHT RESPECT FOR THE AMERICAN FLAG.

An American Missionary Insulted and Taunted With the Fact That His Government Did not Protect Him—It Will Now Do So.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The American flag will soon be displayed in Samoan waters by a man-of-war, says the Herald's Washington correspondent. The vessel will be the Mohican, which has been converted into a training ship. Since the arrival in Washington of Former Consul-General Churchill, the President and Assistant Secretary of State Day have become convinced that American interests demand that a man-of-war shall soon visit Samoa. Mr. Churchill has told them that the natives have no respect for the American government because it has never sent a man-of-war to support any steps for the protection of American interests that its representatives in Apia might make.

Mr. Churchill reported an insult to a man from Arizona, who had established a mission near Apia. He demanded satisfaction, but the natives laughed at him, and upon subsequent occasions when he attempted to get satisfaction for some wrong committed they taunted him with the outrage committed upon the mission and the further fact that he had received no support from his government in the stand he had taken.

The natives have quite a different feeling for the British and German governments. Each of these governments keeps one and sometimes two cruisers in Samoan waters.

The last American warship to visit Apia was the Alliance, which dropped anchor in the harbor in 1893.

Upon the arrival of the Mohican in Samoan waters it is expected that her commanding officer, Commander G. M. Book, will confer with Consul-General Osborne in regard to the steps to be taken to create a deeper respect among the natives for the American flag.

As a result of the representations that have been made by Former Consul-General Churchill, the administration may enter into negotiations with the London and Berlin governments looking to the amendment of the tripartite treaty under which Samoa is governed. In the first place, Mr. Churchill thinks the salaries of the chief justice and other officers appointed by the three governments in Samoa are too high, and these may be scaled down.

There is no intention on the part of the administration to abandon the interest of this government in Samoa, and Mr. Churchill does not recommend it, although he says the only reason why this government should continue its hold upon the islands is because it is morally bound to do so by the course pursued in the past. Mr. Churchill states that if the United States should withdraw from the Samoan Islands they would be divided up by Germany and Great Britain.

RECEIVERSHIP TERMINATES.

Union Pacific Now Under Its New Management.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

OMAHA, Jan. 31.—On and after midnight of January 31, 1898, according to the circular issued by the receivers of the Union Pacific, the receivership terminates. In a formal notice to all employés that the receivers have turned the property over to the new company, according to a circular issued by President Burt, under date of February 1, the official roster of the new company is given out. Only two changes are made in the list of names, that have been familiar to all having dealings with the overland route during the time since S. H. H. Clarke succeeded Charles Francis Adams as president.

Edward Dickinson remains general manager, despite the many rumors of his intended withdrawal. John A. Munroe, freight traffic manager; Edward L. Lomax, general passenger agent; John B. Berry, chief engineer (to succeed George H. Pegram, resigned,) and John W. Griffith, purchasing agent, are the appointees.

General Manager Dickinson announces as the head of his official staff, E. Buckingham, superintendent of transportation. He has heretofore been superintendent of car service only. All other superintendents and chiefs of departments are retained until further notice. There are many rumors of impending changes, but investigation shows that so far the dismissal of a score of clerks from the several departments of headquarters is the only outward sign of retrenchment.

EDISON'S AIRSHIP.

It Actually Flew, and the Inventors Could Steer It.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Thomas A. Edison, Jr., is experimenting with an airship which he believes will be successful. The ship is the invention of Frank Sauther of Milwaukee, Wis., but Edison hit by accident upon a gas which he believes is the only thing required to make the ship a practical thing. Sails were substituted instead of any propelling power. Edison says:

"It was at this point that I conceived the really new principle. It struck me that it would be a good idea to inflate the sails with gas, thus making them serve as balloons, as well as supplying the sailing power. It would not do to make baggy balloons of the sails, so they were divided into numerous compartments, which, when inflated, resembled water bags. The tubes running to the balloons were tapped into a place to supply gas for the main sail, and rubber tubes carried gas to the two jibs. The compartments of the main sail were connected by narrow openings, the gas thus flowing freely through the entire sail.

"A rudder completed the airship. After many failures, we were successful. The ship actually flew, and we succeeded in steering it. I believe that the inflated-sail idea is the one that is going to solve the aerial-navigation problem."

EXPLODED A BOMB.

A RETURNED PRISONER SCARES HAVANA'S EX-MAYOR.

Luis Coro Lazo Makes a Midnight Call at Senor Diaz's Residence at Jesus del Monte.

HOLE MADE IN THE HOUSE.

CULPRIT CAUGHT WHILE TRYING TO GET AWAY.

Military Honors for the Dead Ruiz. Forty Thousand Dollars Collected in France for the Cubans—Seizure of Supplies.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

HAVANA, Jan. 31.—[By Central American Cable.] About midnight a man named Luis Coro Lazo, who recently returned to Cuba from the African prisons, exploded a bomb at the private residence of the ex-Mayor of Havana, Señor Miguel Diaz. The noise of the explosion was heard throughout Havana, although the scene of the explosion was at Jesus el Monte. The door was broken and a large hole made in the house.

The Diaz family and those inhabiting neighboring houses were panic-stricken. Lazo drove to Jesus Del Monte from Havana in a cab. He was captured while attempting to escape. Señor Diaz says he does not know Lazo, and believes he has political accomplices.

SEIZURE OF SUPPLIES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—No word has been received at the State Department from Consul-General Lee since Saturday last, which is taken as an indication that all is quiet there and that the situation remains unchanged.

The department has been informed that the Spanish authorities in Havana had seized certain supplies consigned to a private individual, but there is no cause for complaint in this incident, inasmuch as the agreement by the department with the Spanish authorities for the free admission of supplies for the suffering Cubans looked to the consignment of all such supplies to Consul-General Lee and the exclusion of individuals from the privileges of free admission of goods, a provision necessary to prevent frauds upon the customs revenues.

NOT A RELIEF.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—At the Navy Department it was said that there were no changes contemplated in the Maine's orders for a week at least, and that the Montgomery had not been ordered to relieve her.

RUIZ'S BODY IN STATE.

Military Honors Shown the Body of the Murdered Officer.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

HAVANA, Jan. 31.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The body of Lieut.-Col. Ruiz, the aide-de-camp of Capt.-Gen. Blanco, who was executed by order of the late Gen. Arangueren for visiting an insurgent camp with proposals looking to the surrender of the insurgent chief, after having been found, was brought to Campo Florido, where it was received with military honors. Thence the remains were taken by train to Quinta Molina, Havana, Havana province, the residence of the captain-general, where the body is lying in state.

Capt.-Gen. Blanco sailed today from Santiago de Cuba for the north coast of the island.

CUBAN SYMPATHY IN FRANCE.

Forty Thousand Dollars Collected For the Cause of the Island.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Dr. Sanchez Agramont, surgeon-general in the Cuban insurgent army, has just arrived from Europe, bringing $40,000 raised in Paris for the Cuban cause.

Dr. Agramonte says that popular sentiment in France is strong in favor of success for the Cubans.

"Among people of all classes," he said, "there is a desire that Cuba be freed. The French government is restrained from taking any action in favor of Cuba by the French interest in Spanish bonds.

"A part of my mission abroad was to place before the Red Cross societies of the different nations the manner in which our sick and wounded have been treated in Cuba. I sent a manifesto to the Red Cross congress in Vienna, and talked with prominent physicians and officials with a view to induce France and other nations to bring pressure to bear upon Spain to recognize our Red Cross organization in Cuba. All that we want is to have our wounded treated like those of other nations."

Dr. Agramonte said that in this matter he had been promised the aid of persons of influence, but he did not know whether Spain would grant their request or not.

ON GOOD TERMS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

MADRID, Jan. 31.—At the Cabinet council today, Señor Gullon, the Foreign Minister, announced that the relations of Spain with the United States were good, and he expressed a hope that a commercial understanding would soon be arranged.

GOLD FOR CUBA.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The steamer La Bretagne, which arrived from France brought $100,000 in gold in transit to Cuba.

NEW YORK FAVORS ACTION.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

ALBANY (N. Y.,) Jan. 31.—The Senate, by a vote of 25 to 9, adopted the Assembly resolution in favor of the general government taking such action to restore peace in Cuba as seemed wise. The belligerency substitute introduced by the Democrats was defeated.

TO RELIEVE THE MAINE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

KEY WEST, Jan. 31.—The cruiser Montgomery arrived here this afternoon from the Tortugar. After coaling, it is said that she will proceed to Havana to relieve the Maine, which will go to New Orleans.

Exactly.

[Unidentified:] "You may spell 'smallpox,' Tommy,'" said the teacher to one of the juvenile class. Tommy made several attempts but failed. "Well," said the teacher, "what do you think a boy ought to get who fails on a simple word like 'smallpox'?" "He ought to get vaccinated," answered Tommy.

The increasing wealth of American colleges enables no less than ten of them to publish daily newspapers. This luxury is indulged in by Yale, Harvard, Cornell, Princeton, Brown, Stanford, Tulane and the universities of Pennsylvania, Wisconsin and Michigan.

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AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

LOS ANGELES.—Minstrels.
ORPHEUM. Vaudeville.
BURBANK. The Stowaway.

THE "TIMES" MIDWINTER NUMBER.

The largest, the best-arranged and most brilliantly illustrated; the most thorough, accurate and comprehensive; the most luminous, interesting and informing; the most picturesque, potent and graphic issue ever sent out from this office. Printed in the new magazine style; 84 pages and cover. Price 10 cents per copy; postage extra, to be paid by the sender. Copies will be mailed, when requested, from this office to any part of the United States, Canada or Mexico for 13 cents each, postpaid. Send list of names and addresses plainly written, together with the money, and your orders will be carefully filled. (See list of contents in other columns.) The matter is not ephemeral, but of permanent value. The Midwinter Number will be timely for six months to come.

PLOTTING AGAINST SAN PEDRO.

As noted in a special dispatch from Washington to THE TIMES, an apparent plot to defeat the construction of the San Pedro breakwater has been discovered. It need hardly be said that the misfit Secretary of War is at the bottom of the matter. It seems that Mr. Alger, for reasons of his own, caused to be inserted in the specifications calling for bids for the harbor work, a clause providing that if no appropriation were made by Congress for work during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1899, all contracts would be void. The Sundry Civil Appropriations Bill, which should contain the appropriation for the first year's work, will probably be sent to the House before the bids for the San Pedro work are opened, and will not, in that case, provide for San Pedro. By this means the enemies of San Pedro—of whom the chief are Huntington and Alger—hope to defeat the appropriation altogether. Representative Barlow has introduced a resolution calling upon Alger to explain how and for what purpose the unusual clause referred to was inserted in the specifications. Mr. Alger's explanation is awaited with especial interest.

In the mean time, Senator White is on guard, and may be relied on to block the game of Huntington and Alger in this matter at the proper time, if it is not blocked in the House. The harbor cause is in good hands, and there is apparently no good reason to doubt a favorable outcome.

THE CASE OF BROWN.

Is it any wonder that religious skeptics breed like flies when men see how such despicable creatures as the "Rev." C. O. Brown are received by the elect of the church? Is it any wonder that the ungodly sneer and the judicious grieve at the exhibitions so-called Christians make of themselves in coddling criminals and in fawning upon such cattle as this man, who, though steeped to the lips in guilt, still has the audacity to present himself before audiences and make a holy show of his wickedness?

The mere guiltiness of this clerical mountebank as an adulterer is not by any means the most of his offending; in comparison with his lying, his traducing of a good woman like the late Sarah B. Cooper, one of the sweetest, gentlest, noblest and most lovable of God's creatures, this Brown man's liaison with Mattie Overman, wicked and criminal as it was, was but a mere incident. Knowing all this, as the people of San Francisco do; knowing how, month after month, he lied about his connection with his parishioner and protegé; knowing how, steeped in guilt as he was, he stood up day after day and denied everything, at the same time shamefully showering abuse upon those who knew he was guilty of the things charged against him, to see the "congregation" at Metropolitan Temple on last Sunday packing that place to the doors, and upon conclusion of Brown's performance, crowding about the platform to shake the hand of this adulterous liar and slanderer, is enough to turn a cast-iron image sick at the stomach.

But San Francisco's "Christians" are not alone in their outpour of flapdoodle over this clerical debaucher of women; Chicago is also ready, we are told, to receive him with open arms, and to accept him as guide, friend and teacher, and they will probably make just such a show over him as the San Francisco "Christians" did last Sunday.

But how about Mattie Overman? We have not heard of Dr. Brown's people making any ado over her; they have not sought her out and taken her into the bosom of the church, although her "confession" antedates Brown's by several months. All of which goes to show what a beautiful, kindly and consistent thing some kinds of "Christian charity" is, in this age of maudlin sentimentality and perverted theology.

San Francisco has witnessed many shameful and disgusting things in its history, but we venture to say that in all its career that city has never before exploited an episode so nauseating and disgraceful as its noisome slobber over this wicked and decadent minister.

Christian charity is a beautiful and lovely thing, but when it takes up the male participant in a criminal connection and visits its scorn and contempt upon the female who has shown herself by far the more honest and decent of the two, it is no longer Christian charity, but worldly wickedness of the most flagrant kind.

The "Rev." C. O. Brown contaminates the moral atmosphere, but he has some able assistance in the contaminating business in the fool flock which huddles about him, takes him by the hand, and thus makes the term "religion" a by-word and a reproach. Out upon such religion, such charity, such Christianity—it is neither of these things, but a crime!

A BLOW AGAINST MONOPOLY.

The recent action of Judge Morrow of the United States Circuit Court at San Francisco, granting a temporary injunction restraining the "Coal Dealers' Association of California" from further conspiring and acting in concert to control the trade in coal, is a severe blow at a most pernicious monopoly. There can be little, if any, doubt that Judge Morrow, upon the final hearing of the case, will confirm his former action by making the temporary injunction permanent. The reasons which he gives for granting the preliminary injunction are virtually unanswerable, and will naturally lead to the perpetuation of the temporary injunction. Incidentally, in passing, it may be noted that this is a case in which "government by injunction" will operate directly and undeniably to the benefit and protection of the public at large.

The vital points of the questions at issue, as summarized by Judge Morrow, were as follows:

"First—Do the constitution and by-laws of the Coal Dealers' Association, and the agreement of the association with the importers and wholesale dealers, operate in restraint of trade and commerce, or monopolize any part of the trade or commerce of San Francisco; and if so—

"Second—Does this restraint or monopoly extend to any part of the trade and commerce carried on between this State and Oregon, Washington, or British Columbia?"

As to the first question, Judge Morrow finds no difficulty in arriving at an affirmative conclusion. The constitution of the Coal Dealers' Association itself furnishes indubitable evidence that its purposes and methods are in restraint of trade, and that it exercises a system of espionage over dealers, both inside and outside of its organization, exacting fines and penalties for violations of its rules, which are both in restraint of trade and prejudicial to the public good.

The claim was set up in behalf of the Coal Dealers' Association that it is merely a beneficial organization, designed to protect the coal dealers and the public against dishonest methods. On this point Judge Morrow says:

"All this may be true, but it is clear that the power of the association extends much further, and that it has another purpose. It establishes arbitrary rates for coal, from which the dealer is not permitted to deviate in any particular. It stifles all competition between retail dealers, restricts trade within prescribed limits and establishes a monopoly of the most odious character in an article of daily consumption and prime necessity."

All this is undoubtedly true. The people of San Francisco in particular, and of the State in general, are fortunate in having this matter brought to the attention of the courts, and before an upright judge, who does not hesitate in the face of duty. Judge Morrow finds that the maintenance of the Coal Dealers' Association, or trust, is plainly and directly in violation of the law enacted by Congress July 2, 1890, otherwise known as the Sherman anti-trust law. The action of Judge Morrow will, without much doubt, result in the enforced dissolution of the coal-dealers' combine, which has seriously oppressed and robbed the people of California for some years past, and has interfered with the individual and commercial rights of many dealers in fuel supplies to a damaging and obnoxious extent. The breaking-down of this conspiracy against the public interests will be a boon and a blessing to the people of the entire State. The beneficial results may not be immediately felt, but they will be felt in due time. Lower prices for coal and greater freedom of trade in that commodity will be among the net results.

"WE, THE PEOPLE."

The San Francisco Call, as it was expected to do, exploits the Populistic gathering held at Music Hall in this city on Saturday evening, as a great and pontaneous uprising of "the people" in "mass-convention," to "denounce the servants who have betrayed them," and so on *ad nauseam*. The simple fact of the matter is that the whole affair was engineered by a few Populists, so-called "silver Republicans" and professedly Democratic politicians, who are making violent efforts to drag the water question into politics, for political and speculative purposes. All the speakers were of that ilk, and the ulterior purpose of the gathering, in its inception and its consummation, was to make a political issue of a question which is purely one of municipal and business expediency, having no more just relation to politics than it has to a solar eclipse, visible only in the jungles of Africa.

There was an endless amount of jabber at the meeting in question about "we, the people," which was strongly reminiscent of the manifesto issued by the three tailors of Tooley street. But what was the net outcome of the pow-wow? What practical suggestion was made by any of the speakers which might serve to expedite the solution of the water problem? The affair began and ended in talk. The resolutions adopted contain no practical recommendation. Not one of the speakers did more than to find fault, in a vague and whining way, with the alleged dilatoriness of the Council in dealing with the waterworks question. Not one of the fault-finders ventured upon a specific statement as to the course which, in his opinion, should be pursued in the premises.

As shown by the report of the Water Supply Committee of the Council, submitted to that body yesterday, the steps thus far taken have been taken in accord with the views and recommendations of the city's legal advisers, and everything has been done that, in their opinion, can be done, up to the present time, to expedite the settlement of the question. There is no reason to assume or suppose that the city's interests will not be fully guarded in this matter. If the three tailors of Tooley street—Snyder, Grider and Hutchison—or their satellites, can suggest any feasible plan by which the final determination of this question can be expedited, their suggestions, if made in the proper manner to the City Council, will no doubt receive respectful attention.

But this eternal jabber, by which blame is sought to be cast upon the majority of the Council for some vague, undefined sin of omission or commission, should cease. It is in the last degree disgusting and disgraceful, unworthy of men laying claim to decency. It tends—so far as it has any appreciable effect other than to excite aversion—to becloud the issue and to delay the arrival at any just conclusion.

But the most nauseating feature of this whole matter is the subserviency and absolute depravity of the San Francisco Call, in prostituting its columns to the base uses of a lot of Populistic adventurers, pot-house politicians and scallawags, who cloak their dirty schemes and infamous mendacity under the thin pretense that they are serving the interests of the public. When the truth and the whole truth of this matter is revealed, as it will eventually be revealed, the mask will be torn from these vile pretenders and hypocrites, and their littleness and depravity will be laid bare in all its hideousness.

We Americans are slow when it comes to doing the picturesque, for certainly no Yankee would ever have thought of appearing at an afternoon tea followed by a tame calf covered with a blanket of gilded vellum. It takes Mrs. Crispi, wife of the former Italian Premier, to evolve that sort of an idea, and we must, to be fair, acknowledge that it is simply great—so great, indeed, that the muse feels like taking a whack at it; so here goes:

Mrs. Crispi had a little calf,
With a vellum blanket on it,
And every where the lady went
The calf also meandered;
It followed her to tea one aft,
Adorned with ribbons gay,
And everyone who saw it said:
"For goodness sake, Mary Crispi, what on earth are you going to do with that calf?"

In these days of the Golden Jubilee, everyone is interested in the present state of mining in California, and in the average output of gold from the older mines, as well as in the springing up of new enterprises in freshly-discovered gold districts. A clear and concise resumé of the whole mining industry is given in the Midwinter Number of THE TIMES.

Commenting upon the condition of affairs, of which we know much, to our shame and sorrow, the Sacramento Bee says: "Boards of education are often very corrupt bodies, whereas they should be composed of the very best citizens. Like Caesar's wife, they should be above suspicion. San Francisco and Los Angeles seem to be cursed with boards that have thoroughly demoralized the educational system of those two great cities. Such a thing as politics should not be allowed to enter into or direct in the least manner the action of school boards, which should as nearly as possible try to carry out the wishes of the great majority of the people."

A fine Golden Jubilee Edition has just been issued by the San Francisco Mining and Scientific Press. The whole history of mining in California is reviewed in a series of articles which embrace every branch of the subject from the discovery of gold in 1848 to the latest modern improvement in the elaborate stamp mill of the present day. The paper is profusely illustrated, and will be valuable to all who are interested in the discovery and development of the rich gold mines in this State.

Although Speaker Reed and Mr. Bailey of Texas called each other liars the other day, in polite language, there was no hurling of ink bottles, nor ripping off of neckties, which indicates that the Reichsrath habit has not spread to this western world as yet.

The school board gang's effort to shut off debate in the Webb case seems to have miscarried some way, in which it resembles their scheme to work the new bond issue for everything in sight, but alas, there wasn't any bond issue.

The Chicago Inter Ocean says: "If there is a Democratic party, who is running it?" We don't know. Ask Mr. Jones of Arkansaw. If he isn't there isn't any, and if he isn't running it, it isn't being "ran."

Our contemporary, the Herald, seems to be loaded for the Patton bear, and if there is not fur and things flying shortly, it will be because the thing that wears the fur has taken to the brush.

Our esteemed contemporary, the London Times, is in a frame of mind for fear the Republican party is going to be disrupted in 1900. It is not altogether unlikely that "the wish is father to the thought."

That Hutchison - Grider - Snyder mass meeting cleared the whole thing up so thoroughly that there seems to be nothing further to say. it was a momentous occasion. Hutch also spoke.

It took but one day for an English court to try the murderer of Actor Terriss. Now watch how long it will take to try the Pasadena blacksmith who murdered Mrs. Ransom.

When there is another prize fight we trust the sluggers will ignore the solar plexus and aim for the jaw. A pugilist with his mouth dislocated would be a robust boon.

The Y.M.C.A. of Chicago has started a series of cooking classes for young men. Well, there is nothing like accepting the inevitable. Boys, we have got to come to it!

St. Louis proposes to have a world's fair in 1903. Now keep your eye on Chicago while it rips up the blue empyrean, likewise the ground and its winter flannels.

With libel suits going against all the papers in town except one, Mr. Webb will have a three-ringed circus on his hands that will be worth going miles to see.

Ex-Gov. Peck of Wisconsin, of "Bad Boy" fame, is going to lecture. America has its troubles as well as Spain, France and several other unhappy countries.

Honolulu has no municipal government, and no Aldermen. This is the strongest argument in favor of annexation that has yet been brought forward.

Skaguay, not to be outdone by Paris, Prague and Havana, comes to the front with a riot. Most games are more interesting four handed.

The French people would better hurry up and dispose of the Dreyfus case before 1900, or they will break up their show.

The Chicago newspaper fight must have reached a critical stage, as one of them now calls H. H. Kohlsaat a squaw man.

Paris has a teacher who proposes to impart the art of blushing. Then it is not a lost art, after all, as we had feared.

Should Peffer and President Dole happen to be in a town at the same time, those whiskers would be taken for twins.

Neither Emperor William nor Jim Corbett have made a speech for several days. Something must be working.

Parson Brown says "the wages of sin is death," but he is a living exponent of the fact that it isn't.

We are glad to see that Senator Teller is determined to stay bolted.

FLOATING FACTS.

Missouri has the greatest bodies of lead ore in the world.

There are more than a dozen concerns manufacturing horseless carriages in the United States.

There are 17,000 squares miles of coal lands in West Virginia, which is regarded as an inexhaustible supply.

The aggregate annual circulation of the world's periodicals is 12,006,000,000, and consumes 760,000 tons of paper.

James F. Hobart of Brooklyn, N. Y., a high authority, predicts that the underground connection is the coming form of the electric railroad.

A curious character in Paris is a man who makes his living by strolling along the boulevards and making wagers at the cafés that he can answer correctly any question that relates to the history of France. He always wins the bet.

The Geologist of Missouri holds that the material of that State is in diversified soil, innumerable bodies of workable coal, inexhaustible deposits of lead and zinc, clay, building stone, lime and cement rocks, iron and fine or gloss sand.

Edison believes that the future of the iron and steel trade belongs to America. It is a matter of economic conditions, he says, and in the industrial battle in this great trade England will soon be too seriously handicapped to maintain its present position.

In continued use of the eyes in such work as sewing, typesetting, bookkeeping, reading and studying, the saving point is looking up from the work at short intervals and looking around the room. This may be practiced every ten or fifteen minutes. This relieving the muscular tension rests the eyes and makes the blood supply much better.

The amount of sulphurous acid in town air in heavy weather is ten to twenty times that in bright, clear weather, and in fog the proportion is still greater. Freshly-fallen rain collected in Manchester showed as much as seventy parts per 1,000,000 of sulphurous acid.

The Playhouses

ORPHEUM. The bill at this house for the week which began last evening is replete with variety as usual, and also as usual some of its features are better than others. Barney and Russell, who open the performance, present a number of characters in a rather rough and boisterous way, but none of them rise above the commonplace. Mlle. Rombello is still painting her fascinating sand pictures, which secure the regular amount of appreciatory applause. Paulo and Dika give one of the best numbers in the programme. They are of the French French, with all the characteristics of that volatile, pleasure-loving race. The better part of their turn is an exploitation of French songs with that peculiar accompaniment of shrugs, kicks, winks and genuflexions that the café chantant artist has made familiar to devotees of vaudeville. Mlle. Dika has chic, verve and aplomb aplenty and it is amusement in itself to hear her exploit Americanisms. The darky cake walk that this team does to the air of "All Coons Look Alike to Me" is genuinely clever. Maude Beale Price does numerous imitations of all sorts and conditions of vocalists and bits of recitation with fine spirit, and was given a warm reception. Patrice, the dainty picture woman, and Mr. Hampton repeat the playlet, "A New Year's Dream," which has by no means worn out its welcome. There are some strong touches in this little skit which shows dramatic capacity, and the work of Patrice is rich with promises of even better things in this line of little twenty-minute plays. Crimmins and Gore, the long, thin woman and the sawed-off little man who were here some years ago, are back again, and just as incongruously funny as ever. They were made quite as much of by the audience as they deserve. Farnum brothers completes the bill with their fine, clean feats of vaulting and tumbling as presented last week. The same bill nightly, with the usual matinées.

LOS ANGELES THEATER. Mahara's Minstrels opened last night at the Los Angeles Theater to a fair-sized and enthusiastic audience. Darktown turned out in force to greet its musical brethren, and a goodly number of white people went for the pure love of fun, and laughed and applauded as heartily as the rest. Fun there was in abundance, good, honest, clean fun that leaves no bad taste in the mouth, and performers and audience seemed to have entered into a merry conspiracy for an old-fashioned, sociable "good time." Except in the cases of the end men, who painted the lily, so to speak, by giving their dusky skins a coat of burnt cork, the minstrels ranged through all the shades from cream color to café noir. In the absurdities of a minstrel show, a genuine "coon" can beat his burnt-cork white rival in a walk, and from the opening chorus the color of the singers was a distinct point in their favor. Some were dignified as only darkies can be, and warbled sentimental ballads with a composure not to be melted into smiles by any measure of applause; and others were were loose-jointed bunches of wriggles who did all manner of queer things with limber arms and legs, and fully shared in the uproarious joy of the audience. A small, coffee-colored coonlet, gorgeously clad in scarlet satin, was the drum major of the band, and did some clever whirling with his baton before he took his position at the feet of the interlocutor and flashed a generous row of ivories at the audience. Several other boys of larger growth aided in the solo and chorus work and did some clever specialties, notably Hilliard Brewer, the contortionist. Leroy Bland did a very good solo dance, dressed as a woman, and showed himself to be a rather clever female impersonator. The dancing throughout was exceedingly good, the jokes not so gray-whiskered as usual, and the specialties amusing. The company gives a performance this evening, Wednesday evening and Wednesday matinée. "Courted Into Court" comes to this theater on Friday evening next.

LOSE THEIR STARS.

Civil Service Commission Derank Chicago Police.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—The Times-Herald says that seven police captains will lose their stars today and the same number of lieutenants will be promoted under the civil-service law to fill vacancies. The action will be taken by the Civil Service Commission for its own safety, despite the protestations of Corporation Counsel Thornton and Chief of Police Kipley, who maintain that police captains are heads of departments and do not come under civil-service rules. President Kraus and his associates of the Civil Service Commission do not wish to be in contempt of the Illinois court, and for that reason the seven captains must step aside.

The reason why these men must go is because they were promoted to their present positions by Chief of Police Kipley from a rank lower than lieutenant, and the Illinois Supreme Court has decided that this was contrary to the civil-service law.

Oppose Sunday Theaters.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—After much discussion the Central Labor Union has passed a resolution opposing the bill pending in the New York Legislature for the opening of the theaters in this city on Sunday. The resolution was introduced by the delegates of the Actors' Protective Union, who said the subject was of vast importance to their organization and to the theatrical profession. A delegate wanted to know why the theatrical delegates objected to the bill.

"It is because we don't want to work on Sunday," was the reply. "We don't get paid for Sunday work."

MORE RAPID FIRING.

MRS. J. W. MITCHELL'S LATEST MOVE AT WHITTIER.

Office of Principal of the Girls' Department Abolished and Mrs. Threlkeld Ousted.

FOUR OTHER EMPLOYES RESIGN

EXCEPTIONS TAKEN TO MISS O'HARA'S PREFERMENT.

Girls in Co. B. Cottage Rise in Mutiny on Acount of the Loss of Their Favorite Housekeeper.

The rapid-firing machine manipulated by Mrs. J. H. Mitchell has again been set in action at the Whittier State School. This time her battery is trained on the girls' department, with the result that the principal, Mrs. Mary E. Threlkeld, has been deposed, four of her subordinates have resigned and the inmates are in a state of indignation and excitement bordering close on mutiny.

The members of Co. B were, in fact, in open revolt last Thursday and Saturday nights, in consequence of the resignation of their housekeeper, Mrs. Kittie Criswell, who was more than a mother to the girls for a period of twenty months and whose proposed departure filled them with grief and dismay and prompted them to make a demonstration against those whom they considered responsible for Mrs. Criswell's determination to throw up her position.

Mrs. Mary E. Threlkeld, principal of the girls' department; Mrs. Mary A. Pratt, housekeeper for Co. A, and Mrs. Kittie Criswell, housekeeper for Co. B, packed their trunks yesterday and returned to their homes in this city. Miss Annie Denari, cook for Co. A, and Miss King of the laundry department have handed in their resignations, to go into effect today. All of these have been faithful and competent employés, and their leaving in a body may readily be guessed is not for the good of the institution.

Mrs. Threlkeld is the only one of the lot who has not quit of her own accord. She was not "fired" unceremoniously, as has been the wont at Whittier since Mrs. Mitchell took the reins. In order to let the old lady down easy her position was abolished. The reason given for this action is embodied in a set of resolutions passed by the board of trustees at their last meeting, as follows, to-wit:

"Whereas, the population of the girls' department of the school has been and is rapidly decreasing, and the cost of maintenance is thereby increasing, and, whereas, the necessity for economy in the different departments of the school demand a reduction of the number of employés at the girls' department, and it appearing that either the office of principal or matron is at this time unnecessary for the proper conduct of the affairs of the department, therefore, be it

"Resolved, that the office of principal of the girls' department be and the same is hereby abolished, and that the matron of Co. A be made the head of said department, and that the matron be required to discharge her present duties and those of principal with the assistance of the resident physician.

"Resolved, that this resolution take effect February 1, 1898." (Resolution offered by Trustee Mitchell.)

"Resolved, that the board sincerely and deeply regrets the necessity which compels it to abolish the office of principal of the girls' department, which incidentally requires it to dispense with the services of Mrs. Mary E. Threlkeld, the present incumbent of the said position.

"Resolved, further, that the board of trustees of Whittier State School fully appreciates the valuable services of Mrs. Mary E. Threlkeld in the reorganization of the girls' department of the school, and her honest, economical and competent administration of the affairs of the department, and commend her for the same, and hereby expresses its regret at the necessity for severing her relations with the school, and recommend her to similar employment elsewhere.

"Resolved, further, that these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the board and a copy of the same be forwarded to Mrs. Mary E. Threlkeld.

"I most heartily indorse the foregoing commendation.

"T. B. VAN ALSTYNE
"Superintendent of the Whittier State School."

Dr. Walter Lindly, the minority member of the board, when questioned about the matter of Mrs. Threlkeld's dismissal said: :

"The number of pupils at the girls' department has fallen off from seventy to forty-nine during the past few months, and Mrs. Mitchell reported to the board that in order to reduce expense, a number of officers needed with the larger number of pupils could be dispensed with now. As a step toward this, the president (Mrs. Mitchell) recommended that the position of principal be abolished and the duties of that position assigned to the matron. This recommendation was concurred in by the board of trustees."

Trustee Rowland confirmed this in substance. But while Trustees Rowland and Lindley concurred in the resolutions, the action is essentially that of Mrs. Mitchell, as by reason of a resolution of the board as formerly constituted, she was made the especial custodian of the affairs of the girls' department. What Mrs. Mitchell suggests in regard to this department generally goes, especially if the suggestion is, ostensibly or otherwise, along the line of economy.

At the same time that the board abolished the position of principal, thereby saving $80 per month, it raised the salary of the matron from $45 to $75 per month, and added $25 per month to the salaries of the male employés of the institution—Clerk Lowe and Commissary Kirby. Thus the $80 saved is expended in other directions; the abolishment of the principalship as a measure of economy, therefore, being a doubtful expedient.

President Mitchell, in a letter conveying to Principal Threlkeld the information of the abolishment of her position, said in part:

"This move was made after careful and unbiased consideration and is imperative as you should realize.

"I am going to make an effort to increase the population at the girls' department by plans that I have in mind, and if I succeed I will hope to re-establish better condition for all the present officers for whom I have a high esteem. But if the population keeps decreasing, as much as I shall regret it, the board will have to consider the consolidation of the two companies."

What Mrs. Mitchell's plans are for "increasing the population" at the girls' department are not stated. The unexpected decrease in the number of employés probably concerns her more for the time being. Mrs. Threlkeld's dismissal was indirectly the cause of at least four resignations. But the going of Mrs. Threlkeld had perhaps not so much to do with the quitting of the others as the appointment of her successor: that is, the elevation of the matron of Co. A, Miss Mary O'Hara, to act both as matron and principal.

Miss O'Hara is a mannish sort of woman who is a great favorite of Mrs. Mitchell. She has resided in Whittier several years and was appointed to the position of matron, in opposition to Mrs. Threlkeld's wishes, last April. She is a good-natured, jolly sort of young woman, affects men's clothes and is said to be popular among the girls on account of the vim with which she enters into their sports and pastimes. As matron she has had charge of the Co. A girls during play hours. She is said to lack the qualities of a disciplinarian, however, and confidence in her success as principal is therefore wanting, and residents of Whittier are accordingly fearful for the welfare of the school.

The only reason advanced by the knowing ones for the elevation of Miss O'Hara to the principalship is that Mrs. Mitchell owed her a debt of gratitude. Last summer when Mrs. Mitchell was very ill at her Cahuenga home, she sent for Miss O'Hara, who left her work at Whittier and nursed the president of the board of Whittier State-school trustees through her three weeks' sickness, meanwhile drawing her salary from the State, so the story goes.

Mrs. Mary Pratt, housekeeper of Co. A, whose work has been highly commended, resigned her position as soon as she learned that Mrs. Threlkeld was to go. Although reluctant to talk about her resignation, she gave as her reason for quitting the fact that she did not desire to serve through another change of administration. She had been at Whittier just one year, during which time her relations were always pleasant with all the other officers, but she had no desire to remain after Mrs. Threlkeld left.

Miss Daneri of San Juan Capistrano, who has been cook for Co. A, resigned for the same reason, as did also Miss King, the laundress. The latter has been employed only since January 15, when she took the place of Miss Horton, who was removed by Mrs. Mitchell. Miss Daneri and Miss King both give as their sole reason for quitting the change in principalship.

Mrs. Criswell, housekeeper of Co. B cottage, had resigned before she learned of Mrs. Threlkeld's fate. The reason she gives for her action is that she was asked to take charge of the kitchen and dining-room in addition to her other duties. She thought this was work that properly belonged to the cook, Mrs. Stevenson, one of Mrs. Mitchell's appointees. Mrs. Criswell said Mrs. Threlkeld might have prevailed upon her to remain, but when she learned that Mrs. Threlkeld was to be ousted she had an additional reason for resigning.

Mrs. Curran, wife of the Populist editor of the Civic Review, who has been employed as night watch in Co. B cottage, succeeds Mrs. Criswell as housekeeper, and Miss McGrew, a new appointee, succeeds Mrs. Curran as night watch. Mrs. L. J. Thomson, it is understood, succeeds Mrs. Pratt as housekeeper for Co. A.

When the Co. B girls heard that Mrs. Criswell was going to leave them, they broke out in meeting, and made a noisy demonstration in their dormitory last Thursday night. The night watch could not quiet them, and order was not restored until Mrs. Threlkeld and Mrs. Criswell appeared on the scene. The demonstration was repeated on Saturday night, and the principal and housekeeper again went to the rescue. At the urgent request of Mrs. Threlkeld and Mrs. Criswell the Co. B girls promised to behave themselves, and respect their new superiors. They cried bitterly, however, when the officers whom they respected, left the institution. More trouble is looked for.

The girls drew up a testimonial, which they presented to Mrs. Threlkeld and Mrs. Criswell, in which they recommended these ladies "to all children who need a mother."

The town of Whittier is all stirred up over the changes that have taken place in the girls' department of the reform school. One comment frequently heard is that there is now left not more than one woman employé or officia] of the girls' department who is a professed Christian; that is, a member of any church. The good people of the Quaker town wag their heads and say this bodes ill for the reform of wayward girls.

REVELATION FROM GOD.

Dunkards Dying in the Holy Land in Consequence.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—A special to the Tribune from Shubert, Kan., says that George Yantic and A. M. Hyde started last night on their journey to the Holy Land, where they go to carry assistance to a colony of Dunkards, who went to Palestine in November, 1895.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Myers and Mr. and Mrs. John Yantic claimed to have received a revelation from God with direction to visit the Holy Land. At the head of a party of Dunkards from Shubert and Smith county, Kan., they started in Noverber, 1895. Nothing was heard from them by friends until recently, when a letter reached the brother of Yantic at Shubert, relating tales of suffering, distress and death.

The party went direct to Jerusalem. They traveled some distance from there to find further evidences of divine revelation. The death list, so far as is now known, includes five persons from Smith county, Kan., two from Shubert and three from Philadelphia.

BRUTALITY OF ROBBERS.

Torture Their Victim to Make Him Give Up His Money.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

GUTHRIE (Okla.), Jan. 31.—Two masked men broke into the residence of Louis A. Stanwood, a recluse, near Harvey and tortured him by sticking a knife into his limbs and burning off his hair and his whiskers until he gave up all the money he had, amounting to but a few dollars. They next visited the home of John Hensley and robbed him, stopped J. C. McGartland on the road, robbed him of his money and were going to a fourth place when frightened off. Luther Weaver and Will Henderson, sons of prominent farmers, were arrested later, charged with the crime, which in this Territory is punishable by imprisonment for life.

DR. PRICE'S
CREAM BAKING POWDER



Above represents the official Medal awarded Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder by World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago, '93.
The fame achieved at all the Great Fairs rests solely on its merits as the strongest purest and best of all the baking powders and truly stamps Dr. Price's as
"The foremost baking powder in all the world."

The Times

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Jan. 31.—[Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.] At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.19; at 5 p.m., 30.22. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 50 deg. and 60 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 50 per cent.; 5 p.m., 53 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., northeast, velocity 5 miles; 5 p.m., south, velocity 4 miles. Maximum temperature, 66 deg.; minimum temperature, 47 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

DRY BULB TEMPERATURE.

Los Angeles	50	San Francisco ...	44
San Diego	48	Portland	42

Weather Conditions. — The pressure continues high over the mountain regions, accompanied by very cold weather, the temperature this morning at Idaho Falls being 6 deg. below zero. The pressure is lowest along the coast in the vicinity of Cape Mendocino, where there are evidences of a disturbance in the ocean. The weather continues cold on the North Pacific Slope and in the interior valleys of California. Heavy frosts are reported from Northern California. The weather has moderated in Southern California since last Saturday.

Forecasts.—Local forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Generally cloudy and unsettled weather tonight and Tuesday.

February Weather. — The following data, covering a period of twenty years, have been compiled from the Weather Bureau records at Los Angeles, Cal.:

Month of February for twenty years, temperature—Mean or normal temperature, 55 deg. The wamest month was that of 1896, with an average of 60 deg. The coldest month was that of 1880, with an average of 51 deg. The highest temperature was 88 deg., on February 16, 1896. The lowest temperature was 28 deg., on February 6, 1883.

Precipitation—Average for the month, 3.27 inches; average number of days with .01 of an inch or more, 6. The greatest monthly precipitation was 13.37 inches, in 1884. The least monthly precipitation was a trace, in 1885 and 1896. The greatest amount of precipitation recorded in any twenty-four consecutive hours was 3.94 inches on February 14 and 15, 1887.

Clouds and Weather—Average number of clear days, 14; partly cloudy days, 9; cloudy days, 5.

Wind—The prevailing winds have been from the northeast. The highest velocity of the wind was forty miles, from the west, on February 17, 1884.

WEATHER FORECAST:

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—For Southern California: Cloudy and unsettled weather Tuesday, probably rain; southeasterly winds.

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

The Pasadena Star asks a question that is straight to the point: "Rev. C. O. Brown having confessed, and the church taken him back, does it follow that the church believes in that sort of thing; and will the woman also be received into good society?"

The Ventura Signal is determined to look on the bright side of its neighbors' calamities, and philosophically remarks that "The recent severe frost in Fresno played hob with the fruit in some localities, but it killed off myriads of thrips or vine-hoppers, an insect that is making grapevines suffer."

The Azusa Pomotropic proposes to branch out into the field of a general horticultural paper. Editor Jeffreys has long been an able champion of the exchange and since the abandonment of the organ of that association there has been no authoritative newspaper champion of the exchange, a work for which Mr. Jeffreys is specially qualified.

Possibly apropos to the meddling of the yellow newspapers of the metropolis in Los Angeles affairs or with a local grievance the Sacramento Bee remarks:

"The hand of the Lord is said to be over all creation, and the voice of the San Francisco press seeks to become the dominant power in every city, town and hamlet in California."

The San Bernardino Sun is a bit bilious over the moral status of this great and glorious State. It says in a recent issue: "Tuesday was only an average day in California, with one murder in Los Angeles, another in San Francisco, and the rest of this big State yet to hear from." The average was rather low when the example set by some of her "divines" is taken into consideration.

Another note of progress and prosperity in the San Joaquin Valley is sounded by the Fresno Republican, which says: "The enterprising people of Hanford are working hard to secure the location of a cannery in that town, and with good prospects for success. With the coming of the Valley road and the electric power line, the spirit of enterprise is just a-humming in the capital of Kings."

San José rises up in defense of an old and respected citizen. The Mercury says: "The San Francisco Call's attack on Prof. J. H. Braly of Los Angeles, formerly of this city, has fallen to the ground. The newspapers and the citizens of Los Angeles, where the simple facts are well known, are indignant at the Call's course toward one of the most respected and trusted residents of that city."

The unanimity of opinion all over the State concerning the meddling proclivities of the San Francisco Call is expressed afresh by the Sacramento Bee, which remarks: "Some of the San Francisco papers allege that they are trying to deliver Los Angeles out of the hands of her public enemies. We should imagine that the metropolitan journals would have more of this kind of business at home than they could attend to." They have, but it is often safer and more profitable to meddle with the affairs of others.

The Tulare Register sizes up the canal situation thus: "It is reported from the government commissioners sent to study the Nicaragua canal route that the construction of the canal will not cost more than $50,000,000, instead of over $113,000,000 as a former commission reported that it would. That is a distinction with a good deal of difference, and the main difference is said to be in the cost of moving earth which can now be done for a fraction of what it used to be moved for before the great Chicago drainage canal enterprise taught people how to move it cheaply. If that is all the canal is to cost, for goodness' sake let us have it and that right soon, too."

BROWN'S HOT AIR FURNACE
Fits the climate and pocketbook. Heating houses, halls, etc., a specialty. 133 E. Fourth.

Events in Society.

[The society columns of the Illustrated Magazine Section of the Sunday Times are closed at 6 p.m. on Saturday.]

The Monday Musicale Club was very delightfully entertained yesterday afernoon by Mrs. Jenny Kempton and Mrs. Roth Hamilton, at their residence on Figueroa street. The programme, which was particularly interesting, included two piano solos, "Song Without Words" (Saint-Saens,) and "Intermezzo" (Jensen,) by Mrs. J. S. Vosburg; vocal solo, "Flower of Love" (Forster,) Mrs. Hamilton; piano solo, "Auf Flugeln de Gesanges" (Mendelssohn-Hiller,) by Miss Kent; soprano solo, aria, "Waffenschmied," (Lortzing,) Mrs. J. Bond Francisco; piano solo, "Cantilene" (Renée de Boisdeffre,) Miss Mary Mullins; contralto solos, "Te Souviens-tu?" (Godard,) and "Viens! mon bien Aimé" (Chaminade,) Miss Beresford Joy; piano solos, "The Litany" and "Rastlosé Liebe" (Schubert-Liszt,) Mrs. W. F. Botsford; vocal solo by Mrs. Modini-Wood; piano solo, "Ballade" (Richard Hoffman,) Miss Blanche Rogers; recitation. Mrs. Francisco. Refreshments were served at the close of the programme. The guests besides the club members were Mmes. Cornelius Cole, E. R. Kellam, Hugh Vail, Alfred Solano, W. W. Cole of Denver, E. P. Clark, Percy Hoyle, Custer of Chicago, Ira O. Smith, Charles Mears of Chicago; the Misses Marian Patterson, Julia Curtis of Chicago, Bessie Whitcomb, Amna Mullins, Ethel Mulline, Custer of Chicago and Marie Swift of San Francisco.

* * *

Miss Mabel Brousseau entertained informally yesterday afternoon at her home on Bunker Hill avenue, in honor of Miss Bessie Bugbee, who will leave for the East next Monday. The feature of the afternoon was a guessing contest, at which the prizes, a volume of "Crawford," and a calendar, were won by Miss Layton and Miss King, the latter being obliged to draw with Miss Edna Foy for the second reward. The hostess was assisted by Miss Cora Foy and the others present were the Misses Laura and Gilleta Workman, Daisy King, Helen Layton, Edna and Alma Foy, Nellie Nolan, Florence Nolan, Kate Brousseau, Cora Bowman, May Wood, Belle Baker and Maude Maynard.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Wuerker celebrated the first anniversary of their wedding last evening, at their residence on West Thirty-third street, with a dinner, followed by music and cards. The house was very prettily decorated with white hyacinths, violets, smilax and potted ferns. Vocal solos were rendered by Mrs. Silverwood and the hostess, and piano numbers by Mrs. Brown and the host. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Silverwood, the Misses Fannie Brown, Mabel Brousseau and Clara Funk; Messrs. George Snell, George Blakeslee and Russell Avery.

* * *

The Friday Morning Club's programme for the month of February will be as follows:

February 4—Committee on Social Topics, "The Value of Conventionality," Mrs. W. L. Graves; discussion.

February 11—Art Committee, "Art Industries in the United States," "Rockwood Pottery," Mrs. W. F. Burbank; "Tiffany Art Glass," Miss F. A. Clarke; "Tapestry," Mrs. Cecelia A. White.

February 18—Business meeting. "The Proposed Club House; Its Uses and Location;" club members only.

February 25—"George Meredith," Howard W. Bell.

* * *

Miss Marguerite White, daughter of Capt. John R. White, formerly of Philadelphia, now residing near Burbank, was married last evening to Alexander McClellan Hardenbergh of New Brunswick, N. J., by the Rev. George L. Cole. Owing to the recent death of the groom's mother, only the bride's family and a few friends were present. Mr. and Mrs. Hardenbergh left immediately for their home in New Brunswick.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Dunn entertained at dinner Saturday evening, at their home on Linden street, in honor of Thomas Kimberly, who will leave this week for Alaska. The table was decorated with smilax and marguerites. The other guests were Mmes. Fletcher and Douglas, the Misses Snooke and Douglas, Messrs. S. J. Vellex, J. Dunn, H. Bell, A. Brown, Drake, B. Casenave, F. Rosner, T. Fletcher. Mr. Kimberly was presented with a well-stocked leather medicine case.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

Mrs. William West will entertain the "As You Like It" Club Friday afternoon at her residence, No. 1691 West Adams street, corner of Rosedale.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Waters of Adams street have issued invitations for a reception on the evening of February 9.

Miss Mabel Brousseau will go to Redlands Wednesday to be the guest of Miss Gertrude Paine for a week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Larrabee are entertaining the former's brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Cole of Denver, at their residence, No. 636 South Flower street.

Mrs. George Bugbee and Miss Bessie Bugbee will leave next Monday for Chicago, for a visit of several months, after which they will go to Philadelphia, to remain indefinitely.

Miss Elizabeth Kendrick, formerly of San Francisco, who has been visiting friends in this city, has gone to Phoenix, Ariz., where her father, Bishop Kendrick has built a home.

STOLE HORSE AND WAGON.

An Unknown Drives a Horse to Its Death.

An unknown man, in a drunken inspiration, seized a delivery wagon belonging to Sentous Bros., butchers at No. 400 North Los Angeles street, about 6 o'clock last night. As a result the horse was killed and the wagon badly smashed a short time after.

An employé of the butcher shop noticed a roughly-dressed young man, who has been lately hanging about that part of the city, approach the horse and wagon about 6 o'clock. The animal, hitched to the vehicle, was standing directly in front of the establishment. Suddenly the man jumped into the wagon, and, seizing the reins, drove across the street to where a companion was standing. The shop employé shouted to the unknown man, who in turn called to his friend to "jump in." The other refused the invitation, and when the butcher started to cross the street the new driver whipped up the horse and disappeared down Los Angeles street toward the Plaza.

The outfit was next heard from at Alpine and Castelar streets, when residents near there telephoned to Sentous Bros. that their wagon, upside down, and their horse, dead, were lying at the corner. The horse, in turning the corner, had stumbled and in falling had broken its neck.

The unknown man was thrown from the wagon, but arose, uninjured, and, remarking that he was going for help, ran across the hill and escaped. His name is unknown, but he is known to be one of a gang of hoodlums who frequent the vicinity of Aliso and Los Angeles streets. The horse was valued at $120.

Asthma and Bronchitis cure guaranteed. Dr. Gordin's Sanitarium, 514 Pine nr. Kearney, S.F.

KLONDIKE

Questions and Answers.

How many people will probably go to Alaska this year? As near 200,000 as can get transportation. Where will they aim to reach? All the gold fields will be touched and new ones found. The Klondike is most advertised and will probably be most crowded. What will an outfit cost? A hard question to answer. We estimate that a year's supply of clothing, provisions, etc., will run up close to the $300 mark. If 200,000 people go and each man takes $300 worth of supplies—

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Gold Seal Laundry Soap, per bar, 16 oz. 5c; 100 bar box.	$4.50	Babbitt's Soap, 6 bars 25c; per 100 bar box.....	$4.00
Fairy Laundry, per bar 5c; per 100 bar box....	$5.00	Ivory Soap, per bar 7c; per 100 bar box.....	$7.00
Fairy, bath size, per bar 3c; per 100 bar box.....	$3.00	Kirk's American Family, 4 bars 25c; 60 bar box.....	$3.25

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MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

WATER SUPPLY COMMITTEE REPORTS STEPS TAKEN TOWARD THAT END.

Logical, Orderly and Businesslike Progress That Has Been Made Under Legal Advice and in Spite of the Foolish Meddling of Demagogues and Rattle-brained Incompetents in the Council,

The Only Move Made in Disregard of the Advice of the City's Attorneys Was a Serious Blunder and Placed the City at a Disadvantage in any Legal Conflict with the City Water Company That May Ensue.

The Water Supply Committee of the Council, which has conducted all the proceedings and negotiations toward the acquirement by the city of a water system, and has been hampered and pestered and bothered by the crank-brained noodles and blatant "friends of the people" who fancy that they know how to build waterworks with wind, presented to the Council yesterday a complete report of all that has been done up to date. This report effectually disposes of the random and irresponsible assertions and charges that have been made by Snyder, Grider and Hutchison in their frantic efforts to bamboozle the people and exalt themselves, and it will be sufficient to satisfy every rational citizen that the interests of the city have been guarded carefully, and that there is no excuse whatever for all the bobbery that has been kicked up by the noisy three and the San Francisco freak newspapers.

ADVICE OF ATTORNEYS.

Has Been Followed Except When One Break Was Made.

LOS ANGELES (Cal.) Jan. 29, 1898.

To the Water Supply Committee of the Council of the city of Los Angeles—Gentlemen: We are in receipt of your communication, of date 27th January inst., asking us for any advice we may have to give with regard to any action to be taken by the Council at this juncture of its affairs with the City Water Company.

In our judgment, the Council up to this time has taken all the steps advisable from a legal standpoint in the matter of the taking over by the city of the waterworks and plant, now in the possession of the City Water Company, under the terms of the existing contract and lease between the company's predecessors and the city. We shall have suggestions to submit from time to time for your consideration in puruance of what we believe to be the proper plan of procedure on the part of the city, but we have none to offer at present.

We may properly say in this connection that your committee and the Council have sought and followed our advice in all actions it has taken in this matter, as well as in refraining to take certain steps suggested by a desire to carry out the will of the people for the municipal ownership of a system of waterworks at the earliest possible moment, but which action we, as the legal advisers of the city could not approve.

We recall but one instance in which our advice has been disregarded, and that was when the Council required from us, against our protest, a formal opinion upon the validity of the water contract and lease. Our protest was based upon our firm conviction that, in a contest of this character, where the vital interests of the city are at stake, it is a suicidal policy to inform our opponents of the position and plans adopted for the maintaining of the city's rights by premature public announcement or discussion of the same.

Respectfully submitted,

[Signed] W. E. DUNN, Attorney

LEE & SCOTT of Counsel.

HISTORY OF PROCEEDINGS.

Water Supply Committee Reports Progress in Detail.

Your Water Supply Committee to whom your honorable body has entrusted from time to time the matter of conducting negotiations with the Los Angeles City Water Company looking to the taking over by the city of the improvements added during the term of the existing lease by said company to the original water plant of the city, and to whom also was entrusted the matter of estimating the cost of a new plant, as well as estimating the value of the above-mentioned improvements made to the old plant, is impelled at this time, having in mind the best interests of the citizens of the municipality which you have the honor to represent, to make the following report of the work accomplished by this committee and the City Engineer, acting under your valued instructions and the advice of counsel representing the city, and also to set forth for your adoption a declaration of the most effective line of action to pursue in order to accomplish the most speedy realization of the people's desire for municipal ownership of the water system of this city.

The instructions received by this committee have always been positive as to the unanimous desire of the Council to bring about actual municipal ownership at the earliest possible moment. Expression has never been given by any member, either in committee or in discussion of the question in open council, of a sentiment negative to the one ardent desire for municipal ownership. In the various reports of this committee the presence of this sentiment has been frequently referred to, in fact the basic question of municipal ownership was affirmatively settled at the organization of this Council, and has never since then been reopened by word or act.

The Water Supply Committee is provided for in the code of rules governing the organization of your honorable body, and to it are naturally referred all matters pertaining to the water supply of the city. This committee having been constituted at the initial meeting of this Council, January 4, 1897, it was on January 11, 1897, the time of next meeting of Council, fully prepared to receive any instructions the Council might wish to give it, hence the motion of Mr. Blanchard, introduced at the last-named session, was deemed perfectly proper and was accepted by the Council as the initial step toward the accomplishment of municipal ownership. Said motion was as follows:

"Mr. Blanchard moves that the Water Supply Committee be instructed to confer with the City Engineer and report to the Council as to the best procedure for acquiring a water plant to be owned by the city."

GRIDER'S USELESS MOVE.

So acceptable was this motion that its adoption was without debate or dissent. Later in the same session Mr. Grider, after having voted for the Blanchard motion, which empowered the Water Supply Committee to take the matter up, introduced the following resolution:

"Resolved, that public interest and necessity demand that the city of Los Angeles should own a complete system of waterworks for the use of said city and its inhabitants; and to the end that this Council may have prompt and full information in the premises as to the best and most available system, and the cost thereof, whether constructed by said city or acquired by purchase, it is ordered that the City Engineer of said city do immediately make full and complete plans of an entirely new system, sufficient in all respects to furnish said city and its inhabitants with an abundance of pure water, and that said Engineer do also report to this Council therewith a careful estimate of the cost of such new system."

This resolution had been rendered so clearly superfluous by the previous adoption of the Blanchard motion as to make it impossible for the Council to seriously consider it. Had the Grider resolution been presented first, it would, after amending so as to very properly refer the matter to the Water Supply Committee for joint action with the Engineer, have rendered the Blanchard motion unnecessary and accomplished the same purpose as the latter—nothing more. Hence, your committee fails to discover how, in the adoption of the Blanchard motion, which was disposed of without debate before the introduction of the other, and in the rejection of the Grider resolution, any negative influence was exerted upon the question of municipal ownership. Certainly the Blanchard motion was first in point of time; its adoption carried a reference of the matter to the proper committee, and that committee covered the full scope of the resolution in its recommendations one week later.

On January 13, 1897, the date of the receipt of instructions from the clerk of your honorable body, based upon the Blanchard motion, this committee held a meeting, of which the following are the official minutes.

"Meeting of the Water Supply Committee held January 13, 1897. Meeting called to order by Chairman F. M. Nickell. Present, Messrs. Blanchard and Toll of the committee and J. H. Dockweiler, City Engineer.

"Upon motion C. H. Toll was chosen secretary of the committee. It was stated by Mr. Dockweiler that plans and specifications could be provided sufficient to give an approximate cost of a new system of waterworks for from $600 to $1000.

MOUNTAIN SUPPLY CONSIDERED.

"After general discussion of the work before the committee, in the course of which the question of securing a water supply from the mountains was duly considered, it was decided upon motion that the following report be transmitted to the Council as an expression of the committee's desires."

The recommendations contained in said report were: First—That the City Engineer be instructed to prepare an approximate estimate of the cost of a complete waterworks for the entire city, using the Los Angeles River as a source of water supply, and present same to the Council at the earliest possible date. Second—That the committee be authorized to draw requisitions for necessary expense, and, third, that committee be empowered to take such action as may be deemed necessary to open negotiations with the Los Angeles City Water Company, looking to the taking over of the improvements added to the water plant of the city.

On January 20, 1897, instructions from your honorable body, based upon above report of this committee were received from the clerk. In keeping therewith a meeting of the committee was immediately called for January 24, 1897, of which the following are the official minutes:

"Meeting of the Water Supply Committee, January 24, 1897. Meeting called to order by Chairman F. M. Nickell. Present, Messrs. Blanchard and Toll of the committee and J. H. Dockweiler, City Engineer.

"Upon motion the City Engineer was instructed to rent the necessary rooms, employ necessary assistance and prosecute to an early completion such plans and specifications as were required to furnish an estimate of the approximate cost of a new system of waterworks for the city.

"It was the sense of the committee that when the result of the work of the engineer is finally known, it be held in strict confidence and secrecy by each member of the committee, the engineer and the employés in possession of the same until such time as the committee may deem it expedient to make the facts known to the public. This action was deemed necessary in order that any publicity of the cost of a new system might not interfere with pending negotiations with the water company looking to the purchase of their plant."

It was considered highly probable by the committee that the preparation of plans for a new plant would require much more time in execution than the mere procurement of the water company's price for the old plant, hence the work upon new plans was allowed to progress until February 24, 1897, before active negotiations were opened with the old company.

The minutes of the meeting of the committee on that date are as follows:

"Meeting of the Water Supply Committee, February 24, 1897. Meeting called to order by Chairman F. M. Nickell. Present, Messrs. Blanchard and Toll of the committee.

"The secretary was instructed to purchase such record books and supplies as may be needed to preserve the minutes of the various meetings of the committee.

"Upon motion the secretary was instructed to indite letters to the Los Angeles City Water Company, s etting forth that the committee desired to enter into negotiations with the respective companies looking to the purchase of their plant in the event the City Council should deem it desirable to purchase same for the city."

NEGOTIATIONS OPENED.

The day following the above-named meeting (February 25, 1897,) letters were mailed to the Los Angeles City Water Company, Highland Water Company and the West Side Water Company, conveying the desire of the city to acquire their respective plants at a reasonable price, and asking the respective companies to coöperate with this committee to the end that a speedy determination might be reached in the premises. Replies to above-mentioned letters were received as follows:

Under date of March 4, 1897, from the West Side Water Company, stating they did not contemplate sale. Under date of March 9, 1897, from Los Angeles City Water Company, stating its willingness to sell the plant to the city. Under date of March 13, 1897, from Highland Water Company, signifying willingness to meet our committee at any time and place designated.

On March 25, 1897, a meeting of the Water Committee was held, of which following are the official minutes:

"Meeting of Water Supply Committee, March 25, 1897. Meeting called to order by Chairman F. M. Nickell. Present, Messrs. Blanchard and Toll of the committee and J. H. Dockweiler, City Engineer.

"Letters were received and read from the Los Angeles City Water Company, the Highland Water Company and the West End Water Company.

"The chairman informed the committee that the City Engineer was about ready to report the result of the estimation he had been making as to the cost of a new water plant for the city.

"Upon motion it was decided to instruct the City Engineer that when he delivers his estimate of the cost of the new water plant, that it be handed to the chairman of this committee under seal, to be so retained by the chairman until the information is needed in determining as to the reasonableness of any proposition the Los Angeles City Water Company may submit, or until a majority of the committee deem it expedient to make the information public.

"It was decided upon motion that the chairman of this committee arrange with the proper officials of the Los Angeles City Water Company for a conference on Tuesday, March 30, 1897, with this committee, looking to the opening of negotiations for the purchase of their plant."

Owing to the absence from the city of some of the representatives of the water company, the meeting designed for March 30, 1897, was delayed until April 9, 1897, of which the following are the official minutes;

FIRST CONFERENCE.

"Joint meeting of the Water Supply Committee and representatives of the Los Angeles City Water Company, held in President Silver's office, April 9, 1897.

"Present, F. M. Nickell, E. L. Blanchard and C. H. Toll of the committee, and Messrs. S. H. Mott, W. J. Broderick, Drake and Minor, representing the Los Angeles City Water Company.

"It was stated by Mr. Nickell on the part of the committee that the city of Los Angeles was desirous of owning its own water plant, either by purchase of the existing plant, or the construction of a new one, and that the purpose of this meeting was to open negotiations looking to the purchase of the plant of the Los Angeles City Water Company in the event that a satisfactory price could be arrived at, and that it was now the desire of the committee to know the position of the water company in the premises.

"It was stated by Mr. Mott of the water company that their company was willing to sell their plant at a fair price, and that they courted the fullest investigation and closest examination of their properties; that they would furnish a schedule and would personally accompany the committee and exhibit heir various properties to them.

"It was stated on the part of the committee that nothing but the most complete exposition of the company's properties would serve the purpose of the committee; that they must know what these various properties consist of, where they are located, and the length of service up to the present time of pipe, etc., in order that they might place before the Council and the Council in turn place before the people full details and information in order that a proper conclusion could be arrived at on the part of the people as to the most desirable procedure for them to take; that is, whether it would be better to purchase the existing plant at the valuation arrived at or construct an entire new plant.

"In keeping with this statement it was arranged that the committee of the Council, accompanied by the City Engineer, should meet representatives of the water company Thursday morning, April 15, at 9 o'clock, to visit and investigate a portion of all of the properties of the water company."

On April 5, 1897, the City Engineer filed with the chairman of this committee, under seal, his very able and comprehensive report as to the estimated cost of an entirely new water plant for the entire city.

ENGINEER'S REPORT.

At a regular meeting of the Council on April 19, 1897, upon request of the Council so to do, this committee filed the above mentioned report of the City Engineer. The object of the committee in desiring to avoid publicity of the amount of cost of the new plant was for the purely politic reason of depriving the water company of the necessarily large figure representing the cost of a new plant as a basis for fixing a price upon their plant. People unacquainted with the difference in detail might be led into a comparison of prices highly favorable to the old company. Hence the committee wanted to be in position to set both conclusions before the people at one and the same time, and have them feel the assurance that each was arrived at independent of the other.

Representatives of the water company having stated at meeting of committee April 9, 1897, that they would furnish the committee with a complete schedule of the various items of their plant, the way appeared open for gaining such definite knowledge as will enable the City Engineer to arrive at a very accurate estimate of their value. It became the earnest desire of the committee to secure this authentic data from the company rather than attempt to arrive by conjecture or by superficial examination at a knowledge of the kind, location and extent of use of the company's properties.

As stated in the report of this committee of date April 26, 1897: "It was the conclusion of the committee that in no other way could your honorable body arrive at a correct knowledge of the water company's plant in all its details. Having pursued an ordinary business course and procured from the water company all details as to quality, extent, location, duration of service and price of the component features of their plant, it will become the duty of the Council to apply such tests and lines of investigation as will fully verify the information furnished by the company. The water company have evinced a willingness to supply all the information desired and they are now preparing the schedule asked for by the committee."

FOOLISH DEMANDS.

But even this reasonable position of the committee was assailed by an element in the Council advocating that instead of waiting a few days for complete schedule, maps, etc., then being compiled by the City Engineer at the water company's office, the Council instruct the engineer to go out upon the streets of the city and, by indiscriminate digging find out the very details being furnished at that time by the company without remonstrance or hindrance.

On May 10, 1897, accompanying a report to the Council, the committee submitted complete information as to the property of the water company in schedule, map and tabulated form. This report recites that the schedule shows real estate, rights to develop water, rights-of-way, conduits, tunnels, pipe and flume lines, distribution pipe system, fittings, reservoir sites, reservoirs, pump stations, stock on hand, water sources and developments, while the map shows exact locations of all these properties throughout the city and adjacent territory. This report also carried the following recommendation:

"That the City Engineer be instructed to proceed at once to determine, by use of the data here supplied, the following conclusions:

"First—The correctness of the data furnished by the water company.

"Second—The cost of a new plant identical in all respects with the present plant.

"Third—The present real worth of the old plant.

"Fourth—Its available value to the city as a part of an ultimate complete plant."

At a meeting of the committee, July 24, 1897, a communication from the Los Angeles Water Company was read offering to sell their plant to the city for the sum of $3,000,000. This offer was submitted to the Council July 26, 1897, at which time the City Engineer also presented his report, showing estimated present value of water company's plant to be $1,209,250, including house connections.

THE FORMAL TENDER.

Instructions were received by this committee July 27, 1897, based upon resolution of Mr. Silver, to make to the Los Angeles City Water Company a formal tender of $1,190,655 for an option for the purchase of their plant on or before July 1, 1898. On the same day a letter was duly addressed to the water company, making known the desire of your honorable body, formally tendering the amount above named and asking an immediate reply.

By letter dated the following day, July 28, 1897, the water company communicated its refusal to accept the above-named offer.

By this refusal to accept, the city's offer was terminated, for the time being at least, the effort of this committee, acting under instructions from your honorable body, to acquire the Los Angeles City Water Company's plant by purchase before the expiration of the existing lease. This effort having its inception in the report of this committee of date of July 13, 1897, had been prosecuted with all the diligence consistent with the magnitude of the transaction and the convenience of the large number of interested parties, and the outcome after so much labor and so great a sacrifice of time, was deeply regretted by this committee. In order that no time should be lost by inactivity of committee or Council, a meeting of the committee was held Friday evening, July 30, 1897, of which the following are the minutes:

"A call meeting of the Water Supply Committee, held in the committee room of the City Hall Friday evening, July 30. Present, Messrs. Nickell and Toll of the committee and City Engineer Dockweiler.

"Chairman Nickell stated that the object of the meeting was to consider the advisability of reporting to the Council in favor of immediate work upon the head-works system included in Mr. Dockweiler's report for a new water system for the city. It was Mr. Dockweiler's opinion that this portion of a new system should be built entirely independent of the entire plant and could be used in case the city purchased the old plant or ultimately built a new plant, and he strongly urged the taking of immediate steps looking to the commencement of work upon this portion of the system, furnishing figures and data in support of his position.

"Upon motion it was decided that the committee make a report on the following Monday recommending:

"The appointment of a consulting board of engineers to pass upon the correctness and feasibility of the City Engineer's plans for a new water system in so far as they pertain to portions embraced in the head-works system;

"The beginning of work upon this system, providing no legal objections existed thereto; and

"The taking of immediate steps to open negotiations with the water company looking to the settlement by arbitration of the price to pass from the city to said company for the purchase of said plant."

ORDERLY PROGRESS.

As a result of this meeting a report of this committee was sent to the Council August 2, 1897, from which we quote: "Your committee realizes that another fixed station in the progress of the solution of the problem of municipal ownership has now been reached, and that it is the last, save one only, regarding which there should have been no difference of opinion as to their order of sequence or their necessity of execution. We should designate these undebatable stages already passed as, first, the decision for municipal ownership; second, the estimated cost of a new water system; third, the estimated value of the old plant, and, fourth, the formal offer to purchase the old plant at the value so determined. The attaining of these stations in the above logical order should have prompted only uniminity of action on the part of all members of the legislative branch of the municipality, and we can but iterate that any other attitude on the part of any member of the city government is ill advised, uncalled for and is dictated by motives antagonistic to the welfare of the city at large. We beg to cite that from the first meeting of this committee down to the present time some feature of work attending the solution of this problem has been in operation or pendancy. Delays have been fancied and unreal; progress has been steady and uninterrupted, and results substantial and satisfactory, affording a basis and sure foundation upon which all future action can safely rest. This report carried three recommendations as follows:

First, the appointment of a consulting board of engineers to pass upon that portion of Engineer Dockweiler's plans for new water systems which pertains to the head-works system, including conduits and reservoir; second, to afford the people an opportunity to vote for bonds to construct said head-works system, provided no legal objections exists; third, to submit to the water company a plan for arbitrating the question of the value of improvements made to plant.

This report at time of its reading was referred to the City Attorney for his opinion as to any legal objections to the active prosecution of the work proposed.

In a report filed in Council August 9, 1897, signed by the City Attorney and Messrs. Lee and Scott of counsel an opinion is given averse to the first two recommendations of the committee, but favorable to the last recommendation to arbitrate.

ARBITRATION PROPOSED.

Based upon Mr. Ashman's resolution to immediately proceed to arbitration, instructions were received from your honorable body, August 11, 1897, to notify the water company that it was the desire of the city to submit to arbitration the question of the value of the improvements made to the plant. On the same day a letter was mailed addressed to the duly authorized representatives of the water company communicating the desire of your honorable body to proceed at once to arbitration.

Under date of August 19, 1897, reported to Council August 23, 1897, a letter was received from the water company stating inability to definitely reply to the request to arbitrate until the return to the city of their legal adviser.

On September 7, 1897, no further reply having been received from the water company regarding arbitration, the City Attorney, in answer to request of Council reported that "if the contract entered into on July 20, 1868, which expires July 20 of next year, is valid, the water company cannot be compelled to arbitrate until the expiration of the contract as provided therein." At the same session of the Council, Mr. Hutchison's motion prevailed requesting that the City Attorney prepare an opinion as to the legality of the waterworks contract of 1868. As has been heretofore stated this Council has ever been averse to assuming any position which would in any way commit the city authorities upon the question of the validity of the contract, deeming it of prime importance that the legal department should be free from such useless limitations in the conduct of a matter of such import, where such grave legal questions entered so largely into its solution.

In keeping with this request the City Attorney reported to Council September 21, 1897, a letter from Messrs. Lee and Scott of counsel, concurred in by Mr. Dunn, in which counsel, after citing good and valid reasons for such advice, admonished the Council against insisting upon a flat opinion as to the validity of contract. However, a majority of the Council demanded a flat opinion thereon and the same was filed during that session of Council. Said opinion held "that those portions of the contract are valid and binding, which relate to property rights in the improvements and increments made by the water company to the plant originally turned over to it by the city, and to the obligations of both parties to submit the value of such improvements and increments to arbitration and obligation of the city to pay to the company the value thereof so ascertained, and that the rights of the city arising under these provisions of the contract can be enforced."

In the presence of two legal opinions, one of which decides that if contract is valid the water company cannot be forced to arbitrate before expiration of said contract, while the other decides that this contract is a valid one, the question of enforcing arbitration at this time was quite effectually disposed of.

THE BOND PROPOSITION.

On November 22, 1897, a numerously-signed petition was filed, asking that the Council "at once take the necessary steps for calling a bond election to build an entirely new water system for the city of Los Angeles." Said petition was referred to this committee, and by it duly considered at a meeting held December 2, 1897, of which meeting the following are the minutes:

"Meeting of the Water Supply Committee, December 2, 1897. Present, Chairman Nickell, and Messrs. Blanchard and Toll of the committee.

"Meeting was called to consider the petition asking that steps be taken immediately to build an entirely new system of waterworks for the whole city.

"Upon examination of the petition it was found to have been signed by 3381 citizens of all classes.

"It appearing that legal complications might arise from granting the request of the petitioners, on motion the secretary was instructed to arrange with City Attorney Dunn and associate counsel, Lee and Scott, for a joint meeting, at which time the legal phases could be discussed."

Agreeable with this action of the committee, a meeting was arranged for December 3, 1897, of which the following are the minutes:

"Meeting of the Water Supply Committee, December 3, 1897. Present, Chairman Nickell and Messrs. Blanchard and Toll of the committee, the Mayor, members of the Council, attorneys of petitioners and of the city and interested citizens.

"Petition was read by the secretary and the desires of the petitioners explained by Judge Wright. After full discussion of the various phases of the question involved it was moved and seconded that the committee report to the Council, making two recommendations:

"First—That no steps be taken at this time looking toward the immediate construction of a new system of waterworks,

"Second—That steps be taken at once, looking to the determination of the value of the improvements made by the water company upon the water plant in keeping with the conditions of the contract under which the water company are now operating; the object being to perform any acts necessary to enable the city to provide the necessary funds to pay for said improvements at the expiration of the present lease, July 22, 1898."

At this meeting it was stated by Judge Wright representing the petitioners, that inasmuch as the previous negotiations between the city and the water company to purchase improvements, also the offer of the city to arbitrate had not been designated nor recognized as having been made under the terms of the contract, the city was not at this time in position to grant the request of the petitioners. Your committee knew it was a matter of earnest solicitation on the part of your honorable body lest by premature and ill-advised action a great hardship might be inflicted upon the worthy taxpayers of this municipality. If any disposition to over-zealousness along this line was evinced by this committee, it was inspired by the full knowledge on the part of its members that our citizens desired but one water plant at a time, and that for the time being, at least, we were resting under obligations, moral and legal, to treat with the Los Angeles City Water Company for the restoration of the city's plant upon payment for improvements made thereto.

TWO SYSTEMS NOT NEEDED.

A report in keeping with the foregoing action of the committee was filed with the Council, December 6, 1897, from which we quote:

"The question of immediate construction being disposed of, discussion was had upon the question of taking such steps as would remove the legal difficulties which now exist to the construction of new works prior to termination of present lease. In short, what can be done by your honorable body to enable you to raise the funds and enter upon the construction of an entirely new system of waterworks prior to the termination of present contract without subjecting the people you represent to the payment of not only the cost of a new plant, but the value of the improvements made by the water company to the old plant as well. Upon this subject your committee finds a difference of opinion both legal and civic; nor does it by its recommendation herein pretend to decide that the way is clear for a successful outcome along the lines suggested, but being actuated by a desire to leave no stone unturned to acquire a municipal water plant, new or old, at the earliest moment consistent with the interests of the community, your committee begs to submit the following recommendations:

"First—That no action be taken at this time to construct an entirely new water system, and, second, that the City Attorney be instructed to prepare a resolution looking to negotiations attempting to agree with the water company upon the value of the improvements made by them as provided in the contract with said water company dated July 22, 1868, in order that the city may pay to the water company at the expiration of said contract, the amount of compensation agreed upon to cover value of the said improvements made by said water company during term of lease."

On December 13, 1897, the necessary resolution was presented by the attorney and adopted by the Council.

Under date of December 15, 1897, a copy of above resolution with instructions was received by this committee from your honorable body, and on the following day, December 16, 1897, a letter was indited to the water company signifying the desire of this committee to enter upon the work contemplated in the resolution, and asking the cooperation of the company. To this letter a reply was received December 26, 1897, stating willingness of company to sell, if an agreement could be reached as to terms of sale. On December 29, 1897, a second letter was written by the committee asking that some day in the following week be designated for a meeting. To this a reply was received Monday, January 17, 1898, stating that representatives will be appointed by the board of directors and the committee will be informed at once who they are; that their attorneys will be in the city about the middle of February, and the company would like to have matters so advanced by that time that they may have the assistance of attorneys in bringing matters to a conclusion.

COMPLICATIONS AVOIDED.

Further than as above stated your committee is without instruction from your honorable body. The various commissions entrusted to this committee have at all times been prosecuted with an earnest desire to supplement by the energy and zeal of this committee the honest effort being continually exercised by your honorable body in the direction of municipal ownership of a water system. The foregoing review of the work of the Council, legal advisers, engineer and committee must convince any honest mind that everything has been done that could safely be undertaken; that every inch of advance ground has been occupied as fast as possible, and that now the lapse of a brief period of time and the execution of such acts as may be suggested by the city's legal advisers are all that separate us from municipal ownership in fact.

There has never been any doubt as to the wishes of the people in this matter; their attitude has been positive and unequivocal for municipal ownership, and no act of Council, legal advisers, engineer or committee can be honestly interpreted to mean anything but complete acquiescence to this demand. If more radical action has been declined from time to time, it has been done in obedience to legal barriers, and with the one object of avoiding complications which would avail naught but to defer the actual acquirement of municipal ownership.

As the business man in the conduct of his practical affairs entrusts all legal questions to competent legal advisers, so those now in authority in municipal affairs have deemed it but justice to the citizens whose interests they represent to make of this matter a legal rather than a political contest. At all times have the legal advisers of the city been fully consulted and the degree of respect evinced for their able advice is shown by the accompanying letter from Messrs. W. E. Dunn and Lee & Scott. Desiring to leave undone no step possible for execution, this committee has asked legal counsel to suggest any further action deemed advisable at the present time; it is in answer to this request that the inclosed letter is submitted.

In keeping with the justified feeling of dependence upon wise legal guidance in solving the complicated phases of this all-important subject, your committee feels it to be a judicious, wise and prudent policy to move at the present and in the future in strict conformity with the advice of the city's counsel, being always zealous in the defense of every right, and assuming the aggressive wherever the interests of the city demand such action.

Your committee respectfully awaits such further commissions as your honorable body may from time to time entrust to it.

F. M. NICKELL,
E. L. BLANCHARD,
C. H. TOLL, Committee.

Y.M.C.A. Lectures.

An interesting and instructive lecture was given at the Young Men's Christian Association last evening by Prof. James H. Shultz of the State Normal School. The lecture dealt with the phenomena of sound, and very many experiments were shown in illustration of the subject. It was announced that next Monday evening Judge John S. Thompson, who for fifteen years was a fellow-practitioner at the Illinois bar with Abraham Lincoln, would give a lecture embodying his personal recollections of the great war President.

Pythian Ladies' Night.

Gauntlet Lodge, No. 129, Knights of Pythias, gave a ladies' night at the Castle Hall last evening. The initial feature of the evening was a cake walk, in which first honors were captured by Mrs. Parish and Mrs. Eckstrom, the second by Oscar J. Lawler and May Stansbury and the consolation prize by Capt. G. S. Adolph and Mrs. Catherine Bright. Dancing followed, to the music of Gomer's Orchestra, and refreshments were served.

Attractive Butter Packages.

[New York Weekly Tribune:] If those who make butter for sale would only realize how much the appearance of the package has to do with its ready and profitable sale there would be more butter put up neatly and attractively.

Butter-packing in summer and warm weather has no better package than the small jar, or tub, depending upon whom the customers are. But for winter the butter may be put into rolls and pats and made to show very attractively. If to be shipped the brick form is a good one. This is so nice to pack, fitting closely together there can be no bruising or defacing of the pats. But do not use old muslin for wrapping; get the butter paper that is now sold for this purpose. The paper alone gives it so much neater appearance. The neat appearance of the outside is not all by any means. It might make one sale, but if the butter itself were not good the second sale would be doubtful. Have the inside as neat and well prepared as the outside and you will be able to sell all the butter you make at a fair price.

If one ships butter to a commission merchant, it is well to write and find out just how he prefers the butter packed. Some such men like it best packed in five-pound jars, and the boxes and jars are returned each time. If you pack this way, get the butter paper for covering the tops of the jars. It comes in various sizes and you can buy it just the right size if you try. Before putting on the paper, if you have a stamp print the top of the butter, and this will give an extra attraction. Have the jars perfectly clean on the outside and every detail attended to with perfect neatness.

I know a man who ships his butter in twenty-five-pound tubs. The tubs are always new ones, never used the second time, the butter is made from separated cream, and the making and packing all attended to with care and neatness. He gets something above the highest Elgin price all the time for his butter, and it has been simply from its excellent quality and the neatness of the package that he has built up a good trade in the butter line.

One reason why commission men prefer tub packing is this: The butter keeps better in a tight package than it could in pats or rolls. Butter is very susceptible to outer odors, and very soon becomes tainted. Many commission men prefer even larger packages than the twenty-five-pound tub. The price given for butter by such firms, if they are reliable ones, is always according to the real value of the butter.

The best way to sell butter, however, is to get customers and supply these regularly with the gilt-edged variety. More money can be made this way than in any other method of selling butter. There are many people in our large cities who would much prefer to have their butter supplied by a thoroughly reliable maker than to depend upon the chances of getting a good quality elsewhere.

Hoped for a Life Term.

[Philadelphia Press:] A young man in the Treasury Department who took an examination recently for promotion ran up against a curious question, but he was equal to the occasion, and his ready reply will doubtless stand him in good stead when his average is made up. The question asked was this:

"How long do you expect to remain in the civil service?"

"Until death do us part," was the reply, unhesitatingly written down.

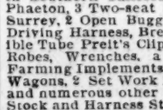


A man might as well try to swim with a ball and chain on his ankles as to go through life weighted down with disease. He has no chance at all to win the race, if he keeps his head above water he is lucky. The chances are he will be swamped.

Indigestion and constipation drag more people down than poverty. They are as common as poverty and they are worse, because they cause poverty. A sick man can't work. Beside that, constipation causes nine-tenths of all the other diseases. It makes the blood foul and clogs up the whole system. The liver has no chance to work. The stomach has no power to digest food. The whole human machinery is blocked by constipation.

There have been all sorts of attempted cures for it, but nothing has ever succeeded like Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. The cure they make is natural and scientific and permanent. They never act violently. You don't become a slave to their use. Some druggists make a little more profit on "something else." Look out for that.

People would hardly ever need to be sick if they had Dr. Pierce's thousand-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," always at hand. It explains the laws of hygiene; tells how to keep well; and gives over two hundred prescriptions for curing common ailments without a doctor. It explains anatomy and physiology and gives more valuable information than any book of the kind ever printed.



A paper-bound copy will be sent free on receipt of twenty-one cents in one-cent stamps to pay the cost of mailing *only*. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y. A handsome cloth-bound silver-stamped copy for ten cents extra.

AUCTIONS.

Auction

On Tuesday Feb. 1, 10 a.m.

Removed to R. W. Wood's Auction House

The contents of a 5 and 8 room house. Comprising in part fine Upright Grand Piano, fancy rockers, oak tables, H.B. chairs, extension tables, oak cheval bedroom suites, cable springs, bed and bedding, folding beds, office furniture, two fine kitchen ranges, kitchen tables, chairs, tailor's gas stove and irons, etc, etc.

J. W. HORNE, Auctioneer.

Auction

AT 114 TRUMAN STREET, East Los Angeles.

Rhoades & Reed will sell the Livery Stock of Pierce & Wheat, Saturday, Feb. 5, at 10 o'clock a.m., 10 head well broke and gentle Family Horses, both single and double teams. Best bred Shetland Pony Stallion in Southern California, 6 Top Buggies, 1 Phaeton, 3 Two-seat Surreys, 1 Three-seat Surrey, 2 Open Buggies, Double and Single Driving Harness, Breaking Harness, 1 Flexible Tube Preit's Clipping Machine, Whips, Robes, Wrenches, a miscellaneous lot of Farming Implements, consisting of 2 Truck Wagons, 2 Set Work Harness, Mower, Rake and numerous other articles. The Buggy Stock and Harness Stock are exceptionally good, very little worn, selected from the best makes that long experience in the business would warrant. Sale absolute.

BEN. O. RHOADES, Auctioneer.
Office, 557 South Spring Street.

Auction

Rhoades & Reed will sell the entire contents of the

"Cave Restaurant"

Removed to our salesrooms, 557-559 South Spring Street,

Wednesday, Feb. 2, at 10 a.m.

One Large Refrigerator, glass front, cost $1.50; all the elegant Chandeliers, Glass and Silverware, Desks, Table Linen, Tables, 66 Oak Chairs.

Also the elegant furniture of a 10-room house. 4 Brass Bedsteads, Silk Floss Mattresses, fine Bedding, Pillows, Spreads, Toilet Sets, Dressers, Oak Wardrobes, Ladies' Dressers, Book Case, Folding Beds, Lounges, Couches, Upholstered Parlor Furniture, Chairs, Rockers, Stands, Center Tables, etc. BEN O. RHOADES, Auctioneer.

Auction

RHOADES & REED will sell the

FINE FURNITURE

At Residence, 719 E. Eleventh St.

Take Maple Avenue Car,

Today, Tuesday, Feb. 1, AT 10 A.M.

"Colby & Duncan" Upright Piano, high grade Rosewood Case, one fine Mahogany Parlor Suit, two Oak Cheval Bedroom Suits, Mattresses, Bedding, elegant Oak Sideboard, 8-foot Extension Table, Dining Chairs to match, Rockers, Portieres, Lace Curtains, Wicker Rockers, Range, Jewel Gas Range, Cooking Utensils, Dishes, Glass and Silver Ware, Carpets, Rugs, etc. Also, one Horse, Surrey and Harness. Sale positive, without limit.

BEN O. RHOADES, Auctioneer.

Auction

Of the desirable Furniture of Cottage No. 1358 South Hill street, on

Wednesday, Feb. 2, at 10 a.m.

Consisting of Polished Oak Rockers, Lounges, Quartered Oak Tables, Lace Curtains, Portieres, Pictures, Brussels Carpets, Carved Oak Sets with French Plate Mirrors, Toiletware, Clocks, Mattresses, Bedding, fine Oak Extension Table, Dining Chairs, Crockery, Glassware, Range, Kitchen Furniture, etc.

C. M. STEVENS, Auctioneer.



DR. WONG,

Physician and Surgeon,

Locates ALL Diseases by the pulse. Nature has provided in Chinese herbs a remedy for every disease, if the disease be properly located and the herbs properly applied. This can all be found at Dr. Wong's Sanitarium, 713 S. MAIN STREET. Consultation free.

LAW IN CONTEMPT.

SHAMEFUL ORGIES SANCTIONED BY THE CITY'S EXECUTIVE.

Permission to Violate the Liquor Law Given by M. P. Snyder to Disorderly Persons.

POLICE POWERS PARALYZED.

SHAM RESOLUTION PASSED BY THE COMMISSION.

Authority of the Chief Made a Farce by Private Instructions and the Entire Force Humiliated and Exposed to Contempt.

The Police Commission, at its regular meeting last week, passed a resolution instructing the Chief of Police to enforce the liquor ordinance, which prohibits the sale of liquor after midnight and on Sunday. The ordinance is perfectly clear in terms and had not been modified or amended by the Council. As it is the duty of the police to enforce all ordinances, there seemed to be no reason why special instructions by resolution should be given to the head of the department to enforce an ordinance that is in no particular ambiguous, and is perfectly well understood by all persons whose business it affects.

It might be inferred from the resolution of the board that the Chief of Police had neglected his duty and needed a reminder, but such an inference would be unjust to the Chief. The true explanation of the resolution is that the failure of the police to enforce impartially the laws governing the sale of liquor was due to instructions from Police Commissioners to enforce the law in some cases and to ignore it in others. In other words, Chief Glass's superior officers have instructed him from time to time to permit certain persons to violate the law. One of the Commissioners, unable to see any excuse for such discrimination, introduced the resolution, and the others did not have the nerve to vote against it. While they were willing to suspend the operation of laws by private instructions, they could not do so publicly and by official action, as a board.

It is notorious that saloons of a certain class have been permitted to do business at all hours of the day and night and on Sunday, in direct violation of the ordinance, while others have been held to strict compliance with the provisions of law. This has been the well-known policy of the Police Commission, and it has been approved tacitly, if not in terms, by many citizens, who consider the ordinance too rigid and irksome and do not believe it either expedient or practicable to confine the consumption of alcoholic beverages to certain hours of the day.

In accordance with this policy, saloons of the better class that are conducted quietly and orderly and are patronized by persons who are not supposed to get drunk and make disturbances, have not been molested as a rule, while the dives and groggeries that are frequented by a disorderly element have been compelled to obey the law. Instead of so amending the ordinance as to permit the issuance of special licenses for all-night saloons, under police supervision, the Commissioners have simply set the law aside by private and secret action and instructions. Whether that policy be wise or unwise as a matter of police regulation, such are the facts.

But the granting of special permits to violate the law has gone even further than a hint to the police to wink at side-door evasions. The most outrageous and indecent orgies have been encouraged and specifically permitted by officials, who control the actions of the Chief of Police. Turnverein Hall on Main street is the scene of these orgies. The dances and so-called "masquerade balls" given at Turner Hall are attended by prostitutes and their associates, thugs, hoodlums, thieves and disreputables of all types and classes, and are simply disgraceful debauches and free fights. Beer and liquor are sold in the hall without any pretense of license of any sort. The assembled toughs get drunk, fight, curse, howl and make a Bedlam of the neighborhood until 3 or 4 in the morning, and no effort is made to restrain them.

It has become so notorious that Turner Hall dances are shameful disturbances of the peace, that men about town attend them late at night, when the orgies are in full blast, to "see the scrapping." Last Saturday night one of these saturnalias of drunkenness and indecency was held under the guise of a "benefit" for a baseball club. Without any license, Federal, State or city, the promoters of the affair sold beer and liquors to all who called for it. At the opening of the ball a police sergeant and a patrolman were present, and they forbade the sale of liquor. The managers telephoned to Mayor Snyder, and a few moments later the police were withdrawn and the violation of law was resumed by express permission of M. P. Snyder, Mayor of Los Angeles and member of the Board of Police Commissioners.

The debauch lasted until 3 a.m. Sunday, when it wound up with a fight. The crowd followed the combatants out of the hall and through the streets. A mob of several hundred men and women came surging along Main street and through Third street to Spring in the wake of the principals in the fight, one of whom was fleeing from the other. Up Spring street raced the fighters, and the mob yelled, ran and cursed some bystanders who blew whistles and called for the police.

There was no policeman within hearing, and the festivities were not interfered with. One of the fighters escaped, and the other ran through the office of the Hollenbeck Hotel to the lavatory, where he washed the blood from his face. A gang of hoodlums invaded the hotel and accompanied the belligerent to the lavatory, and toughs, hoodlums and curious onlookers drifted in and out of the hotel office until the night watchman drove them away.

And all this disturbance of the public peace and invasion of a quiet, respectable hotel resulted naturally from the permission given by M. P. Snyder, Mayor of Los Angeles, to his political supporters to violate the law openly and in defiance of the police.

The class that promotes and conducts the Turner Hall debauches has no respect for the law or the authority of the Chief of Police.

The Chief, doubtless, tells them they cannot sell liquor. At least it is his duty to do so, and there is no reason to suppose that he neglects it. The fact that his men attempted to compel respect for the law last Saturday night may be taken as proof that the Chief is not responsible for the violation. But after the Chief tells these people what the law is, they go over his head and apply to some member of the Council or the Police Commission for license to break the law, and they get it and snap their fingers at the police.

Instead of sustaining the Chief of Police in the honest discharge of his sworn duty, the Mayor of Los Angeles sets him aside and exposes him to the contempt of the most lawless and disreputable class in the community by reversing his action and turning loose the prostitutes and hoodlums to get drunk on illicit liquors and run riot throught the streets of the city. And all this after voting for a resolution instructing the Chief to enforce the law with strict impartiality.

The criminal and lawless elements of the city's population can be held in check only by their fear of the authority of the police, and when that authority is discredited and contemptuously set aside by any petty political demagogue who happens to be in office, the police administration becomes a farce and the law-breakers become insolent in their defiance of law, order and decency.

The affair of last Saturday night was not an exception. It was only the latest of a long series of disgraceful trucklings to the mob. The Turner Hall orgies are of almost weekly occurrence, and the Mayor and other officials above the Chief of Police have habitually given verbal permits for the sale of liquor, and prevented the police from doing their duty. The orgies run "wide open," and the toughs fight, yell and make any disturbance they please without hindrance, because the Chief will not detail his men to attend the balls and protect violators of the law. Anything short of murder goes at Turner Hall, and more than once even that has been averted only by timely interference of half-sober men.

But the Chief now has the formal, publicly proclaimed instruction of the commission to enforce the liquor ordinance, and if that has been communicated to him officially and without private contrary advice from M. P. Snyder, Mayor, he can put an end to the noisy orgies that have made Turner Hall a nuisance, and a disgrace to the city. A policeman has arrested or sworn out a warrant for the bartender of the Van Nuys Hotel for selling a drink illegally, and it may be possible for a policeman to arrest somebody for selling twenty barrels of beer and a dozen gallons of whisky, without license, between 9 o'clock Saturday night and 3 o'clock Sunday morning in Turner Hall, to a mob of drunken harlots and hoodlums under the protection of the Mayor.

BROTHERLY METHODISTS

FIRST CHURCH OFFERS ASSISTANCE TO SIMPSON TABERNACLE.

Tabernacle to Be Sold and a New Church Built Near Westlake Park—Broadway Property to Be Sold—An Important Church Conference.

The First Methodist Episcopal Church held an important official meeting last night. It was an adjourned session of the quarterly conference, which had come together to consider its removal to a new location, also voting substantial aid to Simpson Church.

Bishop John P. Newman was present and opened the session with a strong presentation of the imperative needs of the two leading Methodist churches of the city. He outlined a wise and liberal plan, which had been matured only after the most careful consideration. Presiding Elder Bovard and Dr. Cantine, the pastor, also spoke along the same general line.

As the trustees had reported the sale of the old church site, they were also authorized to offer for sale the parsonage site at No. 525 South Broadway. It was voted, after considerable debate, that the sum of $10,000, resulting from the sale of the Broadway properties, be tendered to the trustees of Simpson Tabernacle to aid them in securing a new home in the Westlake Park section of the city, Simpson Tabernacle to be sold and abandoned as a methodist house of worship. The gift is conditioned on certain plans and suggestions to be made by the Building Committee of the First Methodist Church, which board consisted of the board of trustees, to which are added the names of C. E. Hutton, E. W. Reynolds, W. F. Kronmiller, J. H. Blanchard, W. H. Brodbeck, J. J. Gosper and C. V. Baldwin.

Resolutions were passed authorizing the Building Committee to proceed with the erection of the First Methodist Church on its new site, corner of Sixth and Hill, the church to be ready for dedication early in September.

By unanimous vote Bishop Newman, who had labored so faithfully to pilot the Methodist ship through troubled waters, was invited to dedicate the new church.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

VAN NUYS—Mrs. L. A. Murdock, R. D. Cronk, Worcester, Mass.; John Player, Topeka, Kan.; O. W. Prescott, Highland; Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Kaufman, San Francisco; Brace Hayden, New York; Mr. and Mrs. H. McCain, Nevada; E. H Bailey, New York; C. H. Meese, San Francisco; Miss M. R. Mossop, Clearfield, Pa.; Mrs. E. L. Doran, Avalon; R. W. Rupe, San Francisco; John F. Weatherbee and wife, Boston; E. F Brooks and wife, Pasadena; C. F. Hughes and wife, San Diego; H. B. Griffith, New York; Mr. and Mrs. Meyerstein, Charles Christensen, San Francisco; F. J. Walker, city; Mr. and Mrs. F. Bots, C. N.

WESTMINSTER—A. W. Ballard, George P. Curtis, San Francisco; James A. Gibson and wife, Los Angeles; A. M. Compton and wife, Chicago; H. B. Carlton and wife Rochester; Frank Sancho, New Orleans; Louis P. Boardman, San Francisco; L. Walton and wife, New York; Walter G. Chanslor, Los Angeles; R. A. Eddy and wife, J. M. Keith and wife, Missoula; A. M. Sutton, San Francisco; Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Towne, Jackson Towne, Miss Dodge, Milwaukee; Miss Inez Miller, P. Q. Miller, Newport; Charles A. Johnson Mrs. Charles A. Johnson, Denver, Colo.; George B. Bingham, Pittsburgh; L. W. Loomis, Chicago; Mrs. B. Regensburger, Miss L. Regensburger, San Frnacisco; James Reid, Cariboo, B. C.; R. C. Wrenshall and wife and son, Pittsburgh; Mr. and Mrs. A. Mc. C. Hardenbergh, New Brunswick, N. J; H. C. Stubbe, Banning; C. Stanley Hurlburt, wife and child, Philadelphia.

Woodcraft Entertainment.

La Fiesta Camp, No. 63, Los Angeles Camp, No. 402, Woodmen of the World, and Laurustina Circle, No. 83, Women of Woodcraft, joined in giving an open meeting and entertainment at the hall of the first-named last evening. Past Consul-Commander Dr. A. B. Newkirk officiated as master of ceremonies and the programme comprised the following features: Music, Dimond's Orchestra; address of welcome, Dr. W. H. Boyd, C.C., of La Fiesta Camp; speech, Zue G. Peck, C.C., of Los Angeles Camp; address, Past Guardian Mrs. Clark, of Laurustina Circle; address, E. C. Lockard, D.H.C.; piano solos, Prof. C. J. Dimond; solos, J. C. Monroe of Yreka and Miss Graham of Laurustina Circle; selections, Swedish Glee Club; guitar solo, Prof. Arevalo; dancing.

Stephen C. Foster Buried.

Funeral services for the late Stephen C. Foster, the pioneer, were held at the residence of his son, Charles Foster, near Downey, and the remains were buried on Sunday in Calvary Cemetery. The pall-bearers were: Ex-Mayor J. R. Toberman, H. T. Hazard, Joseph Mullaley, Judge A. J. King, Samuel C. Foy and H. J. Stuhr.

Funeral of Col. Lewis.

The remains of Col. Samuel J. Lewis were buried Sunday in Evergreen Cemetery. The funeral services were held at the residence, No. 1425 West Third street. Comrades of Stanton Post, G.A.R., attended, and a squad from the Seventh Regiment, N.G.C., fired a volley over the grave.

BREAKING AWAY.

WEBB'S FORMER SUPPORTERS WEARY OF HIS RULE.

Ex-Boss Discovers That the Iron Hand Has Lost Its Grip on the School Board.

MISS MAE OWEN REINSTATED.

SLAP IN THE FACE THAT ENRAGED THE KALSOMINED.

McInerny and Mathis Desert the Truculent Boss, But Mathis Flops Back Into Line from Sheer Force of Habit.

If Walter Webb imagined that the whitewashing which he received last week at the hands of the survivors of the Solid Six would restore him to his old position of supremacy in the Board of Education he was undeceived last night. The board met in special session, and the record of its proceedings is the story of a series of rebuffs administered to the ex-boss. It was obvious that he did not take kindly to his medicine, for his displays of ill temper were frequent. Every measure which he opposed was carried.

His first and most ignominious defeat was in the reëlection of Miss Mae Owen to a position as teacher. Supported by Poor and Bartlett, Webb fought bitterly against this action, but he was voted down. It was expected that the board would elect a new secretary and a superintendent of buildings, but action was deferred until next Tuesday.

The hour set for the meeting was 7:30, but it was after 8:30 when President Davis called the board to order. All of the members were present. The lobby was well filled, chiefly with aspirants for the positions of secretary and superintendent of buildings.

The first business considered was the report of Director Kubach upon the negotiations with the insurance companies concerning the insurance upon the Pico Heights schoolhouse, which was burned two weeks ago. He stated that the companies offered $5760 in settlement of the loss, but he recommended than an appraisement be made. In accordance with this recommendation the Building Committee was empowered to act.

The report of the Teachers' Committee was then read by the secretary. It was as follows:

CHALLENGE TO WEBB.

"Your Committee on Teachers and Schools, begs leave to report as follows:

"Recommend that the resignation of Miss Cora Getchell be accepted.

"Recommend that leave of absence be granted to Miss Lily E. Prince to March 26, 1898.

"Recommend that the leave of absence heretofore granted to Ethel Geddes be terminated, and that she be notified to report to the superintendent.

"Recommend, further, that at the beginning of next term Miss Luna Murphy be transferred from the Hayes-street school and made kindergarten director of the Swain-street school; that Miss Ethel Sandeman be transferred from the Chestnut-street school and appointed kindergarten assistant in the Swain-street school; that Miss Addie Doran be transferred from the Gates-street school and made kindergarten director of the Hayes-street school.

"Recommend that Miss Mae Owen and Miss Gertrude Horgan be elected teachers for the grammer and primary department, and that they be assigned to duty by the superintendent."

The report was signed by Directors Braly and Conrey. Dr. Mathis, the third member of the committee, not joining in the report.

Webb was on his feet as soon as the report had been read. With ill-concealed anger he declared that he had some remarks to make. After a passing comment upon the recommendation concerning Miss Geddes, he demanded that the proposal to reinstate Miss Owen be stricken from the report. He insisted that her marking had not been such as to entitle her to reëlection.

A QUESTION OF RATING.

As the markings of teachers were made by Deputy Superintendent Ennis, he was called before the board to give his ratings upon Miss Owen. He stated that during the school year ending last June, he gave Miss Owen four markings; one was "fair to good;" two were "fair," and one was "fair to poor." The last marking was the consequence of a recitation by Miss Owen's pupils, which he attended, but he was afterwards informed by her that the children had had no preparation. The average of all Miss Owen's marks for this year would have been "fair." Mr. Ennis said that when he was asked by the Teachers' Committee for ratings he supposed that the committee desired only the ratings given after January 1, 1897, when the present board came into office.

"I gave the committee," he continued, "a rating of 'fair to poor' on Miss Owen, but I did not mean that that was her average for the year. The average of her marks for the year would have been 'fair,' and I certainly should not mark her less than that, if marking her now. I did not suppose that she would be judged by the rating I gave the committee; it was to be used in connection with the results of visits by the committee."

This statement by Mr. Ennis plainly showed the falsity of Webb's repeated assertion during his trial that Miss Owen's rating for the year was only "poor to fair."

Webb's vindictive determination to prevent Miss Owen's reëlection was unmistakable. He tried to extort from Mr. Ennis and from Prof. Foshay admissions that Miss Owen was not entitled to a place as teacher, but both declined to express an opinion.

MISS OWEN REINSTATED.

A vote was finally taken upon Webb's motion to omit from the report the recommendation concerning Miss Owen. The only affirmative votes were cast by Webb, Bartlett and Poor; Braly, Conrey, Davis, Kubach, Mathis and McInerny voted against the amendment. The report was then adopted.

The result of the vote seemed to give promise that Webb had been deserted by both Mathis and McInerny. Indeed McInerny took an independent stand throughout the evening and seemed desirous of supporting the better element of the board. Mathis's defection from the ex-boss was short-lived, however. With characteristic vacillation he flopped back again upon the next issue presented.

That issue was raised by Conrey's motion that when the board adjourn it should be to Tuesday evening, February 8. He explained that Kubach would go out of office on February 11 and that it would be desirable to have one more meeting before he should give up his seat.

It was, of course, apparent to every member of the board that the real purpose of the motion was to secure an opportunity to elect a secretary and Superintendent of Buildings while the control of the board is still in the hands of the decent element.

McInerny at first offered some objection on the ground that he was weary of attending special meetings. He soon withdrew his opposition, however.

WEBB INSOLENT AS EVER.

Webb's followers objected strenuously to the motion, Mathis allying himself with them. Webb was loud in his opposition and truculently accused President Davis and his associates of bad faith.

When the roll was called, the motion was carried by a vote of 5 to 4, Webb, Bartlett, Poor and Mathis constituting the minority.

On motion by Bartlett the sum of $40 was granted to the graduating class of the High School for the purpose of hiring a theater for the class exercises.

The usual testimonial was voted to Miss Laura Getchell, who has taught for ten years in the city schools.

ACCUSED OF UXORCIDE.

JUAN ORASCO ARRESTED FOR THE MURDER OF HIS WIFE.

A Witness States That She Saw Him Go Into the House and Come Out Again, and Heard a Pistol Shot in the Mean Time.

Juan Orasco was arrested yesterday on a charge of murdering his wife Modesto Orasco, who was found dead at her home on Allen's ranch, three miles north of Lamanda Park, on last Tuesday, under peculiar circumstances. The arrest was made by Sheriff Burr and Deputy Will White. Orasco was lodged in the County Jail.

The arrest was made at the instance of the young wife's brother, Pedro Lanaris, who has been investigating the circumstances of her death. He had secured enough evidence yesterday to convince Dist.-Atty Donnell that he was justified in causing Orasco's arrest.

The circumstances of the young woman's death seemed suspicious when the matter was first reported. The Coroner's jury, however, returned a verdict that she came to her death from pistol wounds self-inflicted. The circumstances seemed so peculiar that they did not attempt to say whether she had committed suicide or had killed herself by accident.

A witness, who is a next-door neighbor, and lives only about fifty feet from the cottage in which Mrs. Orasco met her death, has been discovered, and she states that on last Tuesday morning, about 9 o'clock she saw Juan Orasco go into his house; that while he was there she heard a pistol shot. Ten minutes afterward she saw Juan come out again and drive away with his team. The woman who makes these declarations has already signed a written statement, which is in the possession of the District Attorney.

At the Coroner's inquest Juan testified that he had not been in his house after 7 o'clock in the morning until he returned at noon with his companion.

Mrs. Orasco was found by the undertakers when they arrived lying on the bed with one arm spread out. Her clothes were not disarranged and her feet were together. Her position indicated that she had been laid on the bed after death, rather than that she had died where she was found. The revolver, with one chamber empty, was lying four feet away from her upon the floor. In addition to this, the wound did not appear to be one which was self-inflicted. The bullet had entered near the throat and ranged downward and back, finding an exit near the small of the back.

A possible motive for the murder is explained on the theory of jealousy. The couple had been married only seventeen days. On Monday she and her husband visited her home at Los Nietos. A dance was given there that night by one of the Mexican families. Several of the young men insisted on Modesto staying for the dance, and she was desirous of doing so, but her husband would not permit it and insisted on going home. The couple left Los Nietos in the evening and did not reach Lamanda Park until near morning.

As soon as the death of his sister was reported, Pedro Lanaris began investigating the circumstances surrounding her taking off. He was firmly convinced that she had been murdered by Orasco, and visited the District Attorney's office as early as last Saturday to see if he could not have Orasco arrested, as he was afraid that he would take alarm and leave the country.

He finally heard through his friends the story of the woman who states that she saw Orasco go into the house on the morning that his wife was killed. Lanaris got a written statement from this woman and took it to the District Attorney's office yesterday. Asst. Dist.-Atty. Williams and Sheriff Burr and Deputy White all left at once for Lamanda Park. They stopped in Pasadena and Lanaris swore to a complaint against Orasco before Justice Rossiter, who issued the warrant.

Orasco was found plowing on Allen's ranch. He is still living in the house where his wife met her death. Mr. Burr placed him under arrest. Orasco stoutly denied that he had murdered his wife, and when told that he would have to go along with the officers remarked, "Well, you can kill me if you like."

On the way to the city Orasco said that he had been hauling brush on the morning of his wife's death. At the very time that the woman states that she saw him go into the house, and heard a pistol shot, he says he was on another part of the ranch, dumping a load of brush. He fixes the time by the fact that he looked at his watch when he got his load off, and remembers that it was just 9 o'clock.

When taken into jail last night, Orasco burst out crying and pleaded to be allowed to go downtown to get his supper.

It was stated at Lamanda Park that Orasco had been arrested once before for murder, but that he was discharged at his preliminary examination, on the ground that the killing was done in self-defense. He will be arraigned before Justice Young today.

At New York Hotels.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] E. Phillips is at the Grand Union.

GOLD DUST
THE BEST WASHING POWDER

Klondike Medicine Chest
—o—
Prepared for Alaska trade by Experts.
Contains Best Remedies in Compressed Form. They can't Freeze!
—o—
FRANK & LOVE
Klondike Druggists
319 S. Spring St.
LONDIKERS Get It Now

Great Collection ....OF.... Persian and Turkish RUGS
One of the largest houses in U. S.—largest on Pacific Coast. Our house is the only one in the world that marks every Rug in plain figures, selling retail at wholesale prices.
H. SARAFIAN & CO., Permanent Branch Store—Fourth and Broadway.
Importers and Wholesale—611 Broadway, New York

Bartlett's Music House.
Everything in Music.
233 S. Spring St. Established 1875.
Sole Agency
Kimball Pianos.

The Lion Woolen Co.
Suits to order from $15.00 up.
Pants from $4.00 up.
The largest line of foreign and and domestic suitings in the city.
222 S. Broadway.

Electrolysis
Of Superfluous hair, moles and birthmarks successfully done; electricity is the only permanent and safe method. Ladies afflicted with these blemishes consult with us.
IMPERIAL HAIR BAZAAR,
224-226 W. Second St.

Consumption Constantly Being CURED
By the use of "Improved Tuberculin."
At the Koch Medical Institute 529 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

Drs. Smith & Tracy,
Specialists for RECTAL and FEMALE DISEASES.
Brinkerhoff System of Treatment.
Office, 213 and 214 Lankershim Building.
Tel. Green 494. Spring and Third sts.

22 Carloads of Bicycles
A carload a week from our Chicago House.
A guaranteed Wheel, regular price $50.00; Our price..... $22.50
BRADFORD CYCLE CO.,

Asthmatics
The evidence becomes cumulative that a perfect cure is possible. I undertake to prevent a second paroxysm after my treatment is commenced.
...Examination Free...
DR. PILKINGTON, 530 S. Hill St.

Polaski Suits are good suits; that's sure.
224 W. THIRD ST.

BREITSTEIN'S
High-class Tailoring at Moderate prices.....
138 S. BROADWAY.
New Hellman Building.

CORDAN THE TAILOR
145 S. Spring St. Ct. Nadeau Hotel

Phillips' The Tailor for Scotch Suiting.
114 S. Spring St.

A Gory Illusion.

Allie Appelmunce, drunk, dirty and bloody, was arrested on Alameda street by Officer Blackburn at 1:30 o'clock this morning. The man had evidently been fighting, and the blood from a cut over the left eye had been rubbed all over his face and neck, giving him an exceptionally ferocious aspect. At the station he was docile enough, and was put to bed.

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OF THE
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THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY,
Times Building, Los Angeles, Cal.
H. G. OTIS, Editor and General Manager.

[THE PUBLIC SERVICE.]

COLD FACTS.

VALUABLE REPORT BY THE WATER SUPPLY COMMITTEE.

Annual Statements by the Water Companies—New Park Commissioner Appointed.

CONTEMPT CASE DISMISSED.

AGAINST BANKERS LEWIS AND WANKOWSKI.

A Heavy Damage Suit Against the Southern Pacific Railroad—Mother and Grandfather Fighting for Possession of a Child.

The Water Supply Committee of the City Council presented yesterday a comprehensive review of the course taken by the present Council concerning the water question. The report was unanimously adopted, and is given in full upon another page.

The Council appointed Albert Carlos Jones to fill the vacancy in the Park Commission.

The annual reports of the water companies, showing receipts and expenditures, were received by the Council.

An evening session was held in order to complete the selection of names from which will be drawn later those who are to serve as election officers in the primary elections in July.

The contempt proceedings against Mark Lewis and Bob Wankowski were dismissed yesterday by Judge Smith, who, good-naturedly agreed to take all the blame because he was unable to find any one else who was willing to bear it. The Bird case will go to the jury today.

A mother and grandfather are fighting in the courts for the possession of fourteen-year-old Ethel May Hickson.

Mrs. Mary Hannon wants $17,000 of the Southern Pacific Railroad's money.

[AT THIS CITY HALL.]

IMPORTANT REPORTS.

ANNUAL STATEMENTS OF THE WATER COMPANIES.

Comprehensive Review of the Council's Acts Concerning the Water Question — New Park Commissioner — Preparations for the Primary Elections.

By far the most important action taken yesterday by the City Council was the unanimous adoption of a report prepared by the Water Supply Committee, reviewing every step taken by the present Council in relation to the water question. The report is a very valuable document, being a calm, dispassionate statement, reinforced in every material point by citations from the records of the committee or of the Council. The report is published upon another page.

The annual reports of the water companies were presented in accordance with the State law, which provides that they must be filed to serve as a basis for fixing the water rates during the ensuing year.

The vacancy in the Park Commission caused by the resignation of R. J. Waters was filled by the election of Albert Carlos Jones.

The preparation of the list of names from which the primary election officers will be chosen later for the primary election to be held in July proved a tedious job and rendered it necessary to hold an evening session.

WATER COMPANIES' REPORTS.

Annual Statements of Receipts and Expenditures.

The State law directs that the City Council shall fix each year the rates to be charged by the water companies. It also provides that the companies must submit each year a full statement of their business for the preceding twelve months.

In accordance with the law, reports were received by the Council yesterday from the City Water Company and the Highland Water Company.

The report of the City Water Company was very voluminous, including a list of all water users supplies by the company with the amount paid by each during the year ending October 31, 1897. The report was summarized as follows:

RECEIPTS.

Material sold and labor	$901.76
Service connections	15,805.00
Rent of house	96.00
Water rents	407,787.89
Total	$424,590.65

EXPENDITURES.

General construction acc't	$104,364.27
General expense acc't	104,633.08
Maintenance account	107,625.52
Interest account	33,957.84
Bills payable	10,000.00
Oil-well and tank acc't	2,737.43
Los Feliz connection acc't	229.76
Dividend account	74,400.00
Total	$438,638.90

In a communication accompanying the report the company re-asserts its position that the city has no right to change or revise the rates fixed by the contract. The company also protests against any use being made of the report as a basis upon which to fix water rates.

The report of the Highland Water Company for the calendar year 1897 was merely a summary of its business as follows:

RECEIPTS.

Received from sale of water, etc	$ 5,109.00
Received for taps	367.25
Total	$5,476.25

EXPENDITURES.

Paid out for construction	$ 4,000.81
Paid out for expense	1,052.32
Paid out for interest on bonds	5,060.00
Total	$10,113.13

NEW STREET RAILROAD.

A petition was presented from Clara R. Shatto and John S. Maltman, asking for an electric road franchise in the northwestern part of the city. The route named is identical with that over which the same parties desire to lay track for grading purposes, as published last week. A protest against granting the franchise was filed by persons living along the proposed route. Both communications were referred to the Board of Public Works.

BIDS FOR CITY PRINTING.

Four bids were presented for publishing the city advertisements for the year beginning February 17. They were as follows:

Herald, 42 cents per inch, first insertion; 33 1-3 cents per inch each subsequent insertion; Journal, 27 cents per inch each insertion; Express, 35 cents per inch for first insertion; 30 cents per inch each subsequent insertion; Record, 22 cents per inch for first insertion; 19 cents per inch for the next fourteen insertions, and 14 cents per inch for all insertions after the fifteenth.

The rate paid under the present contract is 17 cents per inch for each and all insertions.

CITY ATTORNEY'S REPORT.

An ordinance presented by City Attorney Dunn, granting the Southern California Railway Company a franchise for the construction of a spur track across Third street, was passed by the Council. The City Attorney also reported that the protest of C. E. Huber, et al., against the improvement of Broadway between Seventh street and Main street, was sufficient and a bar to further proceedings. The protest was accordingly sustained.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Quietus on the Bill Posters—Queirola Street Opening.

Some discussion occurred at the afternoon session over the proposed opening of Queirola street from Chavez street to Alhambra avenue. Several protestants appeared. Nicholas Queirola, the chief mover in the proposed improvement, finally agreed to withdraw his petition, and the protest was sustained upon payment of costs.

PROVED A BOOMERANG.

The controversy which has sprung up between rival bill-posting firms received summary treatment. The Wilshire Bill Posting Company had filed a petition asking that the annual license be raised from $25 to $300, and that the existing ordinance regulating the height and location of billboards be so modified as to allow all boards hitherto erected in violation of the ordinance to remain standing, while requiring an observation of all restrictions in the future. As such a measure would obviously benefit the Wilshire Company at the expense of its rivals, who have erected few, if any, boards in violation of the ordinance, the Finance Committee recommended that all the requests of the petitioners be denied except the proposal to raise the license. The recommendation was adopted and bill-posting firms will hereafter pay a license fee of $300.

The Finance Committee also recommended that a rebate of $450 be allowed to Rollins & Sons of New York, through whom the city's refunding bonds were floated. The firm had incurred a loss of this amount through the city's inability to deliver the bonds promptly. The recommendation was adopted.

WATER SUPPLY COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

The report of the Water Supply Committee and the accompanying letter from City Attorney Dunn and Lee & Scott were read by the clerk. Both are published upon another page. The report was adopted by unanimous vote of all the Councilmen present, Grider alone being absent.

MOTIONS.

On motion by Nickell the City Engineer was directed to define the lines of Darwin avenue from Griffin avenue to Thomas street.

On motion by Ashman the City Engineer and the Health Officer were directed to investigate and report the best and cheapest method of ventilating the main sewers in districts where the health of the residents is in jeopardy by reason of the lack of such necessary ventilation.

On motion by Toll the proceedings for ordering a cement sidewalk on Jefferson street between Figueroa and Kew West streets were abandoned.

EVENING SESSION.

Primary Election Officers—New Park Commissioner.

The machinery of the new primary election law is very cumbersome. The preparation for the primaries to be held in July must be made in January, and as yesterday was the last day of the month, it was imperative that action should be taken. An evening session was rendered necessary. The law requires that for each election precinct, fifteen names of voters shall be selected, five being taken from each of the three political parties. These names are then placed in sealed envelopes and twenty days before the primary elections the envelopes are opened and five names are drawn from each. These five constitute the election officers for the precinct. There are seventy-eight precincts in the city and as fifteen voters must be named for each, the total list comprised 1170 names. It was finally completed and approved.

NEW PARK COMMISSIONER.

Councilman Toll moved that the Council proceed to fill the vacancy in the Park Commission, created by the resignation of R. J. Waters, and nominated Albert Carlos Jones. Nickell nominated E. H. Lamme. There were no other nominations. Mr. Jones was elected by a strict party vote of 5 to 4, all the Republicans voting for him.

An Idle Demand.

The West Side Water Company has addressed a communication to the Council proposing to furnish water for such fire hydrants as may be placed on the lines of its mains, at the rate of $50 per annum for each hydrant. As it is the opinion of the City Attorney that the city is not obliged to pay for water supplied for fire purposes, the proposition will undoubtedly be rejected.

WATER PLANT FOR SALE.

City May Buy the West Side System.

It is probable that negotiations will be resumed for the purchase by the city of the plant of the West Side Water Company. The company is said to be willing to sell. Its plant is not a large one, but it has proved very satisfactory to its patrons, as there is an abundant supply of pure water, with excellent pressure. It is likely that the matter will soon be brought to the attention of the Council.

Church Entertainment.

The First Christian Church was crowded last evening at the unique entertainment given by Miss Page of Chicago, under the auspices of and for the benefit of the Ladies' Aid Society. The programme included a "midget's wedding," participated in by twenty-five children, Grecian statuary, poses plastique, a fan drill, a chorus and drill by twenty little girls, "scarf fantastics," tableaux and a Grecian sword drill.

Hysterical at the Hospital.

Mattie Lawson, a dissolute character, was found lying on the floor in her room at No. 144 South Main street last night and sent to the Receiving Hospital, with the report that she had taken poison. She was suffering from hysteria, and was put to bed after treating the hospital walls to her unusually choice collection of epithets.

A TRAINLOAD OF HAY.

We have just received twenty coarloads of Alfalfa, wheat and barley hay; it is now on the track and must be sold this week. Save money and buy at wholesale prices, scale weight. Los Angeles Hay Storage and Milling Company, Third street and Central avenue. Telephone M. 1596.

[AT THE COURT HOUSE.]

TEMPEST IN A TEAPOT.

IT BURST IN JUDGE SMITH'S COURT YESTERDAY MORNING.

And the Charges of Contempt Were Dismissed Against Mark Lewis and Robert Wankowski — Bird Case Will Go to the Jury Today.

The contempt proceedings against the two bankers, Mark B. Lewis and Robert Wankowski, proved to be a tempest in a teapot when the matter came up yesterday morning before Judge Smith in Department One of the Superior Court. The bench warrants issued for the two defaulting witnesses were not served upon them until yesterday morning, thus relieving them of the inconvenience of putting up $500 bail or going to jail.

A good half-hour before 10 o'clock, however, they were in court, accompanied by their attorney, and prepared with their excuses with which they hoped to pacify Judge Smith.

When the Judge took his seat, a quarter of an hour earlier than usual, he wore an ominous frown that gave warning of an approaching tempest that was about to burst.

"Are the two defaulting witnesses cited last Saturday for contempt present?" inquired the court.

Mark Lewis and Bob Wankowski answered "here."

"Mr. Lewis, what excuse do you give for not responding to the subpoena to be present in this court last Saturday?" demanded Judge Smith, scowling fearfully.

Mr. Lewis's attorney started to answer the question for his client, but Judge Smith choked him off with the remark that he didn't want any second-hand excuses. "Let Mr. Lewis answer for himself," he added.

"Well, Your Honor," began Mr. Lewis in sepulchral tones, "I was sick."

"Here, that's too thin," interposed the Judge to the feeble witness. "If that's so why didn't you say something about it last Saturday?"

"Well but I was sick," persisted Mr. Lewis, gaining strength. "I left word at the bank with H. J. Woollacott that I could not be present in court to testify. I have not been at the bank for a week."

"Yes," chimed in the attorney, enthusiastic over the showing that his client was making, "he had to come downstairs in his dressing gown when he was served with the subpoena on Tuesday."

"Well there may be some extenuating circumstances in your case," said the Judge. "But how about Mr. Wankowski, were you sick, too, sir?"

"No, sir, but I understood in the morning that if I was wanted here I would be telephoned for before 12 o'clock."

"Who gave you to understand that?"

"Mr. Pendleton did."

"Did not the bailiff here telephone to you after that, that you were to be here at 2 o'clock without fail?"

"No sir; I talked with Mr. Pendleton last. I was at the bank until 2 o'clock and again at 4 o'clock."

"That's too loose; that's too thin," and the Judge's face showed plainly that the storm which had been gathering had not spent its fury. "That's not what Mr. Pendleton said: that does not agree with the representations which he made to this court. Where is Mr. Pendleton? This is shipshod business. Somebody has got to pay this fine. If Pendleton misrepresented matters he's got to pay it. Is Pendleton here?"

"Present," answered the meek and lowly Pendleton.

"What have you got to say for yourself, Mr. Pendleton?" demanded the court.

"Well, I think there's some misunderstanding about this case, Your Honor," began Mr. Pendleton. "I told Mr. Wankowski that if I wanted him before noon I would telephone to him. I didn't mean by that that if I wanted him at all I would telephone to him before noon, but that seems to be the way he took it."

"Well, that's mighty slipshod," said the court. "You never explained that matter Saturday. It's easy enough for you to put a witness in the hole when he is not here, but when he does come you are the one who is in the hole. I don't think your conduct in the matter has been commendable. All of this hullabaloo has apparently been started over nothing."

"Well, as no one seems to be to blame but the court," added Judge Smith, once more good naturally, and big gleams of sunlight beamed through his countenance, which only a moment ago had been darkened by threatening clouds. "The court is all to blame I guess. I'll have to take it all on myself, the charges against the defendants are dismissed.'

Then Mr. Bird and the alleged forged checks were remembered and the trial was resumed. Mr. Lewis and Wankowski both went on the witness stand and testified that they believed the signature on the checks which have been offered in evidence, were genuine. This concluded the evidence of the defense and the case was rested.

Mr. McComas made a brief argument for the prosecution and Attorney Copeland opened for the denese. The case was continued until this morning for him to finish. Some time today the case will go to the jury.

TROUBLE OVER A CHILD.

A Mother and Grandfather Fight for Its Possession.

Ethel May Hickson, a 14-year-old girl, was brought into Department Six of the Superior Court yesterday on a writ of habeas corpus, sworn out before Judge Allen by the child's mother, Mrs. Fannie Hickson.

Ethel is at present living with her grandfather, John McGarvin, at a fishing camp at Alamitos Bay, near Long Beach. She ran away from her home and refuses to go back unless compelled to do so. Her grandfather has no intension of sending her back to her mother and will fight the case in court. He has a little girl of his own about Ethel's age and the two are sent to school together.

Mrs. Hickson in her complaint alleges that her child is being unlawfully kept away from her in a place where she is greatly exposed to evil and vile associations, and further that she is improperly clothed and cared for where she is now living.

McGarvin asserts that he is taking care of his granddaughter because he knows that her mother is an unfit person to have charge of her. He stated that she is now co-habiting with an Italian with whom she is not married. The case was not tried yesterday but went over to the 7th inst.

HILTON'S SLAYERS.

Their Examination Before Justice Young Goes Over for One Day.

Ike Harris and George Cardwell were taken before Justice Young yesterday morning to have their preliminary examination on a charge of murdering John Hilton, but a continuance until today was grated. R. A. Ling, who has been retained by Cardwell, stated that Messrs. Davis and Rush and Horace Appel had entered the case, and asked that they be given an opportunity to consult with the defendants.

Assistant District-Attorney Williams, who is conducting the prosecution, stated that he had no objection to a brief delay under the circumstances, and Justice Young allowed the case to go over.

Mrs. Hilton was in the courtroom, dressed in deep mourning. There were also present a number of witnesses from Calabasas, most all of whom by their actions indicated a friendly feeling toward the defendants. Cardwell and Harris did not appear so careless as when they were first arrested, and seem to begin to realize the very serious predicament they are in.

WANTS HEAVY DAMAGES.

Mrs. Hannon Sues the Southern Pacific Company for $17,000.

Mrs. Mary A. Hannon filed a suit against the Southern Pacific Railroad Company yesterday to recover $17,000 damages, which she alleges she sustained by reason of a railroad track being laid across her premises. Mrs. Hannon owns a twenty-three-acre place on the Compton road just south of the city limits of Los Angeles. During the month of February in 1894 the Southern Pacific Company built a track across her place and through her orchard, as the plaintiff alleges, without her consent and against her will. About fifty deciduous trees and 161 orange trees were cut down along the line of the track. Embankments have been thrown up and fences built throughout the property.

The plaintiff places her damage as a result of the loss of the trees at $2000. She thinks that the value of her land has been decreased by $5000, and to this she adds $10,000 for the annoyance which she has been caused by reason of the defendant company running its cars through her premises. Altogether Mrs. Hannon will be satisfied if the railroad company will pay over to her the handsome sum of $17,000.

NEWLIN REMANDED TO JAIL.

Habeas Corpus Proceedings Dismissed by Judge Van Dyke.

Judge Van Dyke yesterday denied the application for a discharge on the habeas corpus of Charles Newlin, who is serving 175 days in the County Jail for disturbing the peace. The punishment on the misdemeanor offense of which Newlin was convicted is fixed by the Penal Code at a fine not exceeding $200 or by imprisonment in the County Jail not exceeding ninety days or by both such fine and imprisonment. Newlin was sentenced to pay a fine of $175, and, failing to do so, was ordered imprisoned at the rate of one day for each one dollar of the fine. It was contended on the part of the petitioner that, inasmuch as the imprisonment may extend beyond ninety days, in case he fails to pay the fine, the whole judgment was void. The court says: "In this case, if the limitation to the ninety days applied to the Justice's Court, as claimed by the petitioner, that period has not yet elapsed, nor has any part of the fine been paid. The writ will be discharged and the prisoner remanded."

FLOTSAM AND JETSAM.

Miscellaneous Driftwood Thrown Into the Courts.

ADMITTED TO PRACTICE. On motion of Shirley C. Ward and the presentation of a license from the Circuit Court of the State of Missouri, Charles C. Parker was yesterday admitted by Judge York to practice law in the Superior Courts of this State.

SUIT TO QUIET TITLE. Elizabeth A. Spencer filed a suit yesterday against the Williamette Steam Mill Lumbering and Manufacturing Company and Charles H. Carey, as receiver for the Company in California, to quiet title lots 3, 5, 7, 11 and 15, in block 11, and lots 1, 3, 5, 7, 17 and 19 in block 10 of Newell & Spencer's subdivision of the Charez tract.

TAMPERED WITH U. S. MAIL. John Valencia is in the County Jail charged with robbing letter boxes in the postoffice at San Luis Obispo. He is only 17 years of age and claims that he was led into wrong-doing by the advice of a companion who told him that it was easy to steal letters and get money from them. Two other boys are implicated in the robbery.

HABEAS CORPUS CASE. Judge Van Dyke will today hear a habeas corpus case brought to secure the release of Mr. and Mrs. William Wright, who are confined in the County Jail at Santa Ana, having been convicted of conducting a house of prostitution. An appeal to the Supreme Court of the State taken and a writ of habeas corpus made returnable in this county, was granted. The applicants contend that they were unfairly tried before a justice of the peace, who was biased against them.

TO DETERMINE PROPERTY RIGHTS. H. W. Baker and H. W. Chase filed a suit yesterday against J. W. Hellman et al., praying for a decree determining property rights and for a partition of the premises known as the Miller Block, on North Main street, owned by the plaintiffs and defendants.

AN OLD SOLDIER.

The Man Killed Sunday Night Identified by Comrades.

An inquest was held yesterday on the body of George W. McCurdy, the man who was killed by a Santa Monica electric car near the Soldiers' Home Sunday night. The verdict exonerates the motorman, William R. Newton, and the conductor, J. T. Wilson.

The man was first identified yesterday morning by several old soldiers as a comrade at the home. He was 61 years of age. He had spent the earlier part of Sunday evening drinking with friends at Santa Monica, and after supper his comrades put him aboard a car bound for the home, as he was too intoxicated to care for himself. At the home the conductor of the car put him off, but instead of entering the institution, the man must have laid down on the tracks.

When the car was within about twenty feet of the prostrate man he was seen by Newton, the motorman of the Santa Monica electric car which left this city at 9:30 o'clock Sunday night. The car nearly cut the old soldier in two, and was derailed by the body. Several hours were consumed in getting the car back on the tracks and it was not until early yesterday morning that the Coroner was notified of the accident. Watchers were left with the body, and the inquest held as soon as possible after notification was given to the Coroner.

George W. McCurdy was a member, during the war, of Co. G, Sixth Maine Infantry, and was admitted to Pacific branch from Los Angeles on August 10, 1893. He was a veterinary surgeon of some repute and was popularly known throughout this and adjacent counties as "Doc" McCurdy.

Well-Founded Fear.

"What made Kladderfleisch in such a hurry to get out of Germany?"

"He happened to bear a close resemblance in personal appearance to the Emperor William."

"There was no harm in that."

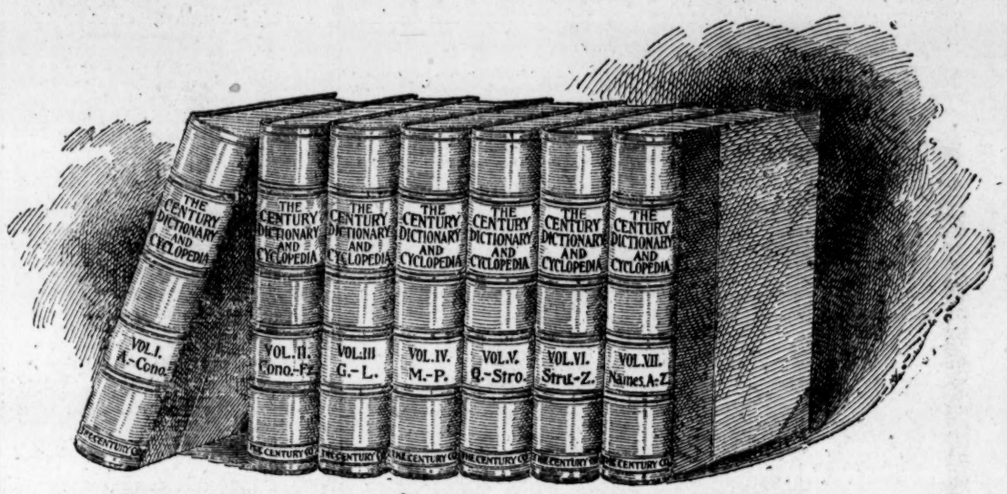
"No, but there came a boil on the end of his nose one day, and he was afraid of being arrested for lese majesty."

In France hospitals for infectious diseases are furnished with telephones, so that the sick may converse with their friends without danger of communicating disease.

V=A=N=I=S=H=I=N=G

The announcement in Sunday's Times to the effect that our big Century Club offer would soon be withdrawn, created unusual activity around our Century reading and display rooms in the Lankershim building yesterday. Quite a number of our subscribers took heed to our timely warning that the proposition was drawing to a close, and came prepared to claim a portion of the few remaining sets of The Century Dictionary and Cyclopedia while there was yet an opportunity to take advantage of the low wholesale clubbing price and easy monthly payments. Nothing short of this astonishingly great and perfectly arranged accumulation of human knowledge would have satisfied those who made their way to our Century rooms, and the results of one day has caused the sets to dwindle considerably. Today and tomorrow, and in fact every day until the last set is taken, the number will be growing less and less, and before many days we announce the final wind-up. More sets will be taken today than yesterday, as outside applications had already commenced to arrive in last night's mail.

These are the Volumes that by our fortunate Clubbing Arrangement, many of our subscribers have secured at such an astonishingly low price on monthly payments.



Prompt Action Now Necessary.

As it is only a question of a few days when our Century Club offer will be past history, so far as wholesale prices and splendid terms are concerned, those who desire to share the good fortune should not wait further invitation, but call at once and make selection of binding. Tomorrow may do, but today is better.

INTERESTING FACTS CONCERNING THE CENTURY DICTIONARY AND CYCLOPEDIA

This great new monument to American scholarship and genius is to the intellectual welfare of humanity as the modern perfecttng press is to printing, the cotton gin to the cotton industry, the rapid-firing, sure-shooting firearm is to warfare. It is rapid-firing, inasmuch as its superior alphabetical arrangement renders its countless thousands of articles and words immediately accessible; it is sure-shooting, because of its indisputable authority. Judge E. M. Ross says of it: *"I have wanted it for some time, but upon receiving and examining it I find that I needed it worse than I wanted it."* Many other prominent citizens of Los Angeles and vicinity, as well as all over the United States, speak of it in equally as forcible language. The Century is not a reprint of some foreign publication, but is an entirely new production from beginning to end, omitting all that is obsolete and substituting new and later knowledge, heretofore omitted from reference works because short-sighted publishers thought it only belonged in special publications. Thus The Century is not alone a cyclopedia and dictionary, the best and latest extant, but is also a combination of at least thirty special reference works, for the first time given to the world in one complete set of books.

Make Note of This:

That our special clubbing arrangement saves you over 33⅓ per cent.

That you receive complete sets at once, but on recommendation of The Times you only pay in small monthly payments.

That there are now available only a few sets on the club plan, and when these are subscribed for the offer will positively be withdrawn.

That this announcement will be read by thousands of progressive people, and to be sure of a set for yourself, prompt action is necessary.

Information Blank

By filling in name and address in lines below, we will send, without charge, condensed prospectus of The Century Dictionary and Cyclopedia, finely illustrated, a half-tone engraving, from photo by Schumacher, of books and case, also full information which will enable you to arrive at a definite conclusion in the matter.

Name .....

Occupation .....

Address ..... (C-1)

NOTE—As we had insufficient space in the Times building to display the sets, we have temporarily engaged rooms 508 and 509 Lankershim building for the purpose. If living outside of Los Angeles, or you cannot call, use above information blank.

THE TIMES.

ROHDE DISMISSED.

HIS CHURCH REFUSES TO ACCEPT HIS RESIGNATION.

The Physical Culture Professor Fails to Face His Accusers—Rev. Pitman Makes a Statement—Prof. Keppel Explains.

The official board of the United States Brethren Church, Pico and Hope streets, last night expelled from membership in the church and fellowship in the congregation, C. J. Rohde, professor of physical culture in the public schools.

Mr. Rohde was not present at the meeting, although, according to several members who had interviewed him within the past week, he had promised to be present, and face his accusers.

The charge upon which Mr. Rohde was found guilty and for which he was expelled, was testifying at one of the investigation meetings during the recent Board of Education scandal, that he had to join the United Brethren Church to get or hold his position, and that he was "held up" on dedication day by the pastor of the church, Rev. Pitman, and made to pay $10 before he could get out of the church edifice. Rev. Pitman was at the time a member of the Board of Education which employed Rohde.

That Rohde was afraid to face the official board was evident from a letter of resignation which he sent, and which the church refused to receive. This letter was sent only after the last meeting of the Board of Education, where the "Iron Hand" seemed to have regained its grip.

The meeting of the United Brethren congregation last night was called to order by Prof. J. H. Francis of the commercial department of the High School. Rev. Dr. Pitman delivered a prayer and then W. H. Byrer, secretary of the board of control, read the call for the official meeting and the resolutions, passed some weeks ago, calling upon Rohde to explain his utterances before the Board of Education.

Chairman Francis, as a formality, called for Rohde. Secretary Byrer arose and said he had seen Mr. Rohde on Saturday last, and that gentleman had promised to attend last night's meeting, but instead had sent a letter, which the secretary proceeded to read as follows:

"LOS ANGELES Cal Jan 31-1898

"To The United Brethren Church.
Corner Pico and Hope streets

"Having sent to you in December 1897 my resignation as a member of your church through the kindness of Mr M. Keppel I cannot consider myself a member of your church anymore and as I have no more to say as already stated I do not think it necessary to repeat it.

"Respectfully C. J. ROHDE."

This gem of composition of "English as she is writ," was without a punctuation mark, and was, after reading, ordered filed. Rev. Pitman then arose and said he desired to make a statement. He said he was not attempting to make any defense for himself, as he did not need it. He was out of the State when Rohde made his startling statements under oath. Before he left the State he (Pitman) had gone before the Better City Government League and told them all and everything he knew regarding the school-board scandal. He felt he had fulfilled his duty, and if placed on the stand a hundred times could tell no more. As to Rohde he joined the church months after his election to his position. The election was in June, Rhode's salary was fixed in July, and it was in the October following that he jointed the church. He joined it then, Rev. Pitman said, against his, the minister's, wish, as he believed at the time, and so told Rohde, that the latter was not sincere. Rohde protested, however, that he was sincere, and that he wanted his children in an English church and English Sunday-school. Later, Rev. Pitman said he felt that he had done Rohde a wrong in doubting his sincerity, and so told him.

As to the hold-up, Rev. Pitman said the church books would contradict Rohde's statements. The church itself cost $9000. Of this amount $5000 was subscribed by the Young People's Society of the church and there was yet $3000 due on the church, only $1000 having been raised by the congregation here so far. Of the $1000 the books and cards would show that less than $100 was paid by teachers or employés of the school department, and yet there was a number of them now in the church and had been all along. Rev. Pitman said it was evident that Axtell, Adams, Webb and others were seeking to find some one on whom to throw the blame of their acts. He had apparently been selected for the scapegoat. He had no excuses to offer. He had told the truth, the whole truth, and had nothing to add to it. He intended going away on Wednesday next to be away several months, and he wanted everybody to know it.

Prof. Keppel then addressed the meeting. He said he had called on Rohde in December last, and that Rohde insisted that he was held up on dedication day for $10; that the minister in the pulpit, who was not Rev. Pitman, had said, "don't let them out until they pay." Keppel said that statement was made, but in a jocular way, and that at the time every door in the church was unlocked, and that three of the doors were propped wide open at the time, and people were leaving the building by the hundreds, over a thousand people being present.

After some further argument a motion was passed by unanimous vote to refuse to accept Rohde's resignation, and to dismiss him from the church under charges.

Justice to Jews.

[Chicago Chronicle:] There was the eloquence of simple truth in the peroration of a strong sermon preached by Rabbi Hirsch upon Jew-baiting, a form of outrage practiced at times even in this day and common to all the Christian civilization of Europe for many ages. Rabbi Hirsch said:

"Some one has said recently anti-Semitism would speedily exhaust itself if christendom were really Christian. There is truth in this dictum. Christ's religion is one of love, not of hatred. The Jew, as a human being, has his shortcomings. His religion would teach him how to remedy them; it appeals to him to be dutiful, patriotic, humane. Justice is his sacramental word; righteousness his great and holy insistence. For justice, not for mercy, does the Jew plead at the bar. Christ and the Christ-like cannot refuse and will not refuse to heed the cry."

Fortunately, in the United States there is little denial of justice to Jews. They make their own way against what remnant of prejudice there may be and they hold the advance they make by reason of their own merit. They have the same right in this country that any other religionists have, and it is greatly to the credit of the United States and their practical Christianity so far as it is a Christian nation that there is no attempt in any respectable quarter to deny Jews the position they have fairly won.

LEGALS.

Notice

For Publication of Time for Proving Will, etc.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE of California, county of Los Angeles, ss. In the matter of the estate of Kimble P. Cullen, deceased, notice for publication of time for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given that Thursday, the 10th day of February, 1898, at 10 o'clock a.m. of said day, at the courtroom of this court, department two thereof, in the city of Los Angeles, county of Los Angeles, and state of California, has been appointed as the time and place for hearing the application of Orlan O. Cullen and Martha J. Cullen, praying that a document now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of the said deceased, be admitted to probate, that letters testamentary be issued thereon to said petitioner, at which time and place all persons interested therein may appear and contest the same.

Dated Jan. 28th, 1898.

T. E. NEWLIN, County Clerk.

By C. W. Blake, Deputy.

Miller & Brown, attys. for petitioners.

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Meyer Lissner has disposed of all his interests in the firm of M. Lissner & Co., of Los Angeles, Cal., and is no longer connected with said firm, and has no authority to act for said firm in any manner.

M. LISSNER & CO.,

January 22, 1898.

STRICKEN DOWN.

SUDDEN DEATH OF T. D. STIMSON, THE CAPITALIST.

He Falls a Victim to Heart Disease. Brief Sketch of His Busy Life and Successful Career—A Self-made Man.

At 8 o'clock yesterday morning Thomas Douglass Stimson died at his home on South Figueroa street of heart failure.

The death of the well-known capitalist and business man was sudden, but not unexpected, as he has been a sufferer from heart trouble, superinduced by other ailments, for many months, and for the past three weeks has been practically confined to his bed. The disease was one which took sudden and unexpected turns for better or worse, and when, at 8:30 o'clock Sunday night, a sudden attack of heart failure came, physicians were hastily summoned and remained with the sufferer until the end, but were powerless to aid him.

By his bedside at the time of his death were his wife and daughter, Mrs. Fay, and his three sons, Willard, Edward and J. D. Stimson. The deceased has two sons, C. D. and J. D. Stimson,



T. D. STIMSON.

engaged in the lumber business in Seattle. They have been notified and are now on their way to this city.

The deceased was 70 years of age, and but few men have led a more active life during three-score and ten years than he. Mr. Stimson was born in the town of French Mills, Can. When yet a child his mother died, and his father took the children and moved to New York State, locating near the metropolis.

At the age of 14 years Thomas Douglass Stimson left home and started in life for himself. He had but a meager education, but it was of the sort, coupled with his natural abilities, that enabled Mr. Stimson to make his way in the business world from the start. His first venture was as a trader at Musquet, Mich., a lumber camp, but he soon dropped the merchandise trade to engage in the business of buying timber lands and furnishing lumber. By hard, persistent work the then young man acquired a controlling interest in the business of the firm he first engaged with, and with a shrewdness beyond his years kept branching out investing his profits and savings in forests and mills, until he finally became one of the lumber kings of the great Northwest, and a man of independent fortune.

In the '70s Mr. Stimson moved to Chicago, where he engaged in the lumber business, and there remained until 1890, when he came to California and selected Los Angeles as his future home. Once he had determined to remain here he began to apply his fortune and his talents to various enterprises in this city. He built the magnificent Stimson Block at Third and Spring streets at a cost of $350,000; interested himself in the Citizens' Bank, and was one of its largest stockholders at the time of his death; built for himself and family the splendid residence on South Figueroa street, and invested largely in real estate in various portions of the city.

As a business man Mr. Stimson took great interest in all that went to upbuild the city. For a long time he was vice-president of the Chamber of Commerce and held memberships in nearly all the commercial bodies in this city. His faith in Los Angeles and its future was unwavering and, had not death cut short his career, within the year a half-million-dollar business block would have been erected at Third and Spring streets, opposite the building that bears his name.

In charitable acts he was unostentatious, but the Salvation Army and kindred societies for good found in him a friend. The Stimson-Lafayette school was one of the results of his generosity, while he was a liberal subscriber to all the public movements tending to advertise the city or help its people.

In the death of T. D. Stimson the business and social communities of Los Angeles have sustained a loss that will be felt for many a day. The universal regret everywhere expressed yesterday when the sad news became known was the best and most unmistakable evidence of the record in which the deceased was held by those who knew him best.

Arrangements for the funeral of Mr. Stimson will probably be completed today and will be duly announced.

FEED THE HUNGRY, CLOTHE THE NAKED.

Do not waste your cast-off clothing or throw away wholesome food which you cannot use. If you have any articles of clothing which you do not need, no matter if badly worn or the amount small, it will help to keep warm those who have no money to buy new. Send your address to Capt. J. A. Frazier, No. 122 West Sixth street, and any article of clothing or wholesome food which you may have will be promptly called for and carefully distributed among poor families of the city. An opportunity is here offered for the well-to-do to materially assist the unfortunate without impoverishing themselves.

SONG RECITAL.

Mrs. Auld-Thomas Given a Cordial Reception.

Mrs. Gertrude Auld-Thomas, who has been for a number of years a great favorite in this city, gave the first of a series of three song recitals at the Blanchard-Fitzgerald Hall last evening. The hall was well filled, the singer was given a most cordial greeting and her numbers were warmly applauded, encores following several of them. Although Mrs. Thomas has sung only infrequently in this city for the last two or three years, her light, sweet soprano is so well known as to render an extended comment unnecessary. Her voice has gained considerably in breadth and warmth, and its birdlike quality and sympathic charm are as attractive as ever. When the excessive vibrato, which is Mrs. Thomas's only fault, is dropped, her voice is doubly pleasing, and united as it is with a very charming manner and personality, gives her a place in the front rank of local musicians. The programme was well chosen and was given a sincere, artistic rendering throughout. The opening group, consisting of "Reverie" (Hahn,) "A Dream" (Rubinstein,) and "Adieu" from "Manon" (Massanet,) was given a well-deserved encore, to which the singer responded with a charming rendering of "Vainka's Song" (Von Stutzman.) An old French song (1700) (Martini,) and "A Bonny Curl" (Chadwick,) were sung with bewitching daintiness, and the grand Aria from the mad scene from "Hamlet" (Thomas,) was very artistically given. In response to the enthusiastic encore that followed the latter number, "Synove's Song" (Kjerulf) was sung. The other numbers were "The Dew it Shines" (Rubinstein,) one of the best on the programme, and "Forget-Me-Not" (Suppe.) The singer's popularity was evidenced at the close of the programme in the prolonged applause and unmistakable desire on the part of the audience for more, and in response was given that dainty bit, "Violets" (Cornelius.) Miss M. Edith Haines assisted as accompaniste and also contributed three piano solos, but it was in the former capacity decidedly that she appeared to the best advantage.

CAN BRYAN EXPLAIN?

A Record That Makes His Theory Look Sick.

[Arizona Citizen:] When Mr. Bryan has a few minutes to spare from his labors in writing his lectures on Mexico, out of which he expects to reap a handsome profit, it might be well for him to explain how it is that the year 1897 has proven the best business year that the United States has seen in the memory of the present generation, in the face of the rejection of his fine spun theories, which he, in the last campaign, insisted was the only thing that could bring prosperity. Dun's Review, which is a generally accepted authority, shows that in failures 1897 was not only the best year since 1892, but on the whole the best ever definitely known. With 13,522 failures, in number 11.5 per cent. less than 1896, and $182,581,771 defaulted liabilities, 34 per cent. less than in 1896, the year's banking failures amounted to $28,249,700, and the commercial failures were but 13,351, with liabilities of $154,332,071, the average per failure being only $11,559, the lowest ever known except in 1892. But even in that year the failures during the last half averaged liabilities of $10,447 per failure, while in the last half of 1897 the average was only $9593. The returns by the branches of business show that in fifteen out of eighteen classes the failures were lower than in any previous year of which there is a record, with especially large decrease in the great number of unclassified manufacturing and trading failures. Moreover, the year showed remarkable decrease, as some other prosperous years have shown increase, comparing the second with the first half.

The Gutenberg Bible.

Copies of the Gutenberg Bible are valuable to a library. Brayton Ives paid Hamilton Cole $15,000 for his copy some years ago, which, while it is not the highest price paid for one of these Bibles, is probably as much, if not more, than it will ever command again. The only other copy in America, now in the Lennox Library, was purchased in 1847 for £500. Its duplicate from the Munich Library sold at Augsburg in 1853 for 2336 florins. The Bishop of Casbel's copy sold at auction in London in 1858 for £595, and twenty-nine years afterward went into Lord Crawford's library at a price of £2650. The Perkins copy, on vellum, sold at auction in London in 1873 for £3100, and the one on paper for £2690. Lord Hopetown's copy, which was found among a lot of rubbish when the library was prepared for sale in 1889, fetched an even £2000. The highest price the book ever commanded was the Syston Park copy, which, on being sold at auction in 1884, fetched £3900.

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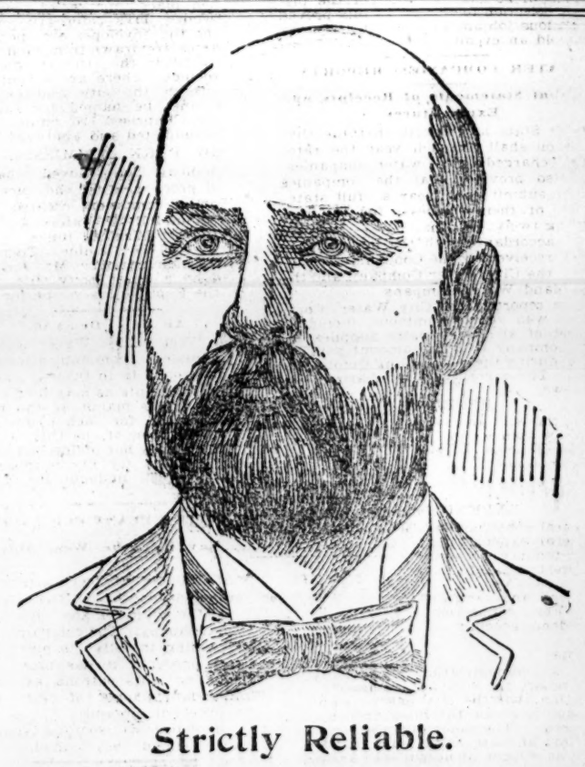
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9—THE SKIRTS OF CHANCE. By Captain Alfred Thompson.
10—ANTHONY KENT. By Charles Stokes Wayne.
11—AN ECLIPSE OF VIRTUE. By Champion Bissell.
12—AN UNSPEAKABLE SIREN. By John Gilliat.
13—THAT DREADFUL WOMAN. By Harold R. Vynne.
14—A DEAL IN DENVER. By Gunter McKendree.
15—WHY? SAYS GLADYS. By David Christie Murray.
16—A VERY REMARKABLE GIRL. By L. H. Bickford.
17—A MARRIAGE FOR HATE. By Harold R. Vynne.
18—OUT OF THE SULPHUR. By T. C. De Leon.
19—THE WRONG MAN. By Champion Bissell.
20—THE HUNT FOR HAPPINESS. By Anita Vivanti Chartres.
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BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES,
Los Angeles, Jan. 31, 1898.

BRANCH BANKS. A strong argument for the establishment of branch banks in the United States is presented by William C. Cornwell, president of the City Bank of Buffalo, N. Y., in a neat pamphlet issued with the compliments of the banks. Mr. Cornwell says that branch banking has been in active operation throughout the world for at least one hundred years, in some countries to the exclusion of almost every other kind. This is the case with France, Germany, Scotland and Canada, where the valuable qualities of the system have been thoroughly proven.

The Bank of France, the only French bank allowed to issue notes, has branches in ninety-four towns and cities outside of Paris.

The Imperial Bank of Germany has 220 branches.

In Scotland, where there are altogether only ten banks in the country, they have altogether 878 branches.

Canada has thirty-eight banks, with 483 branches.

Ireland has nine banks, with 353 branches.

Russia, Austria, Italy, Australia have the branch-bank system; in fact it has developed naturally in nearly every country in the world, except the United States. It began to do so here and was in a high stage of perfection when restrictive war legislation blighted it, and crushed us in other ways.

In England we have a unique feature in that large and very strong private banking firms are allowed not only the privilege of note issue, but also that of branches, both of which they exercise, the branches being confined to towns in the region where the head office is located. Incorporated banks there also have branches, mainly in their own districts. Meantime the Bank of England has only nine branches, and large numbers of strong banks there have no branches at all.

Scotland and Canada are the two countries in which this system has been most highly developed. Special individual examples are the Royal Bank of Scotland, with 111 branches, the bank which invented cash credits that have done so much to develop Scotland, and the Bank of Montreal with over forty branches, covering every part of the Dominion, a bank with $12,000,000 capital and $6,000,000 surplus, three times as strong as any bank in the United States, and a very bulwark during the pioneer development of Canadian industry.

COMMERCIAL.

WHEAT PRICES. In Chicago, owing to manipulation, May wheat is quoted at $1 a bushel. In California prices are good now, and the scarcity of rain is causing fears of a poor wheat crop. There is still time, however, as good crops have been gathered when the rains have held off until the middle of February. In any event, the prospects are that those who have wheat to sell this year will obtain good prices.

The San Francisco Examiner quotes a dealer of that city as follows on the wheat market:

"There has been no serious damage done so far by the lack of rain. That there is need of rain there can be no doubt. It is known, however, that dry seasons heretofore followed by rains in February, have produced fair crops.

"There is a good demand for spot wheat from abroad and stocks are decreasing rapidly. Ocean freight rates are showing decided weakness and everything points to a further reduction, which means an increase in the price of wheat. The demand for wheat at all points is very urgent. At Chicago, of 11,000,000 bushels but 250,000 bushels are in store, not subject to the control of the clique. This small quantity is all that the shorts have to depend upon to fill their contracts at the present time. Deliveries of wheat in the Northwest are decreasing rapidly. The uncertainty regarding the Argentine crop is one of the bull factors which is now occupying the minds of speculators. There is no doubt that foreigners will want every bushel of American wheat that can be spared this year, and it is likely that by the time the new crop is ready we shall have the smallest stocks on hand ever known.

"These are the conditions and they all tend to make manipulation of the market a very easy matter. I think at the present moment, if the Leiter crowd so desired, May wheat could in two days be sent up to $1.25. It is known positively that they have refused to sell any wheat held by them at prices from 7 to 10 cents above prevailing market quotations. The interior milling demand for wheat is strong and this is a point that the clique are guarding well—they are making sure that the wheat they sell goes into consumption and is kept from the hands of speculators who otherwise might turn round and sell it back to the clique.

"Our prices here are about 15 cents below Chicago's, largely owing to the deal there; still the market is strong.

"From all these facts and conditions the inference is an almost absolute certainty that extremely high prices will prevail between now and another crop."

THE WINE BUSINESS. An overflooded wine market has been the cause of much discussion and no end of dissension between the merchants and the producers of the State, and is responsible for the rumor that wine would be hereafter placed on the market at a reduction of 4 cents on the gallon. The San Francisco Call has the following on the situation in the wine market:

"That wines have depreciated in value since the redundant crops of the 1897 vintage were thrown on the market is acknowledged by every merchant in the city, but not one will acknowledge that the trouble now at issue between the California Wine Association and the California Wine Makers' Corporation relative to a reduction of the price of wine has been prompted by a spirit of animosity, but all say it is a natural decline in the value of wine which compels the former association to demand a reduction from the producers. This they have refused to give and declare that if necessary they will go to war with the association in order to preserve the present standard of prices, which range from 13 to 15 cents per gallon.

"Henry S. Crocker, president of the Wine Makers' Corporation, expressed his views and gave his opinion and solution of the present difficulty as follows:

"'The corporation of which I am the president and representative head is organized for the purpose of disposing of the products of California wine producers without a middleman profit and solely to the advantage of these producers.

"'Whether the wine merchants or the California Wine Association think they are in the right when they stoop to the absurd folly of endeavoring to cause a reduction in the price of wines matters little to the corporation, because such a reduction cannot possibly affect the producers enrolled in its membership.

"'Such men as Percy T. Morgan of the California Wine Association and Mr. Jacoby of the firm of Lachman & Jacoby and a few others arrogate to themselves the fact that they control the wine output of the State and can therefore dictate to the producers the price that shall be placed on the production of their vineyards.

"'I have no personal enmity against the individual wine merchants of the city or the members of the California Wine Association,' said Mr. Crocker, 'but still as the representative and president of the makers' corporation I think my position demands that I should say something in defense of the producers' interests by taking a firm stand against their oppressors.'

"Although Mr. Crocker expresses indifference as to the movements of the California Wine Association and their endeavor to cut prices of wine, he nevertheless exhibits considerable apprehension as to whether these merchants intend to institute the threatened rate war. His characterization of the individual members of the California Wine Association and his pungent remarks in the allusion to the association as a whole indicate plainly that he places some credence in the reports of a contemplated reduction, and, also, that the California Wine Association is a power in the community."

"It seems absurd that an organization which, in my estimation, is depreciating in financial resources daily should presume to dictate to the wine producers of this State the proper price at which they shall sell and dispose of their wines to the consumers.

"That this organization is on the downward path can readily be seen by observant men in this business; and this little passing episode of Mrs. Kohler's insolvency is sufficient proof that things in this association are not what they should be.

"I believe this woman has been either buncoed into accepting stock, the value of which was exaggerated, or that the association since Mrs. Kohler joined it has been steadily on the decline.

"When Mrs. Kohler joined this association," he continued, "she was told that in exchange for the plant and stock of the firm of Kohler & Frohling she was to receive 40,000 shares in the new organization, which represented, she was told, $100 a share, par value. She is now informed that her entire interest in the association amounts to but $150,000, and I doubt whether she could realize this sum in case of the disposal of her entire stock.

"Despite this enormous depreciation in the value of the stock the managers presume to dictate prices to producers, threatening them with boycott unless they comply with their orders.

"This is the most absurd specimen of business tact I ever heard of," said Mr. Crocker, 'and I think the originators of the 4-cent reduction are fools.'

"And thus the merry war goes on, and it is a matter of conjecture at present who will win out in the end, as the California Wine-Makers' Corporation avers that it is in the right, and the wine association people will not admit that they are in the wrong.

"As it is an inevitable and indisputable fact that when two factions wage war and wrangle over the same bone, a third party is going to be the gainer by their dispute, the point at issue just at present is, who is going to derive the benefit of this dispute and carry off the bone of contention? Sympathy seems to be on the side of the producer."

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

RECLAIMING COAL HEAPS. The tendency to practice more economical methods in this country is being shown in many ways. For instance, it is announced that the Reading Railroad Company has begun the work of reclaiming the great masses of anthracite coal now buried in the mountains of coal dirt scattered all over the Schuylkill coal basin. During the season just closing 50,000 tons of good coal were reclaimed from the Kalmia colliery alone. Kalmia colliery is now abandoned as a coal mine, having been worked out. It was one of the very best of the Reading Coal and Iron Company's properties in the west end, and its product was vast in the many years of its active operation. A writer in the New Orleans Picayune says:

"The company has turned its attention to reclaiming the coal in the dirt mountain at the colliery. Suitable washery machines were put in and quantities of first-class coal are being taken out of what was considered a great black mass of worthless dirt.

"There is no way of estimating the weight of all these mountains of coal dirt in the three Pennsylvania anthracite coal basins, but they are all valuable, especially where there is a plentiful supply of water. In recent years the discovery has been made that pea coal is a first-class fuel. They now take out and classify not only pea coal, but buckwheat and rice as well. The company is able to make at least $1 clear profit a ton on this washed coal, which would make $50,000 clear profit on the Kalmia washery alone. Individuals have gone into the business, and the Bertollette Bros. of Girardsville, are doing very well, shipping as high as sixteen cars a day. In a short time, it is probable, many more will be engaged in washing out good coal from these dirt heaps, some of which are 200 feet in height and cover ten acres.

"At one big dirt bank a very rich find has just been made. During the war the demand for lump coal for United States vessels of war was so great that several of the Reading Railroad collieries could not stop to bother with small coal. The rush for lump and steamboat necessitated the pushing of small coal out of the way in order to hurry up the shipments of the big coal. This small coal went out on the bank and was soon covered up by the dirt from the breakers and buried out of sight, to remain there for thirty-five years. It has now been discovered, and, it is thought, may prove worth hundreds of thousands of dollars. It requires very little work to run coal through the newly-patented washeries. Hence machinery is now used in washing and separating coal, not only at coal-dirt banks, but also at the mines. Coal just mined is brought up into the breakers and thoroughly washed, and is put on the cars bright, clean and sparkling. This new hunt for lost coal is not confined to the mountains of coal dirt alone. It is estimated that beds of the abandoned canal and Schulkill River, between Schuylkill Haven and Port Clinton, contain thousands of tons of coal, varying in size from buckwheat to nut."

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKET.

EGGS, BUTTER AND CHEESE.

Eggs weaker. Butter firmer. Cheese unchanged.

EGGS—Per doz., fresh ranch, 19@22.

BUTTER—Fancy local creamery, per 32-oz. square, 47½@50; northern creamery, 45@47½; fancy dairy, per 32-oz. roll, 42½@45; lightweights, 35@40; fancy tub, 23@25 per lb.; process, 20@22.

CHEESE—Per lb., eastern half-cream, 9@10; California half-cream, 10; Coast full-cream, 12½; Anchor, 12½; Downey, 12½; Young America, 13½; 3-lb. hand, 14½; domestic Swiss, 15@17; imported Swiss, 26@28; Edam, fancy, per doz., 10.00@10.50.

FLOUR AND FEEDSTUFFS.

Some changes in the direction of higher prices.

FLOUR—Per bbl., local extra roller process, 4.80; northern, 5.05; eastern, 5.75@6.50; graham flour, 2.30 per cwt.

FEEDSTUFFS—Bran, per ton, 24.00; shorts, 26.00; rolled barley, 21.00; cracked corn, 1.10 per cwt.; feed meal, 1.15.

POTATOES, ONIONS, VEGETABLES.

Potatoes remain firm. Onions are quoted higher for fancy stock. Vegetables generally are firm.

POTATOES—Per cwt., Highland Burbanks, 85@1.00; Hemet, 1.15; Salinas, 1.10@1.20; common, 65@80.

SWEET POTATOES—Per cental, 1.00@1.20.

ONIONS—Per cwt., 2.75@3.00 as they run; 3.00@3.25 for fancy.

VEGETABLES—Beets, per 100 lbs., 85; cabbage, 75; carrots, 75; parsnips, 1.00; turnips, 85; Hubbard squash, 85; tomatoes, 1.25@1.50; cauliflower, per doz., 50@65; celery, 45@50; lettuce, 15@20; spinach, 20; parsley, 30@35; radishes, 20; leeks, 20; dry chiles, 65@75 per string; evaporated peppers, 14@15 per lb.; green peppers, 17½@20 per lb.; garlic, 3½@4; green peas, 4@8; string beans, 12@15.

DRIED FRUITS, NUTS, RAISINS.

Better feeling reported. Quotations unchanged.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, evaporated, fancy, 7@9; apricots, fancy, 7@8; choice, 5@6; peaches, fancy unpeeled, 5@6; pears, fancy evaporated, 8@9; plums, pitted, choice, 9@10; prunes, choice, 4@6; fancy, 7@10; dates, 6@9; figs, California, white, per lb., 5@6; California, black, per lb., 5@5½; California, fancy layers, per lb., 8@10; imported Smyrna, 13@15.

RAISINS — London layers, per box, 1.50@1.70; loose, 4@6 per lb.; seedless Sultanas, 7@8.

NUTS — Walnuts, paper-shells, 7@8; fancy softshells, 6@7; hardshells, 4@5; almonds, softshell, 8@10; paper-shell, 9@11; hardshell, 6@7; pecans, 9@11; filberts, 12; Brazils, 12@12½; pinones, 10@11; peanuts, eastern, raw, 6@7; roasted, 8@8½; California, raw, 3@5; roasted, 6½@7.

FRESH FRUITS AND BERRIES.

Steady. No change since last report.

APPLES—Per box, fancy belleflowers, 1.25@1.35; fancy reds, 1.00@1.25; choice reds, 85@90; other varieties, fancy, 90@1.00; choice, 75@90; common grades, 55@75.

PEARS—Per box, Winter Nelils, 1.50@1.75.

GUAVAS—Per lb., 5@7.

ORANGES—Per box, navels, 1.50@2.50; seedlings, 1.00@1.50; Tangerines, 1.00@1.40 per 20-lb. box.

PINEAPPLES—Per doz., 5.50@6.00.

LEMONS — Per box, cured, 1.50@1.75; uncured, 1.00@1.25.

GRAPE FRUIT—Per box, 4.50.

BANANAS—Per bunch, 1.25@2.00.

BEANS.

Very firm. A flurry in pinks has caused the price to go to 3.00.

BEANS—Per 100 lbs., small white, 1.80@1.90; Lady Washington, 1.75@-.85; pinks, 2.75@3.00; Lima, 2.00@2.25.

POULTRY AND GAME.

Demand for poultry is very good. Game is in good supply, ducks coming in freely.

POULTRY—Per doz., good heavy hens, 4.50@4.75; light to medium, 3.75@4.00; young roosters, 4.00@4.50; old roosters, heavy, 4.50; broilers, 3.00@4.00; ducks, 5.00@6.00; turkeys, live, 13@14 per lb.; dressed, 16@17.

GAME — Per doz., quail, 1.15@1.25; ducks, widgeon, 1.25@1.50; teal, 1.25@1.50; sprig, 2.50@3.00; mallard, 4.00@4.50; canvas backs, 5.00@6.00; snipe, 75@1.00; plover, 75@1.00; doves, 50@75; cottontails, 1.00.

GRAIN AND HAY.

Very firm, with prices tending upward.

WHEAT—Per cental, 1.30@1.35 for shipping; millers' quotations, 1.50 for job lots.

BARLEY—Per cental, 80@85 for shipping; millers' quotations, 1.00.

CORN — Per cental, large yellow, 85@90; small yellow, 90@95; white, nominal; millers' quotations, small yellow, 1.05; large yellow, 1.00.

HAY — Per ton, alfalfa, 10.00@12.00; barley, 10.00@12.00; oat, 10.00@11.00; wheat, 10.00@12.00.

STRAW—Per ton, 4.00@5.00.

PROVISIONS.

No change since last report.

HAMS — Per lb., Rex brand, 9½; selected mild cure, 8¾; picnic, 5½; boneless, 9.

BACON—Per lb., Rex breakfast, 10; fancy wrapped, 12; plain wrapped, 11½; light medium, 9¼; medium, 8.

DRY SALT PORK — Per lb., clear bellies, 7¾; short clears, 7; clear backs, 6¾.

DRIED BEEF—Per lb., insides, 14¾; outsides, 10.

PICKLED BEEF — Per bbl., 12.00; rump butts, 12.50.

PICKLED PORK — Per bbl., Sunderland, 14.00.

LARD—Per lb., in tierces, Rex, pure leaf, 6¾; Ivory compound, 5¾; Rexolene, 5¾; special kettle-rendered leaf lard, 7; Orange brand, 50s, 6¾; 10s, 7¼; 5s, 7½; 3s, 7¾.

FRESH MEATS.

Firm; quotations unchanged.

BEEF—6¼@6¾.

VEAL—7@8.

MUTTON—6@6½; lambs, 7½.

PORK—5½@6.

SAUSAGE—Per lb., bologna, 6; blood, 5; liverwurst, 5; fresh pork sausage, 7; wiener, 7; frankfurter, 7.

LIVE STOCK.

Generally firm.

HOGS—3⅞@4 per lb. for prime porkers.

CATTLE—3½@3¾ for prime steers; 2¾@3 for prime cows and heifers.

SHEEP—Wethers, 3.25@3.75 per head; ewes, 2.50@3.00; lambs, 2.00@2.50.

HIDES, WOOL AND TALLOW.

Hides quiet; nothing doing in wool.

HIDES—Dry, as they run, 13½ per lb.; kip, 11; calf, 15½; bulls, 7.

WOOL—Nominal.

TALLOW—Per lb., 2@2½.

HONEY AND BEESWAX.

Demand quiet; prices steady.

HONEY—Per lb., comb, in frames, 7@10; strained, 4@5½.

BEESWAX—Per lb., 20@25.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Shares and Money.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Today's stock market was more active and broader than any time since the upward movement began, but it was exceedingly uneven, and some prominent stocks in the list showed declines. The market ignored the heaviness of some of the last week's speculative favorites, and other stocks were taken up and pushed progressively. Northern Pacific continued its remarkable advance, and touched 69 during the day. Confident assertions that an additional dividend was imminent accompanied the advance. Louisville continued to enjoy the advantage of the reports to a funding plan nearing completion. The strength of Pennsylvania was said to be due to the operations of a pool which are based on the assumption that the stock has not enjoyed a rise commensurate with that of other trunk lines, which were no better situated. The sharp rise in Baltimore and Ohio, which at the highest amounted to 3⅛, was unexplained by any news of the day. Strength in a number of industrial specialties, notably tobacco and leather preferred, and the advance of some of the high-priced investment stocks, and the strength of the coalers due to the prevalent cold weather helped to sustain the market, and the continued large absorption of railroad bonds was an additional factor. The tone of the grangers was heavy all day, with the exception of Burlington, which rose at one time over a point, and of Northwestern and Omaha, which moved in sympathy with the Vanderbilts. There were several halts during the day, due to a taking of profits, and the trading closed with a very general movement to mend, which embraced all the strongest and most active stocks, cutting down their extreme gains in all cases. Sugar lost nearly all of its early advantage. London was both a buyer and a seller in this market, and Southern Pacific and St. Paul felt the adverse effect of this selling. Commission-house business was on a large scale. Business in the bond market was on a large scale. Union Pacific and Atchison issues were in special demand. Prices are higher all around. Sales were $6,340,000. The United States new fours advanced ¼ bid, and the fives coupon ⅛ bid.

Bond List.

U. S. n. 4s reg.	128	N. J. C. 5s	112
U. S. n. 4s coup.	129	N. C. 6s	125
U. S. 4s	113	N. C. 4s	104
U. S. 4s coup.	114½	N. P. 1sts	117½
U. S. 2ds	*99½	N. P. 3s	63½
U. S. 5s reg.	113¼	N. P. 4s	97⅛
U. S. 3s coup.	114½	N. Y. C. & St. L.	106⅞
District 3 65s	117¾	N. & W. 6s	125
Ala., class A	107	N. W. Con.	144⅛
Ala., class B	107	N. W. deb. 5s	117¾
Ala., class C	100	O. Nav. 1sts	115
Ala. Cur	100	O. Nav. 4s	95⅛
Atchison 4s	60¾	O. S. L. 6s	126½
Atchosin adj. 4s	60⅞	O. S. L. 5s	99⅝
Can. So. 2ds	109¼	O. Imp. 1sts	112
Chicago Ter.	85½	O. Imp. 5s	59
C. & O. 5s	116	Pacific 6s, '95	104
C., H. & D. 4½s	104⅝	Reading 4s	84⅛
D. & R. G. 1sts	110	R. G. W. 1sts	84⅝
D. & R. G. 4s	95	St. L. & I. M. 5s	92
East Tenn. 1sts	107	St. L. & S. F. 6s	117½
Erie Gen. 4s	71	St. P. Con.	139½
F. W. & D. 1sts	75	St. P., C. & P.	120
Gen. Elec. 5s	100¾	St. P. 5s	116¼
G. H. & S. A. 6s	106	So. R. R. 5s	92¾
G. H. 2ds	102	S. R. & T. 6s	60½
H. & T. C. 5s	110½	Tenn. n. s. 3s	87
H. & T. Con. 6s	106	T. P. L. G. 1sts	101
Iowa C. 1sts	99½	T. P. Rg. 2ds	33¾
K. P. Con	103¾	U. P. 1sts	125¼
K. P. 1st	120	U. P., D. & G.	54¾
La. N. C. 4s	102	Wabash 1st 5s	108½
L. & N. Un. 4s	86¾	Wabash 2ds	82½
Missouri 6s	100	W. Shore 4s	109¾
M. K. & T. 2ds	67	Va. Cen	71¼
M. K. & T. 4s	89¾	Va. Cen. dfd	3
N. Y. C. 1sts	116¾		

*Ex-dividend.

Visible Supply Statement.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The statement of the visible supply of grain in store and afloat Saturday, January 29, as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange, is as follows: Wheat, 36,602,000 bushels, decrease 551,000 bushels; corn, 40,581,000 bushels, decrease 1,208,000 bushels; oats, 15,112,000 bushels, increase 572,000 bushels; rye, 4,840,000 bushels, decrease 162,000 bushels; barley, 3,028,000 bushels, decrease 133,000 bushels.

California Dried Fruits.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—California dried fruits; firm, but quiet; evaporated apples, common, 5@7¾; prime wire tray, 8½; prime wood dried, 8½; choice, 8¾; fancy, 9@9¼; prunes, 3@8; Apricots, Royal, 5¼@7⅛; Moorpark, 9@11; peaches, unpeeled, 7@10; peeled, 12@20.

Closing Stocks—Actual Sales.

Atchison	13⅛	St. Paul & O.	74¼
Atchison pfd	31⅛	St. P. & O. pfd	148
Baltimore & O.	15½	St. P., M. & M.	124
Can. Pacific	88¼	Southern Pac	20
Can. South	55	So. R. R.	9¼
Cen. Pacific	13⅝	So. R. R. pfd	31¾
Ches. & Ohio	24⅛	Texas & Pacific	12⅛
Chicago & Alton	165	Union Pacific	35⅛
C., B. & Q.	100½	U. P., D. & G.	9
C. & E. Ill.	59½	Wabash	7½
C. C. C. & St. L.	37½	Wabash pfd	18⅞
C. C. C. pfd	84	W. & L. E.	3
Del. & Hudson	112¾	W. & L. E. pfd	13
D. L. & W.	155½	Adams Ex	160
D. & R. G.	13⅛	Am. Express	119
D. & R. G. pfd	50½	United States	41½
Erie (new)	15¼	Wells-Fargo	112
Erie 1st pfd	39½	A. Cot. Oil	22½
Fort Wayne	170	A. C. O. pfd	77
Great N. pfd	140½	Am. Spirits	8⅞
Hocking Val	6⅞	Am. S. pfd	22¼
Illinois Cen	108¾	Am. Tobacco	89¾
L. E. & W.	16	Am. T. pfd	115
L. E. & W. pfd	71½	People's Gas	96½
Lake Shore	190½	Con. Gas	191¼
Louis. & Nash	59⅞	Com. Cable Co	175
Manhattan L.	118¾	C. F. & I.	24¾
Met. St. Ry.	141	C. F. & I. pfd	70
Mich. Central	107	Gen. Electric	36⅝
Minn. & St. L.	25	Ill. Steel	51
Minn. 1st pfd	84	Laclede Gas	44
Mo. Pacific	34⅞	Lead	35¾
Mobile & Ohio	30	Lead pfd	107
M. K. & T.	13⅝	Nat. Lin. Oil	13
M. K. & T. pfd	39⅛	Or. Imp. Co.	27½
C. I. & L.	9½	Pacific Mail	30⅞
C. I. & L. pfd	32½	Pull. Palace	178½
N. J. Central	95½	Silver Cer	54⅞
N. Y. Central	118½	S. R. & T.	4
N. Y. C. & St. L.	15	Sugar	138⅜
N. Y. C. 1st pfd	76	Sugar pfd	112¾
N. Y. C. 2d pfd	39½	T. C. & I.	25¾
Nor. West	14½	U. S. Leather	7⅝
North Am. Co.	5⅝	U. S. L. pfd	65⅞
North Pac	28½	U. S. Rubber	15⅞
North Pac. pfd	68⅝	U. S. R. pfd	65¼
Ontario & W.	17⅞	W. Union	91½
Or. R. & Nav.	54	C. & N. W.	126⅛
Oregon S. L.	25	C. & N. W. pfd	166¼
Pittsburgh	168	C. & G. W.	14⅛
Reading	22½	R. G. W.	22
Rock Island	93¼	R. G. W. pfd	55
St. L. & S. F.	7⅜	St. L. & S. W.	4
St. L. 1st pfd	56½	St. L. pfd	10
St. L. 2d pfd	26¼	Reading 1st pfd	51⅝
St. Paul	96⅜	Hawaiian C. Co.	32⅝
St. Paul pfd	144½		

Copper and Lead.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Lead, weak; brokers, 3.45; exchange, 3.57½. Lake copper, firmer at 10.90@11.00.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS.

Grain and Produce.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—In wheat conditions were more favorable for a decline at the opening than for two weeks, outside of the depression caused by the unloading of many heavy holders on last week's bulge, the influence of which was still apparent, news decidedly favoring the decline which took place. May opened at 95⅞@96, recovered to 96¼, then declined slowly to 95⅝. There was not much selling pressure, but on the other hand, there was almost a total lack of demand, and the market sank from its own weight. Liverpool was very weak, and this had more influence than anything else. The 1:30 p.m. quotations from Liverpool showed a decline of ½d, and London was reported equally weak. The visible supply report, showing a decrease of but 551,000 bushels, was also a disappointment. The market was steadied about noon by the liberal clearances, 534,000 bushels, May advancing to 95⅞, but after that the market ruled heavy. Late in the session some selling pressure was put on January, and the price of that delivery, which had been nominally 108½, dropped very quickly to 103 on the selling of not more than 75,000 bushels. May closed 94⅞. Corn was weak at the opening, and remained so throughout. May closed ⅝c lower. Oats closed ¼@⅜c lower. Provisions were dull. The market closed easy, May pork 10c lower; May lard, 5c lower, and May ribs 2½c lower.

The leading futures closed as follows:

	Closing.
Wheat, No. 2—	
January	1.04
May	94⅞
July	85@85⅛
Corn, No. 2—	
January	27⅛
May	28⅜
July	29⅞
Oats, No. 2—	
May	23⅜
July	22½@22⅝

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour was quiet; No. 2 spring wheat, 91@93; No. 3 spring wheat, 90@92¼; No. 2 red, 97@1.04; No. 2 corn, 27¼; No. 2 oats, 23½; No. 2 white, 25¾ f. o. b.; No. 3 white, 24¼@25½ f. o. b.; No. 2 rye, 47; No. 2 barley, 27¾@29 f. o. b.; No. 1 flax seed, 1.24; prime timothy seed, 2.82½; mess pork, per bbl., 9.80@9.85; lard, per 100 lbs., 4.75; short ribs, sides (loose,) 4.75@5.00; dry salted shoulders (boxed,) 4¾@5; short clear sides (boxed,) 4.95@5.15; whisky, distillers' finished goods, per gal., 1.19.

Grain Movements.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	9,000	6,000
Wheat, bushels	30,000	7,000
Corn, "	207,000	103,000
Oats, "	247,000	81,000
Rye, "	2,000	......
Barley, "	63,000	18,000

On the Produce Exchange today the butter market was steady; creamery, 13@18½; dairy, 11@17. Cheese, quiet, 8@8½. Eggs, firm; fresh, 15½.

Chicago Live-stock Market.

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—Cattle—Sales were on a basis of 3.85@4.25 for common to fair dressed-beef steers, up to 5.25@5.50 for strictly-choice to fancy shipping cattle. The bulk of the offerings went for 4.40@5.10; the exporters were pretty good buyers at 4.75@5.25; butchers' cattle, 3.10@4.35; calves, 6.25@7.00 for the best grades; stockers and feeders 3.50@4.50. Hogs—The extreme range of prices for hogs were 3.65@3.95; hogs sold largely at 3.82½@3.90, and pigs went chiefly at 3.55@3.70. Sheep were wanted at 3.00@3.50 for inferior to common up to 4.50@4.60 for choice flocks, fed westerns fetching 3.75@4.60; lambs sold freely at 4.25@5.60, and yearlings sold at 4.50@5.00. Receipts—Cattle, 14,000; hogs, 40,000; sheep, 17,000.

Mark Lane Express.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The Mark Lane Express today, in its weekly review of the grain market says: "Although the French wheat fields promise well, it is feared they are affested by rankness and weeds. Austria-Hungary is suffering from a plague of field mice and moles, which is spreading over the vast plains of the Leytha and Danube. The news from Russia is far from satisfactory so far as the Azima wheat of 1898 is concerned, but the threshing of the 1897 crop indicates that the yield is very small in the provinces which have hitherto been credited with an average crop. Large sales of Russian wheat point, therefore, to a very bad agricultural situation, showing that Russia, while not increasing her total production, is becoming, through agricultural poverty, a prompt seller for cash after the harvests. With America also a weak holder, we must be prepared for increased fluctuations at lower prices from October to February, and higher from March to June. In ordinary years, from July to September, harvests may be expected to control prices, in accordance with actual reapings. The reduction of the Italian duty on foreign wheat is expected to cause the bulk of the Russian and Roumanian wheat to be shipped to Genoa, Naples and Venice in February and March."

London Financial Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The Evening Post's London financial cablegram says: "The stock markets here were generally quiet today, but Americans were booming. Prices here for the latter opened above the parity and steadily rose, closing strong. Almost all the best buying, however, was professional. Louisville and Nashville was the feature on reports that the funding scheme had been agreed to by the syndicate and as that prelimina ryto it a dividend will be announced. Chesapeake and Ohio was also strong here. The activity of the Americans has taken the wind from the Grank Tunk, which is depressed. Argntines were easier. Money is tight at the end of the month, and there were large borrowings from the Bank of England, but discount rates were easier, 2 11-16 on talk of large government disbursements, now that the engineering strike is over."

Kansas City Live-stock Market.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 31.—Cattle—Receipts, official, 2900; choice beef and export steers and medium, firm; cows and heifers, 10c higher; Texas and Indian steers, 3.30@4.25; Texas and Indian cows, 2.25@3.50; native steers, 3.50@4.85; cows and heifers, 2.25@4.00; stockers and feeders, 3.50@5.00; bulls, 2.50@4.25. Sheep—Receipts, official, 4400; the market was active, steady to strong; westerns, 3.80@4.25; western lambs, 4.50@5.50; choice western muttons, salable at 4.00@4.40.

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $241,865,766; gold reserve, $164,067,250.

Oil Transactions.

OIL CITY (Pa.,) Jan. 31.—Credit balances, 65; certificates closed 67½ bid for regular; shipments, 121,524; runs, 109,779.

Boston Stock Market.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—Atchison, 13⅛; Bell Telephone, 263; Burlington, 100⅜; Mexican Central 5½; Oregon Sort Line, 24⅞.

London Silver.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Silver, 26 3-16; consols, 112 13-16.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

Grain and Produce.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—Wheat has declined; lower cables, lower Chicago, and a withdrawal of buyers have caused a drop in the local market; futures are lower. Speculative values for barley are lower; prospects for rain have easey the market considerably. There are no changes in corn; trading is slower; no corn arrived today. Bran has taken advanced. No changes in hay; the market is strong at the recent advance. Middlings are firm. Green peas are weaker. Choice string beans are higher; some very poor cold down to 8 to 10 cents per pound. Garlic is quite firm. No asparagus arrived today. Apples are moving fairly well, but at no better prices quotable; some dealers do not quote above $1.25 for fancy stock. The cool weather is against the sale of oranges and lemons.

PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—Flour—Net cash for family extras, 4.55@4.65; bakers' extras, 4.30@4.40.

Wheat—Shipping, 1.40@1.41¼ for No. 1 and 1.42½ for choice; milling, 1.45@1.47½.

Barley—Feed, 97½@1.00 for good to choice; fancy, 1.02½@1.03¾; brewing, 1.05@1.17½.

Oats — Poor to fair, 1.12½@1.15; good to choice, 1.17½@1.22½; fancy feed, 1.22½@1.25; gray, 1.15@1.17½; milling, 1.17½@1.22½; Surprise, 1.25@1.35; black for seed, 1.35@1.50; red, 1.35@1.45.

Hay — Wheat, 16.00@18.50; wheat and oat, 16.00@17.50; oat, 14.50@16.50; best barley, 13.50@15.50; alfalfa, 10.50@11.50; clover, 11.00@12.50; stock, 10.50@12.00; compressed wheat, 15.00@17.00; straw, per bale, 40@45.

Middlings—22.00@24.50 per ton.

Beans — Pink, 2.25@2.50; Lima, 1.70@1.75; small white, 1.35@1.45; large white, 1.25@1.40.

Potatoes — Early Rose, 65@75; river Burbanks, 50@70; river reds, 45@55; Salinas, 85@1.10; Merced sweet, 75; Oregon Burbanks, 60@90.

Vegetables—Onions, 2.50@2.65; garlic, 3½@4 per lb.; green peas, 6@8; string beans, 20@25; green pepper, 20@25; summer squash, 8; asparagus, 15@25; dried okra, 15; mushrooms, 50@75; egg plant, 20.

Apples—Choice, 1.25@1.40 box; common, 30@50; cranebrries, 7.00@8.00; oranges, navels, 1.25@2.50; common California lemons, 75@1.25; fancy California lemons, 1.50@2.00; bananas, 1.25@2.50 bunch; pineapples, 2.00@4.00 doz.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 26; seconds, 24@25; fancy dairy, 23; seconds, 20@22.

Cheese — New, 11@11½; old, 9@11; California cream cheddar, 10@11; Young America, 11¼@12½; eastern, 12@13.

Eggs—Store, 22@23; fresh ranch, 24.

Poultry — Turkey gobblers, 9@10; turkey hens, 9@10; old roosters, 3.50@4.00; young roosters, 4.50@5.00; small broilers, 3.00@4.00; large broilers, 4.50@5.00; fryers, 4.50@5.00; hens, 3.00@4.00; old ducks, 4.00@5.00; young ducks, 4.00@5.00; geese, 1.25@1.50; old pigeons, 1.00; young pigeons, 1.25@1.75.

San Francisco Mining Stocks.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks today were as follows:

Alta	11	Julia	1
Alpha Con	7	Justice	40
Andes	13	Kentuck Con	4
Belcher	37	Mexican	26
Best & Belcher	47	Occidental Con	160
Bullion	10	Ophir	55
Caledonia	18	Overman	7
Challenge Con	33	Potosi	27
Chollar	22	Savage	14
Confidence	78	Scorpion	5
Con. Cal. & Va.	105	Sierra Nevada	105
Con. Imperial	1	Silver Hill	3
Con. New York	2	Union Con	46
Crown Point	24	Utah Con	12
Gould & Curry	35	Yellow Jacket	33
Hale & Nor	160	Standard	150

Los Angeles Mining Stock Market.

[Quotations by Mining and Stock Exchange.]
LOS ANGELES, Jan. 31, 1898.

Name of stock—	Bid.	Sales.
East Amargosa	$ .50	
Gold Bug	2.00	
Lucky Star	1.50	5,000 at $2.50
Mohawk-Acton	1.00	
Magganetta	3.50	
Old Dominion	.01	
Pacific Con	1.50	5,000 at 2.50
Rand Mt.	1.00	1,000 at 1.25
Wedge	.02¼	
Unlisted active—		
Little Butte	.10	
Val Verde	.50	
Amargosa	.03	

Receipts.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—Flour, quarter sacks, 37,168; Oregon, 8099; wheat, centals, 1825; Oregon, 5300; barley, centals, 6580; Oregon, 8540; beans, sacks, 1648; potatoes, sacks, 2610; Oregon, 5327; onions, sacks, Oregon; 418; bran, sacks, 491; Oregon 4000; middlings, sacks, 810; Oregon, 622; hay, tons, 601; straw, tons, 50; hops, bales, 50; wool, bales, 20; hides, number, 656; quicksilver, flasks, 101; wine, gallons, 67,600.

Callboard Sales.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—Wheat, weak; December, 1.31¾; May, 1.35¼; barley, easy; May, 91⅛; corn, large yellow, 1.07½@1.10; bran, 20.50@21.50.

Drafts and Silver.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—Silver bars, 55⅝; Mexican dollars, 47@47½; drafts—sight, 20; drafts—telegraph, 22½.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L.B.Q. on each tablet.

SCHAEFER SHIVERED.

Therefore He Was Locked Up in the City Prison.

Jacob Schaefer, 16 years of age, was arrested at the corner of Broadway and Franklin street early last evening and locked up on a charge of suspicion. Schaefer spent the two hours previous to his arrest sitting on the curbstone. As he was shivering so severely as to approach convulsions, passers-by telephoned to the Police Station, thinking the boy had possibly taken poison. At the station he explained that he is without money or friends, and after eating a hearty supper he was locked up.

The police are of the opinion that the boy is a reform school escape, and are holding him until they can ascertain positively.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, Jan. 31, 1898.

(Figures in parentheses, unless otherwise stated, give volume and page of miscellaneous records and recorded maps.)

The following is a list of the transfers in real estate involving amounts of $1000 or over recorded, yesterday.

Eliza A D Wilson to G H McCartney and Emily J Brazier, lot 5 in Wilson's subdivision, consideration $1500.

Thomas Vigus to Maria E Jones, a portion of lot 20 of the Grand avenue and Adams street tract, consideration $5000.

Joseph Dismukes to O H Millett, 20 acres in the NW¼ of section 15 in the Rancho Santa Gertrudes, consideration $3000.

Ehrhart Engel to Charles J H Ruedy, lot 5 in the Bonestell tract, consideration $2000.

Executors of the estate of C. Maclay to R M Widney, 5 acres in block 239 in the Pacoima townsite, consideration $1000.

Caroline Mathes to R V Covelle, lot 42 of the West End Terrace, consideration $1100.

William R Chaffin to John C Hamilton, 10 acres in section 13 at Chatsworth Park, consideration $1500.

John Montgomery, Jr, to Mattie J Sallee, a water-right consisting of 8 inches of water arising in section 2, township 1, near Lordsburg, consideration $7000.

Alhambra Bank to Gail Borden, lot 5 in the Alhambra addition, consideration $1000.

TRINIDAD RUBBER COMPANY.
Head Offices, Los Angeles, Cal.,
Estates in Mexico.
CAPITAL STOCK $100,000 SHARES $100 each.
The attention of investors is invited to the proposed work of this corporation in the production of the India Rubber of Commerce. Its books are now opened to the public for subscriptions to stock. Among the resident stockholders and incorporators may be mentioned the names of A. Haas, M. H. Newmark, H. W. O'Melveny, Wm. J. Broderick, Maurice S. Hellman, Wm. H. Allen, Jr.; O. F. Brant, J. F. Sartori, Albert C. Jones, J. C. Harvey and others. The company solicits an investigation of its purposes, believing it will demonstrate a profitable return to investors. Apply to J. C. Harvey for prospectus and detailed information. Room 16, Title Insurance and Trust Company Building, corner New High and Franklin streets, Los Angeles.

BIG—
And small men alike are faced at times with troubles. The hope that there is left sometimes seems small. But be sure that there is HOPE. You may think not. But you are not a good judge. Do you want some proof of this fact? The act of showing you how wrong you are is only done in your own interest. You are weak; you are nervous; you are afraid of your own shadow. Will you be strong? Will you be full of vim and fire? Will you be fit to meet any man on earth in the street and look him plainly in the eye? You CAN if you will. You must make one effort, though. Is it too much trouble for you to ask what "Hudyan" has done for a few thousand people? Is it asking you too much to put out your hand to save your own life? There are times when the case is hopeless. But there never is a time that a case is hopeless until it has been treated with "Hudyan" This is plain truth; it is plain talk; it is meant only for good, sensible, plain
-MEN
The Hudson Medical Institute is at the junction of Market, Stockton and Ellis streets. Medical advice is free. Testimony as to the immense amount of good that "Hudyan" has done is to be had for the asking. And any other reasonable service is to be had. If you have a suspicion that there is blood taint in your system it won't cost you anything to write for "30-day blood cure" circulars. The cure is sure. The cure is prompt!
Hudson Medical Institute,
Stockton, Market and Ellis Sts.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

SHORT STORY OF THE DAY.

A REMEMBRANCE.

[PUBLISHED IN THE TIMES BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT.]

THERE it lay, right in his path, a pretty glistening thing, its diamonds barely distinguishable from the equally glistening snowflakes which were partially covering it.

Stanley White picked it up, and, controlling the impulse to look at it, slid it instantly into his pocket. Evidently it had been dropped by one of his fellow-guests who had preceded him up the crimson carpeting of the door steps, which was the outward and visible sign of Mrs. Southgate's at home; and the fact that it had either fallen or been swept by passing skirts some few feet from the entrance, accounted for it having lain unnoticed by the customary little knot of spectators who were loitering by the awning.

"What can it be worth?" he wondered. "I daren't look until I am out of this, but unless it is rubbish, it ought to tide me on for a bit until the luck changes."

The next moment he was shaking hands, and being assured by his hostess of the pleasure it gave her to welcome him. A tinge of mockery crept into White's voice as he answered her. He gradually edged his way round the room to the balconies at the farther end. At that coign of vantage, he proceeded to entrench himself behind an eyeglass, and surveyed the dancers, wondering between whom he should divide the short time he intended to stay.

His choice was strictly limited, and he knew it, since even in these tolerant days one cannot go down hill more or less rapidly without at length finding it necessary to part from those who prefer less dubious ground.

It struck him as quite an unusual piece of luck when he saw Mrs. Maynard coming up to speak to him. She was a good-hearted, livley little widow, and one of his firmest friends. Furthermore, she was not too particular.

"I have four girls with me," she began at once. "Isn't it simply too awful? But the men fell through somehow or other. Come and be introduced. I do mind so much about the elder ones, but it is little Hessie Vanburgh's first big dance, and I should never forgive myself if she did not have a good time. There she is, tucked away in that corner seat. Isn't she pretty? Too young for you. Oh, nonsense! Mr. Stanley White—Miss Vanburgh."

She certainly was pretty; of that there could be no question. It is to be feared that had she not been, White would have left her card severely alone, but as it was, he claimed no fewer than three waltzes, and took her into supper as well.

She was only a child fresh from the schoolroom, and avowedly in a great state of contentment with the world in general, and herself in her first ball gown in particular.

She told him all about her home life; and how it was mamma had been prevented from coming with her tonight, and all she was expecting from this wonderful unknown vista of delight which was opening before her, and which people called "the season."

White listened to her, and marveled why he wasn't bored. Her intense vitality and her prettiness went far no doubt to rob of its insipidity this bread-and-butter style of conversation, but there was also an odd fascination about her which he strove in vain to define.

Later in the evening she went up to him in a great state of distress:

"Oh! can you help me? Whatever shall I do? I have lost a little diamond brooch, and it is mamma's. She only lent it to me for tonight. It is shaped like a heart, and she values it so very much."

White was all sympathy and kindness. He tried to console her by the assurance that the brooch "was sure to turn up," and went with her to speak first to the hostess, and then to the hall footman and the cloakroom maids.

"You're very good, indeed," said the girl, brokenly. Her blue eyes were wet as she raised them to his. "No one else seems to care at all, and they look as if they thought it bad manners to make such a fuss. Goodnight, again. Goodnight, and thank you."

Arrived at the one back bedroom which now served him for home, he took out the little brooch and examined it attentively. He had never yet been a thief, and he did not relish his present position; but then he had never yet been in such dire straits.

As he turned it over the little heart parted and opened. Inside it were initials—H. L. and S. R.—and a tiny lock of brown hair. Stanley White flushed crimson. The hair was his own, and the initials were those which he had originally borne before he had had cause to change his name, and of the woman who had once been the one and only woman in the world for him.

He stared at the thing in amazement, too dumfounded even for exclamation. So that it was which had brought the ring of familiarity into Miss Vanburgh's pretty laugh, and which had endowed her with such strange attractiveness. She must be her daughter, of course—Hester's daughter. He tried to recall all the girl had said to him about this jeweled token which "mamma" valued so "very, very much." He had scarcely heeded it at the time.

"She never wears it, but we all know how fond she is of it. I think it was given to her by some one who is dead."

His thoughts flew back over the years, and he saw himself, a smooth-faced boy of three or four-and-twenty, in passionate rebellion against the powers that were, because they would not sanction his marriage to the young girl who believed in him.

Next day they met. Her daughter had mentioned casually that they lived near Washington Square, so it was not difficult to find out the address, and it was only when he was actually in the drawing-room and awaiting her entrance that it occurred to him that his errand was very much that of a fool. An insane irresistible longing to know what she looked like, after all these years was responsible for his action, but what could he say to her now he was there? It was a comforting reflection that she would not know him. Probably, but for the circumstances, he would not have known her either. The girlish timidity of twenty years ago had been lost in an exquisite graciousness which only the knowledge of the perfection of her home sovereignty could bestow, and gleams of mischief no longer sparkled from her eyes. But the tender curvings of her mouth were as beautiful as of old, and the moment White looked at her he knew he was in the presence of a good woman.

"I picked up Miss Vanburgh's brooch as I left Mrs. Southgate's last night," he began, glibly enough, "and I knew she would be so pleased to have it again that I ventured to bring it back to her myself."

"Ventured!" Their hands touched as she took the heart, and an odd thrill went through him.

"We are both of us infinitely grateful to you, Mr. White. I—this is mine, you know. I would not have lost it for much."

"I have seen that little heart before, Mrs. Vanurgh. I was with Stan when he bought it."

"With him." Into the unfamiliar serenity of her eyes there flashed something of the old look. "You—you were his friend?"

"Yes," said White, and waited.

"Then probably you knew something of me, too?" A faint flush tinged her cheeks. "Mr. White, tell me of him. Did you keep up your friendship? Mine broke. Friendships do sometimes, you know.

"Is he—is he alive?"

"Do you still care?"

Possibly that unwary "still" had stung her; for the flush deepened, and she hesitated. Then her gentleness returned.

"One always cares for one's friends, don't you think? They told me long ago he died; but I have wondered."

"Yes, he died," the man heard himself saying, thinking more how to lift that sorrowful look from her face than about his words. "It was ten years ago. He—he loved you to the last, Mrs. Vanburgh."

"To the last?"

She thanked him again, more than once, looking the while the dumb, piteous questions she could not ask; and then he went away, remembering to hold himself jauntily erect and to walk fast. But at the bend in the park path he stopped short, and momentarily bared his head.

"It is what one does at a funeral," he said to himself, with a smile that was not wholly a success, "and at all events there will be tears. Heigho!" He put on his hat, and went his way. "Perhaps I have scored after all. Every man is not lucky enough to know that he is mourned."

MABEL E. WOTTON.

[The End.]

[Copyright, 1897, by Mabel E. Wotton.]

RUGS
We have some splendid Axminster and Fur Rugs that we are offering this week at $2.00 each. Sizes 27x54; regular $2.75 and $3.00 values.
REMEMBER THIS WEEK.
Niles Pease Furniture Co.,
439-441-443 South Spring St.

A PREDICTION
Made by us two months ago already proves ITSELF—"VIM TIRES LEAD in 1898."
You can go and get back on a "Vim Cactus." Southern California Agency.
Avery Cyclery, 410 S. B'dwy



MIHRAN'S
Positively
Last
Auction
TODAY,
TUESDAY,
FEB. 1, at 2 P.M.,
GENUINE RARE TURKISH
RUGS
Will be Sold Out for Anything, and this will be positively last chance.
BEN RHOADES, Auctioneer.



NEWS FROM SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA TOWNS.

PASADENA.

MUCH WORK TRANSACTED BY THE CITY TRUSTEES.

Death of John A. Bowen and Gersham P. Brood, Both from the East—Work on the Hotel Green Annex—Franklin School Closed.

PASADENA, Jan. 31.—[Regular Correspondence.] The City Trustees met in regular session this afternoon with all members present. Proposals to furnish quarters for a city hall were opened, and instead of only one bid, as received at a previous meeting of the board, there were six bidders, and the owners of the present building also put in another proposition, in which they came down considerably in the rent.

The propositions were as follows: A. F. Christiansen of Nos. 125 and 127 West Colorado street offers the two-story brick block just as it stands for $600 per year on a five or ten-year lease; P. G. Wooster offered the ground floor of the Wooster Block on South Fair Oaks avenue, for $1000 per year. Nash Bros. offered to erect a building to be completed by May 1, on East Colorado street, adjoining the Santa Fé track, for $1000 per year rental. The W. R. Staats Company offered the Hopkins Block, on the northwest corner of Fair Oaks avenue and Union street, just as it is, the city to make such alterations as are deemed necessary, for $75 per month on a year's lease; $70 per month on a three-years' lease; and $65 per month on a five-year's lease. Three other offers were made including making such changes as might be needed, the price for the block ranging in accordance with the alterations from $95 per month up to $150 per month. James Smith offered the ground floor of the building adjoining the First National Bank building on Wese Colorado street on a five-year's lease, for $90 per month. Mrs. Mary E. McGee tendered the present building for one year at $900 ($300 less than her previous offer;) $1800 for three years, and $3000 for five years. She also agrees to make several improvements.

The matter was referred by President Hartwell to the board as committee of the whole to report at the next meeting. At the close of the meeting the several plans of buildings and alterations were very thoroughly discussed.

The Trustees passed a resolution designating March 1 as the day upon which the primary election shall be held to nominate candidates for the various offices to be voted for at the coming municipal election, on April 11.

March 1 was designated as the date upon which all signs projecting more than two feet over any public highway shall be removed. Poles set in the sidewalk close to the curbing indicating the business, but without lettering may be used, provided the design is not more than two feet in width and at least eight feet above the sidewalk.

The Auditing and Finance Committee reported municipal improvement bonds sold and unredeemed to date amounting to $105,600, upon which there will be due interest on February 1 of $5280; that there were municipal improvement bonds maturing February 1 to the amount of $9600. The library municipal improvement bonds sold and unredeemed to date amount to $5525, upon which there is interest amounting to $386.75; that there is a library bond due and maturing February 1, amounting to $425. It was voted that the maturing bonds and interest be paid, and warrants were ordered drawn for the same. On recommendation of the same committee $400 was ordered transferred from the general fund to the fire and sewer sinking fund, and $10 from the general fund to the library fund.

On request of the Board of Fire Underwriters that five members of the board be appointed deputy fire marshals, the following were so appointed: Hiram M. Staats, Edwin Stearns, Clarence U. Bunnell, J. C. Brainerd and H. H. Klamroth. They are to serve without pay.

A petition of S. Vickers to keep more than two cows at his home place on Boston Court was granted.

TWO DEATHS.

John A. Bowen, 78 years of age, a resident of South Acton, Mass., who for the past two weeks has been a guest at La Pintoresca, died today of a complication of diseases. Deceased was well known in and around his home whither his body will be sent.

Gersham P. Breed died today of apoplexy at the residence of his brother, George A. Breed, on Palmetto drive, at the age of 88 years. He was born in New York State, and had resided three years in Pasadena. The funeral will occur from the residence on Thursday at 2 o'clock. Deceased leaves a brother here and a sister, Hannah Haskins, in Auburn, N. Y., who is 92 years of age.

WORK STILL PROGRESSING.

Considerable anxiety seems to be felt that the Hotel Green Annex is not being completed. Col. G. G. Green says that, owing to the nature of the construction, it is necessary now to put in the electric tubing for heating, lighting and bells, and to do the plumbing, and that sixty men are now employed in this work, but as it is inside work they cannot be seen well from the street. Within a few days, or as soon as this electrical work shall be completed, the remainder of the building will assume shape very rapidly, and will be pushed to completion as fast as a fire-proof building can be. The structure will be ready for furnishing not later than July 1.

PASADENA BREVITIES.

Engineer A. M. Clifford of the fire department was married in Los Angeles last week and last Saturday night a number of brother Foresters called upon him and presented him with an elegant porcelain clock, while the members of the fire department presented a fine rocking chair.

John T. Williams, the man arrested Sunday on suspicion of having stolen a number of laprobes from carriages in this city, was sent to the County Jail to await trial. He was charged with vagrancy, that time might be obtained in which to look up his record.

The Franklin school was closed today for an indefinite period on account of the scarlet fever scare. It is unofficially reported that a new case was discovered today.

A telegram received by Mrs. Peter Steil from her husband, dated Nanaimo, B. C., says he lost all of his baggage on the Corona, but he will continue on to Alaska.

At 181 North Madison avenue there is a fine driving team for sale cheap.

Mrs. Howard, representing the Redfern Co., will be at Bon Accord one week to show the celebrated Redfern corsets.

VENTURA COUNTY.

Mr. Oxnard and Mr. Bauer Injured in a Runaway.

VENTURA, Jan. 31.—[Regular Correspondence.] On Sunday last a serious accident occurred in Ventura county. Robert Oxnard, vice-president of the Oxnard Sugar Company, and Mr. Bauer, general superintendent of the Oxnard Construction Company of New York, while on a trip of inspection to the new Colonia sugar factory near Hueneme, were thrown from a buggy in which they were riding. Mr. Bauer's leg was broken, and Mr. Oxnard was seriously, but not dangerously, injured.

On next Saturday the ceremony of laying the corner stone of the new Colonia sugar factory in Ventura county will be observed.

POMONA.

POMONA, Jan. 31.—[Regular Correspondence.] The Christian Endeavorers held a large mass meeting in the M. E. Church Sunday afternoon in honor of the seventeenth anniversary of the founding of that organization. Rev. P. J. Ward presided, and George H. Waters led the music. The leading papers were read by G. N. Brink and Fred Allen on "The World for Christ and the Church."

The special services at the Baptist Church ended Sunday evening, sixteen new members being added to the church during the revival.

At the meeting of the East Side Fruit Association Saturday afternoon the following were placed in nomination for board of directors for the first year: H. M. Loud, E. C. Cady, H. F. Fryer, A. G. Whiting, G. W. Kuesthardt, Dr. Thomas Coates, C. M. Barnes, F. Schwan, J. E. Crawford and W. B. Stewart. The election will be held next Saturday at the packing-house of F. Schwan. All of the details of the organization are not yet worked out, and it is not decided as to whether the association will combine a dryer and cannery or not.

SANTA MONICA.

Protest Against Outfall Sewer—Illinois Man Shoots Himself.

SANTA MONICA, Jan. 31.—[Regular Correspondence.] The Board of City Trustees held an interesting session this afternoon. Bids for the construction of an outfall sewer, screenhouse and wharf at the southerly city limits, were received as follows: Darby Laydon & Co., San Francisco, $14,763; J. M. Gardiner, Los Angeles, $15,998.50; Healy, Tibbetts & Co., San Francisco, $15,470; Thompson Bridge Company, San Francisco, $15,000.

After the bids had been received, A. B. Hotchkiss of Los Angeles presented a protest against the construction of the proposed wharf and sewer. The protest bore the signatures of Andreas and Rafael Machado, by Mr. Hotchkiss as attorney, and also the personal signature of Mr. Hotchkiss. The protest, which was a lengthy one, urged against the proposed construction on the ground that the money raised by a city bond issue for sewer purposes could not legally be used for the building of the wharf as proposed. In support of this contention it was argued that the wharf would not be necessary to the construction or maintenance of the sewer. The remonstrance went on to say that the protestants claimed a two hundred-foot strip running along the beach in front of the town to the point in question, and did not consent either to a sewer or a wharf right-of-way across their lands. They had a suit to quiet title pending, in which the town was a defendant, and in which Kinney & Ryan and their tenants would be served as defendants. The protest also said: "The title of protestants is good and valid. Kinney & Ryan cannot get a certificate of title from the Title Insurance and Trust Company, corner of Franklin and New High streets, Los Angeles, the only solvent and reliable title-insurance company in that city, which has condemned their title to this water-front strip. They depend on a certificate of title from a company of which Mr. Pope, their attorney, is president, or one of which Mr. Kinney is president. In other words, they want the town of Santa Monica to deal with them and take their own say-so, that they own the lands they promise to sell to the city."

A communication from James Campbell, as president of the Santa Monica Wharf and Terminal Railway Company, protesting against the construction of the outfall and wharf, was also presented.

The board took a recess and its members held a private conference. After reassembling the following was adopted:

"Whereas, certain parties have filed protests claiming interests in certain portions of the lands over which the outfall sewer is to pass, the title to which lands has been searched by the Title Guarantee and Trust Company of Los Angeles, and the title to Kinney & Ryan approved;

"Resolved, that we have the utmost confidence in the ability and integrity of said company; and of its officers; and be it further

"Resolved, that said protests be placed on file."

The board also adopted a resolution referring the bids to a committee to report on the responsibility of the bidders, and giving to any of them who desired to do so the privilege of withdrawing their bids. The proposal of Healy, Tibbetts & Co. was then withdrawn.

John D. Pope, the attorney referred to in the Hotchkiss protest, was afterward asked about the title claimed by Hotchkiss. He said: "The title of Kinney & Ryan to the land involved in the right-of-way in question has been examined and approved by the Title Guarantee and Trust Company of Los Angeles."

Charles Fanetti, keeper of the saloon on the easterly corner of Second and Railroad avenue, was cited to show cause on February 7 why his license should not be revoked for selling liquor in quantities exceeding half a gallon without a wholesale liquor license.

A communication was received from J. C. Elliott, signifying his intenton to proceed to buld a pleasure wharf at the foot of Railroad avenue. The matter was referred to the City Attorney to report whether a franchise now held by the Southen Pacific would interfere with granting one as applied for by Mr. Elliott.

ILLINOIS MAN'S SUICIDE.

L. G. Collett, a resident of Vermilion county, Ill., committed suicide in this city this morning by shooting himself wth a rifle. Collett came to Santa Monica several weeks ago and occupied a cottage on the beach near the Crystal Plunge. The cottage was owned by J. J. Quaid. Mr. Collett and Mr. Quaid went on several hunting excursions, but the former became ill and had to remain at the cottage. Collett suffered from catarrh of the stomach, and seemed quite despondent. Early this morning he was found lying unconscious near the cottage with a bullet wound over his right temple. Beside him lay a Winchester rifle, and grasped in his hand was a small stick. His posture and the positions of the rifle and the stick in his hand seemed to show that he had used the stick to spring the trigger. The wounded man was removed to an engine-house near by, where he died just before noon without having regained consciousness. An inquest was held at Guidinger's undertaking place this afternoon. The jury found that Collett killed himself with suicidal intent.

Collett had a sister in Glenburn, Ill., and two daughters. He is thought to have been well-to-do. His sister has been requested by telegraph to advise as to the disposition of his remains and effects.

ORANGE COUNTY.

A Workman Badly Beaten by His Former Employer.

SANTA ANA, Jan. 31.—[Regular Correspondence.] A difficulty occurred at the Santa Ana Gas and Electric Works this afternoon in which C. H. Calmer, until this morning an employé of the company, was badly beaten up by C. M. Holmes, manager of the plant. Calmer was carried up to Dr. Ferguson's office after the fight, where the doctor made an examination of his injuries, and, beside a slight facture of the skull, six scalp wounds were found.

Calmer this morning resigned his position with Mr. Holmes, and was given a check in full for wages due him. He claims that the manager of the lighting company had mistreated him, and when he remonstrated with him for doing so, his former employer beat him over the head with a piece of gaspipe before he knew it.

Mr. Holmes's statement is that Calmer, who went on duty at the factory at 12 o'clock at night and was relieved at noon, had been coming late to work, and he had informed him if he was not more punctual he would be relieved. This morning Mr. Holmes found a note on his desk from the man, saying he had resigned and wished his money, and he gave him a check for the amount at about 11 o'clock. At 1:30 o'clock Calmer returned to the factory, and going into Mr. Holmes's office used abusive language to him, and then went over the plant to where other men were employed, abusing their employer, saying he was going back to the office again and tell the —— —— what he thought of him. In order to avoid trouble with the man, Mr. Holmes left his office and went to another part of the building, but Calmer followed him, continuing the quarrel. As the manager returned to the office the man swore at him, and, unable to control his temper longer, Mr. Holmes struck him with a piece of gaspipe, or some other blunt instrument, several times about the head and once on the shoulder. Mr. Holmes is the smaller and more slender man, and Calmer, who admits that he took two or three drinks after he was paid off, was not very drunk. No arrests have as yet been made, and the injured man, who was pretty weak when helped out of the operating chair, went quietly home, saying he would wait until he got stronger before he took any more action in the matter.

THE WRIGHT CASES POSTPONED.

The trials of Mary L. Wright and William ("Mysterious Bill") Wright, which were set for hearing in the Superior Court today and tomorrow, have been postponed, to be called by agreement of the counsel. A writ of habeas corpus was granted them by the Supreme Court, and they will be taken to Los Angeles tomorrow for a hearing before Judge Van Dyke. The jurymen summoned, from whom a jury was to be impaneled for the hearing of the cases, were dismissed, to be notified by the clerk of the court when needed.

STOLE A TEAM.

J. C. Joplin today secured a warrant for the arrest of James Brown, a young man 23 years old, who hired a horse and buggy from his livery stable a week ago for a day's drive and has not yet returned. Brown was last seen in Los Angeles on Wednesday. The horse is a brown animal, and "J. C. Joplin" was printed on the lap robe.

Swiss Village Burned.

BERNE, Jan. 31.—The village of Randogne in the canton of Valais has been burned to the ground. A woman and two children perished in the flames. The disaster has caused great distress.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

INTEREST BEING SHOWN IN THE CULTURE OF TOBACCO.

Serious Street-car Accident—Forger McKeen Pleads Guilty and is Sent to San Quentin—Big Demand for Coal—Sheepmen Suffering.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 31.—[Regular Correspondence.] A number of people in this county are taking much interest in the production of tobacco, as it has been demonstrated that a very superior grade of tobacco can be grown here. A meeting was held last week by the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association, the Chamber of Commerce and other kindred organizations to take some steps to assist the tobacco-growers in further demonstrating the superior flavor of the "weed" as it is grown here, and this meeting resulted in the appointment of a committee to interview the business men and others interested in the development of the industry to raise $1500 with which to secure an expert to teach the growers how to cure the plant, as much depends upon the curing. This committee will make a thorough canvass of the city, and will report to the Tobacco Growers' Association, and if the money can be raised an expert will soon be here, to instruct the growers the coming season.

STREET-CAR ACCIDENT.

Mrs. H. Byers of No. 1065 F street was seriously injured Sunday afternoon at Fourth and Walnut streets, being thrown from the car while it was turning the curve at a rapid gait. The brake refused to work, and the car struck the curve at high speed. Mrs. Byers was carrying her little grandchild on her lap at the time of the accident, and the babe was thrown out, but fortunately was not injured. The lady's right leg was broken just above the ankle, her lift leg badly bruised and her shoulder severely wrenched. Several others were thrown fom the ca, but escaped serious injury.

M'KEEN GOES TO THE "PEN."

Frank McKeen, alias F. Ferguson, arrested for forging a check for $132 on the Santa Fé Railroad Company, was sentenced Saturday by Judge Torrance, after he had pleaded guilty to the charge preferred against him, to serve two years in the State's prison at San Quentin. McKeen said that he did not desire to fool away any unnecessary time in fighting his case; that he was guilty, and that the sooner he got to the State's prison and began serving out his sentence, the sooner he would once again be a free man, and that when he get out this time he intended to try to live a better life. Deputy Sheriff Fred Jennings left Sunday evening on the steamer Santa Rosa for the North with the prisoner.

SAN DIEGO BREVITIES.

The time for the California Construction Company to complete its second contract on the government fortifications at Ballast Point will expire Tuesday of this week, and the work will probably be done by that time. The amount expended on the works so far is about $180,000, which includes the three implacements for 10-inch rifles, with disappearing carriages, as well as considerable work on the underground torpedo chambers. It will probably be two or three months yet before the big guns will be mounted, as ample time must be given for the cement to harden before the tremendous weight is put upon it.

As a result of the broken tunnel on the Santa Fé Railroad, it has become necessary for San Diego to supply a large portion of New Mexico and Arizona with coal. Orders have been received here the past two days for several trainloads of coal to be sent out along the line of the Santa Fé Pacific, as the entire supply from Gallup and New Mexico has been shut off. If traffic shall not soon be resumed over that portion of the Santa Fé, it will be necessary for the coal company here to charter extra vessels to load with coal for this port.

The Ruby A. Cousins will be the first vessel to leave this port with a union crew shipped at the new scale of wages, which have been raised to $40 per month. The victory all along the coast is considered here to be the result of the unusual demand for sailors on account of the big wheat trade and the Klondike craze. The Ruby A. Cousins has been on the marine ways for a week undergoing repairs, but she is expected to be ready to leave tomorrow for Gray's Habor, to load lumber for San Francisco.

The following pupils from the ninth grade of the public schools have been awarded diplomas of graduation: Mabel Gifford, Jamacha; Florence Schulenberg, Ocean View; Mabel Hurdoff, Palomar; Muriel Milliron, Proctor; Marion Coop, Spring Valley; Erma Gaskill, Campo; Alice Murphy (class of '96,) Jamacha; Victor Walkins (class of '96,) Viejas; Viola Wright (class of '96,) Moosa; Wilella English, Potrero.

The Southern California Mountain Water Company has concluded arrangements to put up another eighty-five foot derrick at Morena, where the company is constructing one of the largest dams in the West. The derrick will be started in a few days, adding its facilities to the Lidgerwood cables and derricks already in use at Morena dam. The company is advertising for forty more men to go to work at once.

Reports from the interior of the county state that the present season has been an unusually hard one on the sheep men, on account of the lack of rain. Three men are reported to have lost more than 2600 lambs from their flocks as a result of the dry weather, and the indications now are that many of the ewes will be lost if there shall not be more rain very soon.

The plaintiff in the case of Wesley Perry vs. the Otay Irrigation District filed a notice of appeal Saturday from the judgment of the Superior Court in favor of the defendant irrigation district. The suit was brought to determine whether Perry, as collector of the district, could hold out his salary from money that had come into his hands as collector.

The American ship Louis Walsh is being advertised for thirty days to ascertain whether or not there are any debts against her, after which she will be turned over to her new master, if she shall be found clear of debt, and taken north to be put on the route to Klondike.

Sheriff Jennings has returned from the vicinity of the Colorado River, where he attached thirty-two claims owned by the Picacho Gold Mining Company and eighty-six claims owned by the Golden Dream Mining Company to secure money alleged to be due J. Gandolfo.

The steamer National City arrived here Saturday from Eureka with a cargo of ties for the Cuyamaca and Pacific Beach railroads. Upon the National City's return to San Francisco she will be refitted and put on the Alaskan trade.

A resident of Santee, this county, a few days ago lassoed a large lynx while running at full speed up a cañon, and when the animal found that it was captured, it made several ineffectual attempts to leap upon the flanks of the horse.

Lincoln Fairchild, aged 21 years, who came to the bay region a few weeks ago in the hope of benefiting his health, died Saturday morning at Alpine. The remains have been sent to Danville, Ill., the young man's home.

F. Osburn and Antone Serra, the two men charged with fishing in the bay with a set net, have been discharged by Justice of the Peace Bryan on account of insufficient evidence against them.

The Mercantile baseball team, lately reorganized and strengthened, defeated the Park team in an interesting game Snuday afternoon by a score of 9 to 4. The game was almost errorless.

Mrs. Celintha T. Putnam, aged 66 years, of Elizabethtown, N. J., died here Saturday. The deceased was the wife of H. A. Putnam. The remains will be sent East for interment.

A small blaze in the hallway of the Cuyamaca Club early Saturday morning was discovered by passers-by and extinguished before any material damage was done.

The monitor Monterey has received orders to go outside Thursday of this week as far as Coronado Islands, to engage in heavy gun practice and boat drill.

The schooner Anita will sail tonight for Santo Domingo with a large cargo of general merchandise and provisions for the Calmalli mines.

The Columbia and Black Hawk mines have been located in the Shenandoah district, near Mesa Grande, this county, by W. B. Woodward.

The funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Jennie A. Bartholomew were held Sunday afternoon and interment was had in Mt. Hope.

Mrs. Elmira Johnson, an old resident of Oceanside, died last week at the age of 53 years. Her husband died only about a month ago.

E. E. Spileman, C. H. Swallow and G. D. Goldman have been appointed appraisers of the estate of Susan B. Slater, deceased.

Fred A. Stephen has petitioned for probate of the will of Joseph W. Blondin, deceased. The estate is valued at about $1500.

The Third Division, Naval Battalion, N. G.C., held its semi-annual State shoot at the range today.

The British gunboat Egeria, Capt. Smyth, sailed Sunday for San Francisco, bound for Esquimalt.

Margaret E. Norman has been granted a divorce from Howard Norman on statutory grounds.

The Kimball olive oil mill is again in operation, with good prospects of a busy season.

BIG SYNDICATE IN HONDURAS.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 31.—[Associated Press.] Prof. Edward H. Coffey has just returned from a trip to Honduras. He declares that a syndicate, popularly supposed to include the Vanderbilts, has obtained concessions for almost everything in Honduras that is worth having. "Diligent inquiry on my part," said Prof. Coffey, "and of others in that country, failed to reveal that there was any syndicate as yet in existence. Yet there are great expenditures of money, vast energy displayed in building a railroad and improving harbors and so on, which speaks of something under the surface that may be of the greatest possible interest to Americans.

"As nearly as I could learn, the Honduran government has made an arrangement with these American capitalists whereby the debt of Honduras, amounting to £2,500,000, will be refunded in low-rate bonds, purchased by this American syndicate, and secured by the customs receipts, internal revenues, and so on, with the added benefits of valuable exclusive concessions. But it appears that the deal has not been actually consummated, from the fact that the Honduran government has not consulted its European creditors as to this proposed refunding of the debt. These creditors may object, and very decidedly."

CORONADO BEACH.

Programme of Amusements at Hotel del Coronado for Ensuing Week.

HOTEL DEL CORONADO, Jan. 31.—[Regular Correspondence.] This week's amusements start off with the postponed games of last week's golf tournament, and consist of ladies' "medal" play (nine holes) and gentlemen's "medal" play (eighteen holes,) and a ladies' and gentlemen's bowling party in the evening. Tuesday morning a tally-ho party is to visit Old San Diego and Mission Valley, together with "Ramona's marriage place," lunching en route, and in the evening there will be a concert in the rotunda by the hotel orchestra. The jack-rabbit chase on North Island has been changed from the latter part of the week to Wednesday afternoon, when the full pack of thirty hounds will be turned loose. An informal dance in the evening in the big ballroom will wind up the day's festivities. A clay-brd shooting match will be held Thursday afternoon, and in the evening progressive hearts will be the order in the ladies' parlors. On Friday another tally-ho party will be given, this time to Paradise Valley, through the heart of the orange and olive country, and another concert in the evening. Saturday night the regular weekly ball will be given, in which the society people of the entire bay region participate.

CORONADO BREVITIES.

Among the prominent New York people who are spending some time at Coronado are the following: J. H. Hallgarten, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Stetson, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Carlton (Rochester,) Mrs. J. D. Maris and maid, Mr. and Mrs. John B. Calvert, Miss A. B. Hays, Mrs. G. B. Roys, J. G. Daiden, Mrs. Leitas H. Brown-Kissam, Master Clinton Brown-Kissam and nurse, Mrs. Isaac P. Martin and maid, accompanied by Mrs. James A. Noyes of Massachusetts.

Prominent San Francisco visitors at this resort, who have arrived since Saturday, are William S. Barnes, District Attorney for San Francisco county, and Deputy District Attorney W. S. Hinkle, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Horst, Miss O'Connor, R. A. Wilson, George Hamilton Shiels.

The Chicago contingent at Coronado have been joined by Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Brookman, Mr. and Mrs. Walter H. Miller, R. C. Breed, C. E. Calm, Mrs. James J. Armstrong and child.

Mrs. and Mrs. E. S. Wallace entertained Maj. Harry T. Matthews, James H. Alexander and Will H. McClain of Santa Ana at dinner at the hotel Sunday evening.

Mrs. Sherwood and Miss Sherwood of South Ascot, Eng., accompanied by Miss Green of Jamaica, were Sunday visitors at the hotel.

Among the society people of Los Angeles who have arrived here are W. S. Porter, Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Willson, Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Sale, Charles W. Davis, accompanied by Mr. Davis of Allegheny, Pa.

The latest arrivals at Coronado from Seneca Falls, N. Y., are Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Garnsey.

Piper City, Ill., is represented here by Mr. and Mrs. W. O. McKeirney.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Gay, Paris, France, are guests at the hotel.

Eugene Delmas has again returned to Coronado to spend a portion of the winter months.

Count and Countess von Goetzen entertained Mr. and Mrs. Randolph Minor of Los Angeles Sunday at the hotel.

Mrs. J. C. Larkin and Miss Larkin of Toronto, Can., are visitors at this resort.

Among Saturday evening's arrivals from the East were Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Rich.

The winners of the golf games in Saturday afternoon's contest were Miss Healey of Coronado and W. H. Dupee of Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. George Michaelson entertained Thomas Permain at luncheon at the hotel Sunday.

Mrs. H. S. Mackey and Mrs. J. O'B. Gunn of San Francisco, accompanied by Miss Harrison of Baltimore, are among the new arrivals.

Mrs. Thomas of Flower Lodge, Coronado, is entertaining Mrs. Jennie M. Snow of Rockford, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Harris, Jr., of Champaign, Ill., are among the new arrivals.

The hotel orchestra gave another concert Sunday afternoon in the rotunda of the hotel.

A luncheon party at the hotel Sunday consisted of Dr. O. C. Joslen of Traverse City, Mich.; Mr. and Mrs. John Leatham, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Smith and Ira Leatham of Sturgeon Bay, Wis.

Adolph Wood of San Bernardino is spending some time at Coronado.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Campbell of Portland, Or., are among the recent arrivals.

Dr. Martha C. Holmes, who is at present a visitor at the hotel, is vice-president of the Harlem (N. Y.) Young Women's Christian Association, and an efficient member of the board of directors of that association.

A meeting of the Coronado Golf Club was held Saturday evening in the parlors of the hotel, and U. F. Newlin was elected an honorary member of the club and elected secretary and treasurer, vice W. W. Bailey, resigned.

GOES TO SAN QUENTIN.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 31.—[Associated Press.] Jack H. Bevington, who was found guilty in the Superior Court of assault with intent to murder Henry Washington (colored,) was this morning sentenced to two years at San Quentin. Washington's wife, who was Bevington's paramour, attempted to save him by false testimony.

REDLANDS.

REDLANDS, Jan. 31.—[Regular Correspondence.] The Executive Committee and the various sub-committees are working hard to make the celebration on Washington's birthday a great success. The reports submitted at the last meeting were most encouraging, and there promises to be a big crowd present. Tickets for the several events of interest will be placed on sale this week.

The orange shipments are picking up, and the prices for first-class fruit remain steady.

MONROVIA.

MONROVIA, Jan. 31.—[Regular Correspondence.] The meeting of the Teachers' Association for the eastern portion of the county held in Monrovia Saturday was very well attended, and an interesting programme was presented.

A succession of breaks in machinery has as yet prevented a thorough test of the new city well. It is claimed that the well will give twenty inches of water, in which case it would be considered a success. The citizens are determined to secure an additional water supply from some source in the near future, and should the well not meet expectations negotiations will probably be resumed for the purchase of water.

AZUSA.

AZUSA, Jan. 31.—[Regular Correspondence.] Ground has been broken for the power-house of the San Gabriel Electric Company. It is now but a matter of a few weeks before electricity will be flowing from the cañon to Los Angeles.

Another public meeting will be held to discuss the proposed storm-water drain district. There has arisen opposition to the consolidation of the streams from Big and Little Dalton cañons. It is believed that this difference of opinion can be adjusted.

Asthma and Bronchitis cure guaranteed. Dr. Gordin's Sanitarium, 514 Pine nr. Kearney, S.F.

Your Tax

for the coming year on baking powder will be very light if you buy *Schilling's Best* and use only one heaping teaspoonful to a quart of flour.

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SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY

NEW YORK COPPER COMPANY FILES INCORPORATION ARTICLES

Anticipates Developing Into a Big Concern—Vigilance Committee at Colton—Sneak Thieves Make a Small Haul.

SAN BERNARDINO, Jan. 31.—[Regular Correspondence.] The United Yucca Corper Company, with headquarters in New York City, evidently intends to operate in San Bernardino county, a certified copy of the company's articles of incorporation having been filed today at the County Clerk's office. The company was organized in 1897. The directors are Frederick Carter of Bloomfield, N. J.; Amos Ellis, H. Jerome Carty, New York City; Henry W. Richardson, East Orange, N. J.; Jerome Carty, Philadelphia. The purpose of the company is to mine copper and other metals and minerals. The amount of capital subscribed is $5000, and the incorporation papers embrace the privilege of increasing said capital by the sale of additional shares of stock from time to time to $2,000,000.

VIGILANCE COMMITTEE AT COLTON.

The citizens of Colton Sunday night organized a Vigilance Committee to drive out the hobos who have lately been flocking thenceward in large numbers. About the time time the committee was prepared to start to work a fire alarm was sent in, and all hands set out to prevent the spread of the flames from Joseph Finley's barn, which was destroyed, together with a mule and several tons of hay. Later the vigilantes got to work and rounded up thirty-six tramps, who were escorted to San Bernardino to do service on the city rock pile.

SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES.

Thomas O'Brien of the Needles left for his home Sunday after spending several days in this vicinity. He is owner of the Hidden Hill mine in Providence Mountain, located about twenty miles north of Fenner station on the Atlantic and Pacific road, and exhibited some beautiful specimens of ore, containing virgin gold in large quantities.

Larry M. Weaner and Rutherford M. Rau spent Sunday here. They left San Francisco recently on a $2500 wager that they will visit every State in the Union, obtain the autograph of every Governor, and of President McKinley, earn $5000, and be back in San Francisco inside of twelve months.

The Southern California Savings Bank has begun suit against J. P. Domecq and Christine Domecq, John P. Mirandette, John Anderson, et al., to foreclose a mortgage on an eighty-three acre tract of land, to secure payment on a promissory note for $8000, with interest from February 1, 1893.

Work was begun today looking to the erection of a handsome residence for H. C. Rolfe, Jr., on Fourth street, on the site of the house destroyed in the recent fire. This i sthe first building to be erected in the burned district.

Sneak thieves broke into the real estate office of Johnson & Hubbard at Colton Saturday, but the only plunder abstracted was a mackintosh. Tramps are held responsible for the work.

A certificate was filed today recording the marriage of Joseph Rice and Mrs. Gertrude Mundy, both residents of Daggett, where the ceremony was performed Saturday by Justice J. A. Owens.

John Player of Topeka, superintendent of machinery of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé road, spent Sunday in town.

Judges Oster and Campbell, sitting in bank, today, called three court calendars, criminal, trial and law.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

Miner Found Dead in the Salton District.

RIVERSIDE, Jan. 31.—[Regular Correspondence.] Coroner Sherman received a telegram this afternoon from Salton saying that Oscar Johnson, a miner, had been found dead in his cabin in the Chuckawalla Mountains. Johnson was a Swede and had acquaintances in Riverside. He recently sold a claim for $500. His mine is located forty miles from Salton.

More than four hundred books were circulated at the Public Library Saturday, the highest daily record since February of last year.

Justice Mills rendered a decision today in the Potter-Bamberger case. Judgment was in favor of the plaintiff for the full amount of the claim, $122.13, and costs.

The Riverside Trust Company has begun suit against Matthew Gage and Joseph Jarvis to foreclose contract and all rights to purchase lands in block No. 65, Arlington Heights, consisting of 101 acres. H. T. Hays has been appointed receiver for the property in controversy.

Mary Ann Johnson has been granted a decree of divorce from F. L. Johnson on the ground of desertion. The parties have been residing at Banning.

Judgment was handed down today in favor of the plaintiff for $5389.89 in the foreclosure suit of Ellen J. L. W. Pember vs. L. C. Waite, administrator of the estate of A. P. Coombs, deceased.

Judgment by default was entered today in the suits of foreclosure of the Southern Pacific Company against Edward Rance, W. C. Jackson, H. Leighthead, J. B. Ferrall, E. F. Hook, E. H. Morse and Fred Wheeler.

A venire of twenty-five jurors has been summoned to try Samon, an Indian, on the charge of assault with intent to kill. The case is called for Wednesday.

A span of horses attached to a wagon filled with empty orange boxes, belonging to R. C. Fellows, ran away this afternoon. Stuart Cundiff, Mr. Fellows's little grandchild, was in the wagon when the horses started and was thrown out, but miraculously escaped injury.

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY.

Swindler Caught and Sentenced to Jail in One Day.

SANTA BARBARA, Jan. 31.—[Regular Correspondence.] L. P. Smith, a stranger, recently represented himself as an agent of Holt Bros. of San Francisco, to Warwick & Tolberts, a blacksmithing firm at Lompoc, and solicited orders for goods. Mr. Warwick said he owed the firm between $10 and $11, whereupon Smith examined a book he had drawn from his pocket and stated that the balance due was $10.33. Mr. Warwick paid the money and gave Smith an order before he departed. Becoming suspicious, Mr. Warwick afterward telephoned to Holt Bros. concerning the matter, and discovered the man to be a fraud. Smith was overtaken at Arroyo Grande, arrested and brought back to Lompoc, examined before Justice Bouton and sentenced to twenty-five days in the County Jail, the man pleading guilty. He was brought down by Deputy Rainey.

A Chinese syndicate has bought the Friel Hotel building at Lompoc, with the intention of removing it to the Chinese quarters and fitting it up for a lodgeroom. An F. & A.M. lodge is about to be organized, composed entirely of Chinese.

A. Canfield of this city shipped 300 head of stock Saturday from the Lompoc Valley to Bakersfield for better pasturage.

The Alcatraz Asphalt Company at Sisquoc has secured the contract for paving Main and Spring streets in Los Angeles.

Rain began falling about 11 o'clock this forenoon, and the prospects are good for its continuance.

Two hundred and fifty tons of pipe for the new city water system will arrive by steamer Pomona from the North tomorrow. The whole consignment will arrive the next Tuesday.

LET DOWN EASY.

Two Alleged Burglars Allowed to Plead to Petty Larceny.

By grace of the District Attorney's office two alleged burglars, William Johnson and Ed Miller, escaped the penitentiary by pleading guilty to the charge of petty larceny instead of being tried on the more serious charge.

Johnson and Miller were released from the Santa Ana Jail early in October, where they served time for vagrancy. They were arrested in this city for vagrancy October 15. About the same time the room of a negro named "Doc" Walker, at the New England House, was entered by burglars, who made off with a suit of clothes and $20 in money. Officer Fowler did some detective work on the case and discovered that Johnson and Miller were the burglars. He located the men in the City Jail and recovered the clothes from a second-hand shop on San Fernando street, where they had sold them.

On November 16 they were held to answer to the Superior Court for burglary. The trial was to have taken place today, but yesterday the District Attorney substituted petty larceny complaints for the burglary informations and allowed the culprits to plead guilty in Justice Morrison's court. They will be sentenced today.

The police say they had ample evidence to send the prisoners over the road, but the District Attorney saw fit to let them off easy. It is understood that one of the culprits has influential relatives, who interceded for him on the promise that he would reform.

POLICE COURT NOTES.

Items Clipped from the Justice's Benches.

Trinidad Burnel and Raphael Corona, who stole a $2.50 wagon from the street in front of S. W. Luitweiler & Co.'s warehouse, on January 27, were found guilty of petty larceny by Justice Morrison. They will be sentenced today.

F. M. Harris and S. Sceiver, the two saloon-keepers arrested yesterday for violating the Sunday-closing ordinance, appeared in Justice Owens's court yesterday. Harris had his trial set for February 17 at 9:30 o'clock, and Sceiver will be arraigned today. A. Guiol, Harris's bartender, was discharged, as no complaint was issued against him.

The violators of the hitching ordinance filed in before Justice Owens yesterday, as usual, and $8 was contributed to the city treasury with varying degrees of grace.

Mike McDonald, an old offender, was given ninety days straight yesterday by Justice Owens for begging. Thomas McGrawth got ten days straight on the same charge.

Harris Woods, the young man who whaled Wylie Fowler, colored, over the head with a broomstick because some one had thrown an apple at him and Wylie was standing near by, was found guilty of battery by Justice Morrison yesterday. Today is sentence day in Justice Morrison's court, and Woods will appear.

If You Want to be........ WELL DRESSED
You Must See Joe Poheim.
He is making the nobbiest Suits to order for $15.50 and $17.50, which are well worth $25.00.
Fine Clay Weave Worsted and latest style Serges at $17.50 and $20.00; will cost elsewhere $30.00.
French Pique, the best Doeskin and Dress Worsted from $25.00 to $45.00.
You don't need to wear ready-made, shabby, ill-fitting garments when you can have a stylish suit made to order for less money at the most reliable and largest tailoring establishment.
Rules for self-measurement and samples sent free to any address.
...JOE POHEIM...
143 S. Spring St.,
Los Angeles, - - Cal.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.
Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

PLOWS We sell them. Best makes and lowest prices.
MATHEWS & ARNOTT CO.
120-124 S. Los Angeles St.

CUT BY FALLING GLASS.

Three Men Injured While Replacing a Window.

While removing a broken plate-glass window from Jones's book store on First street yesterday morning, George Streete and two fellow-workers, Pat Calligan and C. W. Snodgrass, were cut by falling glass. They were removed to the Receiving Hospital, where Dr. Hagan treated their injuries.

Streete was quite severely cut, as he was caught beneath the heavy glass, which slipped from the window casing while being removed. He was thrown to the sidewalk and the breaking glass cut him severely about the body, taking a piece of flesh as large as his hand from his right leg, just above the knee. Theother two men were only scratched.

SALOONS, BEWARE.

Nine John Doe Warrants for Violating Sunday-closing Ordinance.

Nine "John Doe" complaints were filed in the Police Court yesterday against saloon-keepers charging a violation of the Sunday-closing ordinance. The warrants were issued to Special Officer W. A. Moore.

The police express a determination to exert every effort toward the enforcement of the ordinance.

A Quarrel Ends in Murder.

CHEHALIS (Wash.) Jan. 31.—News has just been received from Vance, sixty miles from here, that J. H. McVicker shot and fatally wounded Lou Stump in a quarrel about some hay. Stump had a lien on the hay and went to McVicker's with Constable Skinner to sell it. McVicker ordered them off his premises and when they refused to go, shot six times at Stump, inflicting four wounds. Stump was also armed and fired one shot. McVicker gave himself up to Constable Skinner.

Pecos Valley Road Extension.

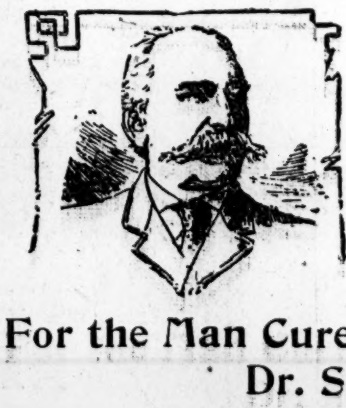
SANTA FE (N. M.) Jan. 31.—A special from New York to the New Mexican says J. J. Hagerman of Colorado Springs and E. O. Faulkner, receiver of the Pecos Valley Railroad, have succeeded in securing $2,500,000 for the extension of the Pecos Valley road from Roswell, N. M., to Washburn, Tex., where it will connect with the Santa Fé system and Union Pacific, Denver and Gulf. The extension will be 215 miles in length.

New Jersey's Governor Resigns.

TRENTON (N. J.) Jan. 31.—Gov. Griggs tonight sent to both houses of the Legislature a communication, giving notice that he had filed his resignation with the Secretary of State, to take effect at midnight. The two houses then passed a resolution providing that President Voodhies of the Senate should take the oath of office as acting Governor tomorrow.

Fell Out of a Bucket.

ANGELS CAMP, Jan. 31.—Fred Chapman was instantly killed in the Bolitho mine last night. He fell fifty feet from a bucket to the bottom of the shaft. How the accident occurred is not known.



KLONDIKE
HAS NO
TERRORS

For the Man Cured of Varicocele and Weakness by Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt.

Varicocele makes a coward of a man. It drags on him. It tears down his vitality. It unfits him for work, and such an undertaking as a Klondike trip is impossible with such a weakness. No man can do himself justice while this ailment is dragging his life out. Cure it early. Cure it now.

1000 CURED BY DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT.

Mr. L. L. Jaccard, formerly a jeweler at San Leandro, Cal., recently went to Klondike, and made the statement: "Your Dr. Sanden Belt has cured a varicocele and weakness of twenty-six years' standing for me, and though I am 51 years old I feel able to make my way with any young man."

It Cures When All Else Fails.

Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt has cured 1000 cases of Varicocele during the past year. The book, "Three Classes of Men," is full of proof. Call or send for it, free. Consultation and test of Belt at office, free. Call or address

DR. A. T. SANDEN, 204 S. Broadway, cor. Second St., Los Angeles, Cal.
OFFICE HOURS—8 to 6; evenings, 7 to 8; Sundays, 10 to 1.
SPECIAL NOTICE—Dr. Sanden's Office is Up Stairs. His Belts cannot be bought in drug stores

City Briefs.

Divine Healer Schrader is in the city stopping at Hotel Brunswick, Nos. 235 and 237 East Second street. All who desire treatment should call at once.

Los Angeles Academy (military) near Westlake. Midwinter classes in Mathematics, Latin, etc., now forming. Second half year begins February 1.

A. B. Le Munich will be in the city for one month at No. 825 South Los Angeles street. He has Watsonville apples for the wholesale trade.

The fine entertainment given last night at the First Christian Church will be repeated tonight. Admission, 15 cents.

Special—Finest cabinet photos reduced to $1 and $1.75 per dozen. Sunbeam, No. 256 South Main street.

C. D. Howry forwarded the remains of J. B. Winship to San Diego yesterday for interment.

See Trinidad Rubber Company's notice on page 12.

The pay car on the Santa Fé road arrives today. It will leave over $100,000 among the employés residing here.

Mrs. Ida Vogel, who recently attempted to commit suicide while demented, died yesterday in the County Hospital of heart disease.

The Pioneers of Los Angeles County will meet in Caledonia Hall, No. 119½ South Spring street, this evening at 7:30 o'clock. Reminiscences, music and stories.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for the following: W. C. Wolfe, P. C. Jeffers, Eugene Heaton, Charles Stanley and G. W. Conroy.

Funeral services were held yesterday over the late Mrs. Melissa J. Ransom, who was murdered on Spring street last week by C. H. Arthur. The woman's parents were not present.

D. D. Livingston, an employé on the Southern Pacific Railway, had a finger smashed yesterday morning between two cars. The member was treated by Dr. Hagan at the Receiving Hospital.

The man who was picked up near the railroad track on the desert last Sunday has been identified as John Swor of Randsburg. He had fallen from a train, and his arm was broken. He is still delirious.

Peter McIntosh, 12 years of age, slipped on a bananna skin and fell to the sidewalk on Bellevue avenue, yesterday morning, fracturing his left arm. Dr. Hagan set the injured member at the Receiving Hospital and the boy went home.

The Midwinter Number of The Times contains a condensed review of the whole mining situation in California; annual output of gold, late discoveries of fresh mines, and other matters of interest to those who wish to keep up with the progress of the State.

The Board of Trade is in receipt of an invitation from Capt. Charles H. Howland, chairman of the Reception Committee, inviting the members of the board to be present at the formal opening of the new armory of the National Guard on next Monday evening.

IN THEIR NEW HOME.

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS HAVE A BUSINESS MEETING.

New Committees for the Ensuing Year—A Produce Exchange May Be Established for the Farmers.

The new quarters of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association at No. 140 South Main street are as handsome rooms, in regard to the display of home products, as were ever fitted up in these United States. The association is comfortably and conveniently housed, and, with the display at its command, will undoubtedly aid no little in building up the business of the city.

At the meeting of the board of directors of the association held last evening, the special committee appointed by the farmers' clubs to confer with this association regarding the establishment of a produce exchange, was present.

Prof. Sprague stated that the producers of Southern California greatly appreciate the efforts of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association to establish reliable market reports of the produce of this section and that the farmers realize that such an exchange would be of great benefit to them as well as to the commission merchants.

A committee from the association, consisting of Max Meyberg, Frank Simpson and H. P. Anderson was appointed to meet with the committee from the Farmers' Clubs for the purpose of formulating a plan of action. The two committees will meet next Tuesday morning at 10 at the Hall of Industry.

The invitation to be present at the opening of the new Armory on Monday evening next was accepted with thanks and the board of directors decided to attend in a body.

A resolution of respect was passed in memory of T. D. Stimson and setting forth that, by his demise, this city has sustained a serious loss. A committee was appointed to present the resolution at the next meeting of the association.

The following new members were elected: C. L. Hanson, Golden Brand Hygienic Coffee Company.

President Baker announced the appointment of the following standing committees:

Public Improvements—J. J. Bergin, J. S. Salkey, G. J. Griffith, F. K. Rule, D. W. Kirkland.

Municipal Affairs—A. C. Jones, A. C. Bilicke, F. W. King, H. Jevne, James Montgomery.

Transportation—George Boole, E. A. Stuart, F. W. Braun, J. O. Koeffli, M. H. Newmark.

Trade and Commerce — J. M. Schneider, C. B. Boothe, M. W. Stewart, George Wigmore, H. W. Frank.

Manufacturers—Max Meyberg, N. Bonfilz, B. Erckenbrecher, J. G. McKinney, A. Douglass.

Grievances—S. G. Marshutz, F. E. Fay, Joseph Maier.

Statistics—Carl Triest, E. S. Sullivan, R. H. Hunt.

Membership—C. C. Desmond, H. P. Anderson, R. W. Pridham.

Finance—Frank Simpson, R. W. Burnham, J. J. Bergin.

Exhibition—R. H. Herron, R. W. Burnham, J. M. Schneider, Frank Simpson, C. C. Desmond.

Investments—H. J. Fleishman, R. W. Burnham, K. Cohn.

PERSONALS.

F. L. Moore, president of the Western Commercial Company, has gone East.

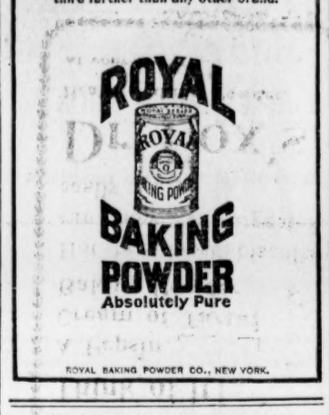
Hon. T. D. Mott has been confined to his home for the last two weeks with a severe attack of la grippe.

H. K. Gregory, assistant general passenger agent of the Santa Fé, is on the sick list. He is confined to his home with a severe cold.

NEARLY HALF RATES EAST.
We ship household goods in mixed car lots. The Van and Storage Co., 436 S. Spring st.

FINE Zinfandel, 200 gal. Tel. 309. T. Vache & Co., Commercial and Alameda streets.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

The Same Old Boyce.

A New York dispatch to a San Francisco paper says:

H. H. Boyce, formerly of Los Angeles, Cal., who was accused before the Investigating Committee in Columbus, O., with having been concerned in alleged bribery in connection with Senator Hanna's election, has disappeared, and a crowd of angry creditors are making efforts to find him. Boyce was the lessee of the Von Hoffman apartment house in this city, which is owned by Mrs. Margaret Todd, and for several days persons trying to collect bills have been calling there inquiring for Boyce. Boyce's creditors include all the employé of the apartment house, as well as Mrs. Todd, who has taken charge of the property and placed a manager in control. Boyce lived in Los Angeles about ten years ago and was manager of the Morning Tribune, now defunct.

The Laughlin Building.

Homer Laughlin, the enterprising builder of the splendid fire-proof building on Broadway, which is well under way and will be completed during the early part of this year, has leased to the Coulter Dry Goods Company the entire first floor, 102 feet front by 120 feet deep. Upon completion, it is to be occupied by that company as a modern, up-to-date dry-goods establishment, and it is the announced intention of the lessees to make it one of the foremost mercantile establishments in California. Besides the space rented, Mr. Laughlin is prepared to provide still more room to these merchants in the rear of his present structure, whenever the same may be wanted. This is another notable step in the development of Broadway as a business street.

Licensed to Wed.

John R. Souks, 34 years of age, and a native of Illinois, and Saloma Machado, 29 years of age, and a native of California; both are residents of Los Angeles.

Christopher Dahlberg, 32 years of age and a native of Sweden, and Matilda Augusta Drover, 26 years of age, and a native of Kansas; both are residents of Pomona.

Thomas Kaine, 45 years of age, and a native of Ireland, and Mary Roche, 37 years of age, also a native of Ireland; both are residents of Los Angeles.

James O'Connor, 21 years of age, and a native of Scotland, and Matilda John, 18 years of age, and a native of California; both are residents of Los Angeles.

Allen Edwin Thompson, 42 years of age, a native of Canada, and a resident of Los Angeles, and Emma Jane Burwash, 26 years of age, also a native of Canada, and a resident of Cerritos.

DEATH RECORD.

VOGEL—In this city, January 31, 1898, Ida Vogel, beloved wife of Otto Vogel, a native of New York, aged 31 years.

Funeral will take place Wednesday, February 2, at 3 p.m. from the parlors of Booth & Boylson, 256 South Main. Friends and acquaintances invited.

BARROW—In this city, January 29, 1898, Edwin Barrow, a native of Illinois, 29 years of age, son of Ireby Barrow.

SMITH—At the residence of his brother, E. V. Smith, No. 214 Boyd st., January 30, 1898, Milo M. Smith, formerly of Cherokee, Iowa, and Sioux Falls, South Dakota, aged 43 years.

The funeral service will be held at the parlors of Kregelo & Bresee, corner Broadway and Sixth streets, this (Tuesday) at 10 o'clock. Friends invited. Interment Rosedale.

NEARING THE END.

The Times' Unprecedented Century Club Offer to be Soon Withdrawn.

Readers of The Times who have been watching the progress of our Century Club offer will notice elsewhere in this issue that the proposition will be early withdrawn. As soon as the few sets now available are subscribed for the present farovable arrangement, which has been eagerly and thankfully taken advantage of by several hundred of our readers, will cease to be, and the final curtain will be drawn. We have already received from the Century Company all of the Century Dictionary and Cyclopedia sets that constitute the allotted number, and when fortunate subscribers claim these, we will be compelled to decline further subscriptions. When we first announced the enterprise we figured that it would run till March 15, but it was far too good to last nearly that long. It has proven a great offer, not only on account of the low price and convenient terms, but because the Century is undoubtedly a wonderful collection of the most useful information obtainable. No matter what other books a library may contain (using the words of President Jordan of Stanford University,) "The Century is a real necessity." Regardless of what may be a man's profession or business, he will not only find the Century a useful work, in the sense that all good books are useful, but he will find it a help to him in his every-day affairs. Mr. J. S. Salkey of the Parisian Cloak and Suit Store, in substance, says that a business man will find more business phrases in the Century than he ever knew or ever expected to know. All owners of this great work unhesitatingly claim that it is not only the best, but that there is no other like it.

The conducting of our Century Club has been a great source of pleasure to the Times management, and our only regret will be when the sets are exhausted.

MAX WASSMAN, dentist, has removed from room 12, Downey Block, to rooms 225 and 227 Potomac Block, Broadway, between Second and Third streets.

LOS ANGELES TRANSFER CO.
Will check baggage at your residence to any point. 218 W. First street. Tel. M. 249.

WATCHES cleaned, 75c; mainsprings, 50c; crystals, 10c. Patton, No. 214 South Broadway.

Think of It!
A Pepsin
Cream of Tartar
Baking Powder.
Hot bread and biscuits can now be digested easily.
Dr. Fox's
Health Baking Powder.
At your grocer's.

Great Specials...
Great because the prices are small; great because they can be matched in no other Los Angeles store.

Sombreros or Cowboy Hats with leather bands	25c
English Felt Dress Shapes, in black and colors, for	23c
Choice of any dress shape in the house for only	48c
English Felt Turbans assorted colors, for only	14c
All 98c Walking Hats now go for only	49c

Quills, assorted colors, for 4c.
Choice Fancy Birds and Feathers 47c.
25c Fancy Ribbons, now for 14c.
And so on all down the line.

THE WONDER MILLINERY,
Meyer Bros.,
Successor to Lud Zobel & Co.
219 S. Spring St.

Seth Thomas Clocks..
The oldest and most reliable Clock on the market. We have them in many different styles for the mantel, and also the famous ECHO Alarm, which we sell for $1.25.
DONAVAN & CO.,
Jewelers and Silversmiths.
245 SOUTH SPRING STREET.
Same store with Marshutz, optician.

Copper River
GET READY!
Str. Alice Blanchard sails from San Pedro Feb. 10, direct to Dyea, Skaguay and Copper River. Fare $100.
$200 Outfit
Come and see a sample in our windows—
Clothes, Grub, Everything
WM. H. HOEGEE,
130, 132 and 136
SOUTH MAIN STREET.
'Phone Main 658



That Tired Feeling
Will not come over you after you have compared prices in
Furniture, Carpets and Draperies
If they were purchased at
BARKER BROS.
250-2-4 S. Spring St.,
Stimson Block, Los Angeles.

EXIT == Shoes
Every pair of Shoes in this store has been reduced all the way from $1 to $2.50 a pair.
Before any reduction whatever was made the Shoes were as good or better value than any offered in the city.
In the sense of being mean, there is not a cheap pair of shoes in the lot. In the sense of quality-for-price, every pair is cheap.
$2.90, $3.90 and $5 for Shoes that were $4, $5 and $7—all on the famous Gibson Model Last and the very latest style.
There is not a store in Los Angeles where a man can buy a pair of Shoes today as cheap as they are sold here.
214 West Third St. Mr. Gibson 214 West Third St.



This Much EXTRA!
PIPER HEIDSIECK
PLUG TOBACCO
(CHAMPAGNE FLAVOR)
INCREASED IN SIZE 40%
The picture shows the exact increase that has been added to the 5-cent No increase in price
The biggest bargain in tobacco to-day is one of these new pieces of PIPER HEIDSIECK. Try one.



If we could
Paint this page
With the colors of these Hats, the whole range of proper shades from black to light pearl would be depicted. No one would be undesirable from fashion's standpoint. But the price. It's no more than you'd expect to pay for doubtful qualities.
$1.65 for Hats usually sold at $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50.
Fedoras and Stiff Hats for young men of fashion's 400, for business men of stylish trend and old men of settled likings. The above is only an incident of the
Great Maze Sale which brings to you not only the entire stock of 'Frisco's popular department store, but it brings exceptional prices from every department of the Greater People's Store.

Men's $20 Navy Serge Suits at $11.50	10c Wrapper Flannelettes at 6¼c	15c yard length Veilings at 5c	35c Table Damasks at 23c
35c all-wool checked Suiting at 19c	60c to 75c Fancy Silk at 35c	100 Smyrna Mats, 18x36, at 79c	$3 Chenille Portieres, with complete fixtures, at $1.50
$7.50 Black Jackets at $2.98	$1.00 New Shirt Waists at 48c	Men's $5 French Calf Shoes at $2.55	Women's $5 Vici Kid Shoes at $3.25
$1.25 Real Kid Gloves at 59c	10c Embr'd Handkerchiefs at 5c	1½c package Note Paper at 8⅓c	20c Wire Hair Brushes at 10c
$12.50 100-piece Dinner Sets at $8.75	$2.50 Bissell Carpet Sweeper at $1.95	Galvanized Garbage Can at 45c	Boys' $2.00 Suits at $1.25
Men's 15c Hosiery at 8⅓c	85c Serge Umbrellas at 69c	65c Muslin Gowns at 39c	80c Muslin Drawers at 19c

A. HAMBURGER & SONS
THE GREATER PEOPLE'S STORE
LOS ANGELES

SWELL SUITS at SHRUNKEN PRICES.
We have decided to continue the special sale of men's high-grade winter suits, for the balance of this week, to make complete clearance of them. The lots are very small and sizes are broken, but not so badly broken as the prices:
$25, $22, $20 Suits at $18.75
$18 Suits at $15.75
$15 Suits at $12.75
A few very choice suits for extra stout men included in this sale.
Mullen & Bluett Clothing Co.,
N. W. Cor. First and Spring Sts.

Grimes Stassforth Stationery Co.
Labor Saved===Money Made.
The modern office should have modern conveniences. The modern business man appreciates the fact that modern office supplies mean a great saving of time, labor and money. We carry in stock every GOOD office appliance.
306 South Spring St., Henne Building, near cor. Third St.



Red Letter Sale
Four Days More and===the End.
Only one more announcement will appear concerning this sale. On Saturday night at six o'clock our "Red Letter Sale" will close. We announce the hour four days in advance that you may have ample time to make furniture purchases at present prices. We wish to emphasize the point that
No Goods Will Be Sold Next Week at "Red Letter" Prices.
You will be disappointed if you wait. The time to buy your furniture is within the next four days if you can command the cash. It is important that as many buyers attend the sale today in order that the rush of the last hours may be avoided.
Los Angeles Furniture Co., 225-227-229 S. Broadway, opp. City Hall.